

CRAFTING LIFESCAPE TO EXCELLENCE

ANNUAL REPORT 2022
Form 56-1 One Report



MAJOR
DEVELOPMENT

HAMPTON
• Thonglor 10 •

2002

MANHATTAN
CHIDLOM

2005

WIND
Sukhumvit 23

2006

MARBLE KESH
HUA HIN RESIDENCES

REFLECTION
JOMTIEN BEACH PATTAYA

2008

THE MARVEL RESIDENCE
THONGLOR 5

MANOR
SANAMBINNAM

M
LADPRAO

M
PHYATHAI

2011

MAESTRO 14
SIAM-RATCHATHEWI

MAESTRO 03
RATCHADA-RAMA 9

MAESTRO 01
SATHORN-YENAKAT

2015

MUNIQ
SUKHUMVIT 23

MAESTRO 07
VICTORY MONUMENT

2016

MAVEN
STYLISH HOTEL
RANGSIT

MIELER
Sukhumvit 40

MARVEST
HUA HIN

MUNIQ
LANGSUAN

2018

MAVEN
STYLISH HOTEL
HUA HIN

2020

MAYFIELD
PINKLAO

2022

2004

WIND
Ratchayothin

WATER MARK
Chao Phraya River

FULLERTON
Sukhumvit

2007

mykonos
CONDOMINIUM HUA HIN

AGUSTON
Sukhumvit 22

2009

Collezio
Sathorn-Dipat

ROYCE
PRIVATE RESIDENCES

2010

EQUINOX

M
SILOM

2013

MAESTRO 02
RUAMRUDEE

JATUJAK
M

M
THONGLOR 10

CHIC
HOME OFFICE

MAESTRO 12
RATCHATHEWI

MARQUE
SUKHUMVIT

MAESTRO 39
SUKHUMVIT 39

2014

2017

LIVE MORE
MARU
LADPRAO 15

LIVE MORE
MARU
EKKAMAI 2

METRIS
RAMA 9-RAMKUMHANG

METRIS
LADPRAO

MAESTRO 19
RATCHADA 19-VIPHA

2019

MALTON
PRIVATE RESIDENCES
Sukhumvit 31

MALTON
PRIVATE RESIDENCES
Ari

MAVISTA
KRUNGTHEP KREETHA

METRIS
PATTANAKARN-EKKAMAI

2021

MALTON
GATES
KRUNGTHEP KREETHA

METRIS
DISTRICT
LADPRAO







Awards



2008

CHARRIOR GENEVE PRESENTS
LIVING AWARD 2008
THE WINNER OF BEST DESIGNED PROPERTY

2017

THAILAND PROPERTY AWARDS
BEST ULTRA LUXURY CONDO DEVELOPMENT
(THAILAND) MARQUE SUKHUMVIT

2014

THAILAND PROPERTY AWARDS 2014
BEST DEVELOPER (THAILAND)

THAILAND PROPERTY AWARDS
BEST CONDO DEVELOPMENT (THAILAND)
MARQUE SUKHUMVIT

**SOUTH EAST ASIA
PROPERTY AWARDS 2014**
BEST DEVELOPER (THAILAND)

2020

ASIA PACIFIC PROPERTY AWARDS
MIXED USE ARCHITECTURE AWARD
METRIS RAMA 9 – RAMKHAMHAENG
AND MAJOR TOWER RAMA 9 – RAMKHAMHAENG

2015

ASIA PACIFIC PROPERTY AWARDS
HIGHLY COMMENDED RESIDENTIAL
HIGH-RISE DEVELOPMENT THAILAND
MARQUE SUKHUMVIT

**THAILAND LABOUR MANAGEMENT
EXCELLENCE AWARD 2020**

**AGENCY FOR REAL ESTATE
AFFAIRS AWARDS**
BEST CONDOMINIUM DEVELOPMENT
MANOR SANAMBINNAM

2021

**THAILAND LABOUR MANAGEMENT
EXCELLENCE AWARD 2021**

2016

THAILAND PROPERTY AWARDS 2016
REAL ESTATE PERSONALITY OF THE YEAR
DR. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS
MANAGING DIRECTOR

2022

BAAN LAE SUAN PETS AWARDS 2022
BEST PET-FRIENDLY PROPERTY
DEVELOPER OF THE YEAR

**THINK OF LIVING.COM
PEOPLE'S CHOICE AWARDS
THAILAND 2016**
EDITOR'S CHOICE Muniq SUKHUMVIT 23

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VISION
TOP OF CLASS

Changing the paradigm of high end living to well-designed luxury living with style indulgence. Major Development heightens the design concept to celebrate the aesthetic elements on top of perfect features integrating function with distinctive taste & style

MISSION
**TRULY PROFESSIONAL
INTEGRATED
REAL ESTATE SOLUTIONS**

- To construct every property with vision to match your desire and for a timeless value, through the iconic architecture and aesthetically functional design.
- To provide great services aiming to exceed customer satisfaction by managing and maintaining good condition of property facilities which will increase asset value for high capital gain.
- To develop and manage hospitality product that serves the business and boutique lifestyle requirement in the strategic locations.
- To be an expert that provide exclusive consultancy services regarding various types of assets.



MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Although the global economic and political landscape remains uncertain, with trade tensions and volatility in energy and food prices affecting the Thai economy, there are encouraging signs of continued recovery in tourism in some regions. At Major Development, we see many opportunities, but we remain cautious and plan our business carefully in all aspects.

At Major Development, we believe that in every crisis, there is an opportunity to change for the better. We are prepared to expand into new business areas that respond to the trend of increased demand for health-related products and services. While this may be a new direction for us, we are committed to delivering the highest quality, paying attention to every detail, and delivering trust and success in all of our businesses and services.

In terms of our core real estate business, we are ready to launch new projects developed to meet the current lifestyle needs and environmental factors of urban dwellers. Every project is carefully crafted to deliver sustainable value through the MAJOR CRAFT & QUALITY standard, providing confidence to homeowners and condominium owners within the Major Development Group, which has been successful for over 2 decades.

The unique aspect of the Major Development brand extends to its leadership in pet-friendly condominium projects, achieved through the development of functions for co-living with pets and the provision of activities that create continuous moments of happiness between people and their beloved pets throughout the year, making it the No.1 Pet-Friendly Residences in Thailand.

Furthermore, Major Development remains committed to sustainable social and environmental responsibility, particularly in mitigating environmental impacts from construction. This includes wastewater treatment, filtering of particulate matter, and the selection of environmentally friendly materials. Because we, at Major Development, constantly strive to create new value for sustainable living.

"MAJOR DEVELOPMENT CRAFTING LIFESCAPE TO EXCELLENCE"

Miss Petrada Poolvorak

The Chief Executive Officer

Major Development Public Company Limited

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



01 Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks

- Chairman of the Board
- Chairman of the Executive Committee

03 Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks

- Director
- Executive Director
- Managing Director

02 Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks

- Director
- Executive Director
- Chief Executive Officer

04 Ms. Natha Kittiakson

- Director
- Executive Director
- Chief Financial Officer

05 Mr. Chanin Roongsang

- Independent Director
- Chairman of the Audit Committee

07 Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha

- Independent Director
- The Audit Committee

06 Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch

- Independent Director
- The Audit Committee

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FINANCIAL RATIO	2022	2021	2022
Total Assets	16,466.62	15,966.70	18,763.40
Total Liabilities	11,506.69	10,656.82	13,109.89
Shareholders' equity	4,959.92	5,309.89	5,653.50
Total revenues	2,981.97	4,443.41	7,443.81
Total expenses	3,017.07	4,202.01	6,792.26
Net Profit (Loss)	(370.40)	(353.26)	199.34
Gross Profit Margin ^{1/} (Percentage)	29.02	32.25	27.88
Operating Profit (Loss) Margin (Percentage)	3.59	5.56	10.35
Net Profit (Loss) Margin (Percentage)	-11.84	-7.94	2.63
Return on Equity (Percentage)	2.19	4.51	14.12
Debt-to-Equity Ratio ^{2/} (Times) (According to the terms of the debenture rights)	1.84	1.64	1.60
Liquidity Ratio (Times)	1.85	1.71	1.56
Quick Liquidity Ratio ^{3/} (Times)	0.39	0.24	0.39
Interest Coverage Ratio (ICR) ^{4/} (Times)	0.44	0.63	1.87
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) ^{5/} (Times)	0.06	0.10	0.18
Debt to Equity Ratio (D/E) (Times)	2.32	2.01	2.32
Interest Bearing Debt to Equity ^{6/} (Times)	2.04	1.74	1.87
Interest-Bearing Debt to Profit before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization Ratio ^{7/} (Times)	46.04	24.95	11.53
BE Size to Interest Bearing Debt Ratio (Times)	0.00	0.02	0.00
Interest-Bearing Debt Maturing within 1 Year to Total Interest-Bearing Debt Ratio (Percentage)	35.46	40.09	48.05
Loans From Financial Institutions to Total Liabilities Ratio (Percentage)	35.90	27.59	32.21
Loans From Financial Institutions to Interest-Bearing Debt Ratio (Percentage)	40.78	31.84	39.86
Debt Instrument to Interest-Bearing Debt Ratio (Percentage)	57.42	67.83	59.79
Other Interest-Bearing Debt to Interest-Bearing Debt (Percentage)	1.80	0.33	0.35

Remark:

1/ Only main revenue means the sales revenue of units in real estate projects, revenue from hotel business, administrative revenue, and service rental revenue.

2/ The term means liabilities according to the consolidated financial statements with interest obligations (but not including trade debt, money received in advance and/or any debt without interest and/or loans from related persons and/or juristic persons) deduct cash and/or cash equivalents and/or short-term investment and/or investments in trading securities. The Company is obligated to comply with the terms and conditions governing the rights and obligations of the debenture issuer and debenture holders, which must maintain the ratio of net debt-to-equity throughout the life of the debentures in the consolidated financial statements of the debenture issuer that have been audited by the auditor of the debenture issuer. The ratio is not exceeding 3.5 : 1 at the end of the fiscal year.

3/ Calculation formula: (Cash and cash equivalents + trade accounts receivable and other receivable)/current liabilities

4/ Calculation formula: Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization/interest payable

5/ Calculation formula: Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization / (short - term interest - bearing debt + long-term interest bearing debt maturing within 1 year)

6/ Calculation formula: Total liabilities / shareholder's equity (requirements of loan ratio from commercial banks)

7/ Calculation formula: Interest - bearing debt / profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization





MAYFIELD PINKLAO

Location: Borommaratchachonnani Soi 6

Unit: 68 units

Project Value: 1,069 million baht



MARU EKKAMAI 2

Location: Ekkamai Road
Unit: 333 units
Project Value: 2,564 million baht

MARU LADPRAO 15

Location: Ladprao Road

Unit: 332 units

Project Valus: 1,712 million baht

MARU
LADPRAO 15



MUNIQ LANGSUAN

Location: Soi Ton Son
Unit: 166 units
Project Value: 3,750 million baht



MUNIQ SUKHUMVIT 23

Location: Soi Sukhumvit 23

Unit: 201 units

Project Value: 2,461 million baht



MARQUE SUKHUMVIT

Location: Sukhumvit Road
Unit: 148 units
Project Value: 7,598 million baht

MARQUE
SUKHUMVIT





MANOR SANAMBINNAM

Location: Sanambinnam Road

Unit: 1,797 units

Project Value: 4,758 million baht

M JATUJAK

Location: Soi Phahon Yothin 18

Unit: Building A, 459 units | Building B, 405 ๒ุณิต

Project Value: 4,436 million baht



METRIS LADPRAO

Location: Ladprao Road

Unit: 193 units

Project Value: 880 million baht

METRIS
LADPRAO





METRIS PATTANAKARN - EKKAMAI

Location: Pattanakarn Road
Unit: 341 units
Project Value: 1,204 million baht



METRIS RAMA 9 - RAMKHAMHAENG

Location: Ramkhamhaeng Road

Unit: 570 units

Project Value: 2,250 million baht

METRIS
RAMA 9-RAMKUMHANG

METRIS DISTRICT LADPRAO

Location: Ladprao Road

Unit: 741 units

Project Value: 3,057 million baht

METRIS
DISTRICT
LADPRAO



MIELER SUKHUMVIT 40

Location: Soi Sukhumvit 40
Unit: 24 units
Project Value: 330 million baht



MAESTRO 01 SATHORN - YENAKAT

Location: Yenakat Road

Unit: 88 units

Project Value: 700 million baht


MAESTRO 01
SATHORN-YENAKAT



MAESTRO 03 RATCHADA - RAMA 9

Location: Soi Ratchada Phisek 3

Unit: 335 units

Project Value: 1,644 million baht



MAESTRO 19 RATCHADA 19 - VIPHA

Location: Soi Ratchada Phisek 19

Unit: 560 units

Project Value: 2,085 million baht



CHIC DISTRICT RAM 53

Location: Ramkhamhaeng 53
Project Value: 594 million baht



MAVISTA PRESTIGE VILLAGE KRUNGTHEP KREETHA

Location: Krungthep Kreetha Road

Unit: 14 units

Project Value: 1,187 million baht





MALTON PRIVATE RESIDENCES ARI

Location: Phahon Yothin 8 (Soi Sai Lom)

Unit: 8 units

Project Value: 699 million baht

MALTON PRIVATE RESIDENCES SUKHUMVIT 31

Location: Soi Si-Yak Sawasdee (Sukhumvit 31)

Unit: 7 units

Project Value: 408 million baht



MALTON GATES KRUNGTHEP KREETHA

Location: Srinagarindra - Rom Klao Road

Unit: 49 units

Project Value: 2,463 million baht



MARVEST HUA HIN

Location: Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan

Unit: 336 units

Project Value: 900 million baht



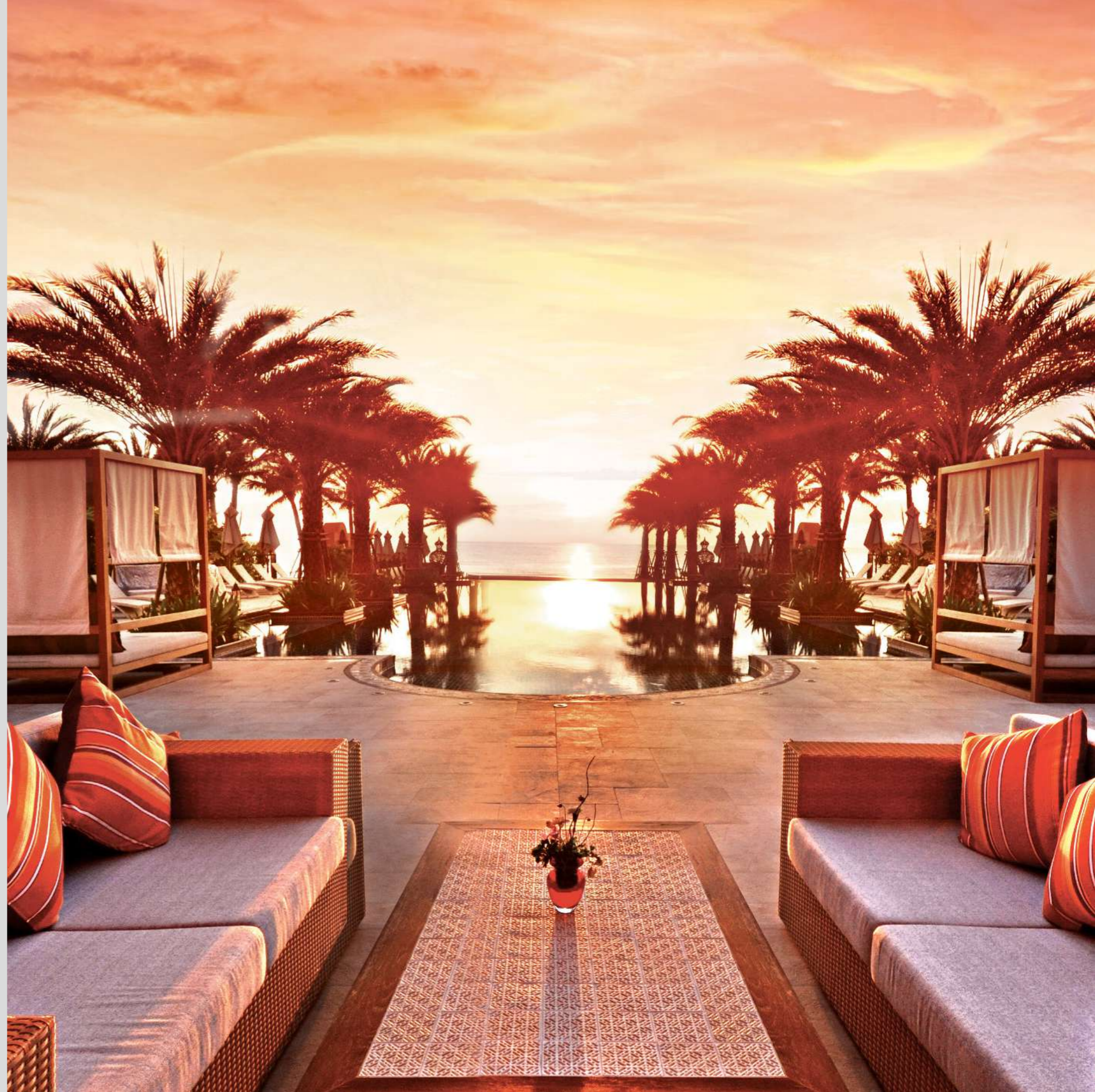
MARRAKESH HUA HIN RESORT & SPA

Location: Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan

Unit: 76 rooms

Project Value: 600 million baht

Marrakesh
hua-hin-resort & spa





MAVEN STYLISH HOTEL HUA HIN

Location: Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan

Unit: 59 rooms

Project Value: 355 million baht

MANOR AVENUE

Location: Sanambinnam Road
Project Value: 100 million baht





MAJOR TOWER RAMA 9 - RAMKHAMHAENG

Location: Ramkhamhaeng Road
Project Value: 1,450 million baht

BUSINESS
OPERATION
AND OPERATING
RESULTS



01

STRUCTURE AND OPERATIONS OF THE GROUP

Structure and Operations of the Group Policies and Overview of Business

Major Development Public Company Limited (the Company) was established on 14 July 1999 by Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks and Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks to operate a real estate business with an initial registered capital of 1 million baht. The Company developed the first condominium project in 2002, namely the Hampton Thonglor 10, a 30 floors high-end condominium project with a total of 73 units, with a project value of 950 million baht. In 2005, the Company registered as a public company. In 2007, the Company increased its registered capital to 700 million-baht listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand and authorized to trade securities.

Policy and business plan in 2022 and in the future, the Company will continue to focus on the high-end condominium projects development, which is the Company's main product which will adjust the product model to a price level suitable for the current purchasing power of the target customers. In addition, the Company has begun to develop projects into new segments such as middle-end condominiums and low-rise housing such as detached houses, townhomes, and home offices to increase the Company's product portfolio diversification. Adjust according to market demand and expand the base to more new customers.

Vision and Mission in The Company's operations

VISION TOP OF CLASS

Changing the paradigm of high end living to well-designed luxury living with style indulgence. Major Development heightens the design concept to celebrate the aesthetic elements on top of perfect features integrating function with distinctive taste & style.

MISSION TRULY PROFESSIONAL INTEGRATED REAL ESTATE SOLUTIONS

- To construct every property with vision to match your desire and for a timeless value, through the iconic architecture and aesthetically functional design.
- To provide great services aiming to exceed customer satisfaction by managing and maintaining good condition of property facilities which will increase asset value for high capital gain.
- To develop and manage hospitality product that serves the business and boutique lifestyle requirement in the strategic locations.
- To be an expert that provide exclusive consultancy services regarding various types of assets.



Key Changes and Development

2019

- Launched Metris Pattanakarn - Ekkamai, a 29-story high-rise condominium project totaling 341 units near Ramintra - At Narong Expressway.
- Launching the Malton Private Residences Sukhumvit 31 project, a 4-story super-luxury detached house project under the concept of "Homage to Harmony" with 7 units with 2 decoration styles which are Modern Classic & Modern Loft.
- Launching the Malton Private Residences Ari project, a 5-story super-luxury detached house project under the concept of "Homage to Harmony" with 8 units with 2 decoration styles which are French Colonial and Tropical Loft.
- Launched the Mavista Prestige Village Krungthep Kreetha project, a 3-story super-luxury detached house project totaling 14 units.

2021

- Established 3 new companies as follows:
 1. Peoplescape Company Limited, a subsidiary that operates a consulting business for organizational development personnel management and organizing training courses.
 2. MJV4 Company Limited, a subsidiary operating a real estate development business.
 3. Healthscape Company Limited, a subsidiary running a health business
- Invested in ordinary shares purchased in Techscape Company Limited, accounting for 51 percent of the registered capital as a joint venture. Operate the business of development and design of applications, and platforms, with the primary objective of investments to support the Group's operations.
- Launched the Metris District Ladprao project is a 45-story high-rise condominium project totaling 741 units, project value of 3,050 million baht.
- Launched the Malton Gates - Krungthep Kreetha project, a luxury detached house project totaling 49 units, project value of 2,100 million baht.

2020

- Established 2 new companies, namely MJV2 Company Limited, a subsidiary, and MJV3 Company Limited, a joint venture to expand the company's business in the long term.
- Established a new company, Major SPV One Company Limited, with Major Development Estate Company Limited, a subsidiary holding 99.99 percent, to support real estate development projects in the future.
- Launched Maven Stylish Hotel Hua Hin, a 4-star hotel with 59 rooms, project value of 355 million baht.

2022

- Launched the Mayfield Pinklao project, a luxury townhome project totaling 68 units, project value of 1,073 million baht.

Nature of Business Operations

Revenue Structure

Revenue Classification Table from operation of Group of Company in 2020 - 2022

Revenues	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Sales	2,371.71	79.54%	4,010.88	90.27%	6,677.50	89.71%
Revenues from hotel operations	177.08	5.94%	97.99	2.21%	155.70	2.09%
Management fee income	78.89	2.65%	96.39	2.17%	89.92	1.21%
Rental income	132.74	4.45%	92.68	2.09%	87.95	1.18%
Net gain from change in fair value of investment properties	134.48	4.51%	39.12	0.88%	108.81	1.46%
of investment properties	87.07	2.92%	106.35	2.39%	323.92	4.35%
Total revenues	2,981.97	100.00%	4,443.41	100.00%	7,443.81	100.00%

Characteristics of Business Operations of Each Product Line

1. Developing Real Estate for Sale Business

1.1 Characteristics of Products and Services

Property development business for sale is the Group's core business. The Company and subsidiaries operate real estate development for sale business in both high-rise and low-rise residential condominium projects, focusing on project development in Bangkok Metropolis and Vicinity. The potential area near the core transportation sources such as the electric train line or crucial business/residential districts, including condominium projects development in provincial areas that are main tourist attractions such as Prachuap Khiri Khan Province (Hua Hin), Chonburi Province (Pattaya), etc.

โครงการภายใต้การพัฒนาริษัทประกอบด้วย

Year	Project	Location
2002	HAMPTON THONGLOR 10	Soi Thonglor 10
2004	FULLERTON SUKHUMVIT	Sukhumvit Road
	WATERMARK CHAOPHRAYA RIVER	Between Charoen Nakhon Road, Soi 39 and Soi 41
	WIND RATCHAYOTHIN	Ratchayothin opposite to SCB Headquarter
2005	MANHATTAN CHIDLUM	Petchaburi Road
2006	WIND SUKHUMVIT 23	Soi Sukhumvit 23
2007	AGUSTON SUKHUMVIT 22	Soi Sukhumvit 22
	MYKONOS HUAHIN	Hua Hin
2008	REFLECTION JOMTIEN BEACH PATTAYA	Jomtien Beach, Pattaya
	MARRAKESH HUA HIN RESIDENCES	Hua Hin

Year	Project	Location
2009	ROYCE PRIVATE RESIDENCES	Soi Sukhumvit 31
	COLLEZIO SATHON - PIPAT	Sathon Road, Soi Phiphat 1
2010	M SILOM	Soi Narathiwatratchanakarin 2
	EQUINOX PHAHOL - VIBHA	Phahon Yothin Road – Vibhavadi Rangsit Road
2011	M PHYATHAI	Phaya Thai Road
	M LADPRAO	Phahon Yothin Road, opposite to Central Plaza Ladprao
	THE MARVEL RESIDENCE	Soi Thonglor 5
	MANOR SANAMBINNAM	Sanambinnam Road, Next to Ministry of Commerce
2013	MARQUE SUKHUMVIT	Sukhumvit Road opposite to The Emporium
	MAESTRO 39 SUKHUMVIT 39	Soi Sukhumvit 39
	MAESTRO 12 RATCHATHEWI	Petchaburi 12
	CHIC DISTRICT RAM 53	Ramkhamhaeng 53
2014	MAESTRO 02 RUAMRUDEE	Soi Ruamrudee 2
	M JATUJAK	Soi Phahon Yothin 18
	M THONGLOR 10	Soi Ekkamai 12
2015	MAESTRO 01 SATHORN - YENAKAT	Yenakat Road
	MAESTRO 03 RATCHADA - RAMA 9	Soi Ratchada Phisek 3 (Embassy of The People's Republic of China)
	MAESTRO 14 SIAM - RATCHATHEWI	Soi Petchburi 12
2016	MAESTRO 07 VICTORY MONUMENT	Soi Ratchawithi 7
	MUNIQ SUKHUMVIT 23	Soi Sukhumvit 23
2017	MAESTRO 19 RATCHADA19 - VIPHA	Soi Ratchada Phisek 19
	METRIS RAMA 9 - RAMKHAMHAENG	Ramkhamhaeng Road
	METRIS LADPRAO	Ladprao Road
	MARU EKKAMAI 2	Ekkamai Road
	MARU LADPRAO 15	Ladprao Road
2018	MUNIQ LANGSUAN	Soi Tonson
	MIELER SUKHUMVIT 40	Soi Sukhumvit 40
	MARVEST HUA HIN	Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan

Year	Project	Location
2019	METRIS PATTANAKARN	Pattanakarn Road
	MALTON PRIVATE RESIDENCES SUKHUMVIT 31	Soi Si-Yak Sawasdee (Sukhumvit 31)
	MALTON PRIVATE RESIDENCES ARI	Phahon Yothin 8 (Soi Sai Lom)
	MAVISTA PRESTIGE VILLAGE KRUNGTHEP KREETHA	Krungthep Kreetha Road
2021	METRIS DISTRICT LADPRAO	Ladprao Road
	MALTON GATES – KRUNGTHEP KREETHA	Srinagarindra - Rom Klao Road
2022	MAYFIELD PINKLAO	Borommaratchachonnani Soi 6

As of 31 December 2022, the Group has completed and under construction projects as follows:

Condominium Projects

Project Name	Location	Project Value (Million Baht)	Units	Selling Area (SQ.M.)	Project Status	Expected to be Completed
AGUSTON SUKHUMVIT 22	Sukhumvit 22	2,345	251	21,713	Ready to move in	-
MANOR SANAMBINNAM	Sanambinnam Road, Next to Ministry of Commerce	4,578	1,848	65,554	Ready to move in	-
M JATUJAK ^{/1}	Phaholyothin road near BTS Mo Chit and Saphan Kwai, MRT Kamphaeng Phet and Chatuchak	4,436	864	32,415	Ready to move in	-
MAESTRO 01 SATHORN - YENAKAT ^{/1}	Soi Yenakat 1 - Sathorn	700	88	5,374	Ready to move in	-
MAESTRO 19 RATCHADA 19 - VIPHA ^{/1}	Soi Ratchada Phisek 19	2,085	560	19,350	Ready to move in	-
MARVEST HUA HIN ^{/5}	Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan	900	336	11,312	Ready to move in	-
MUNIQ SUKHUMVIT 23 ^{/2}	Soi Sukhumvit 23	2,461	201	11,846	Ready to move in	-
METRIS RAMA 9 - RAMKHAMHAENG ^{/1}	Ramkhamhaeng Road	2,250	570	21,423	Ready to move in	-
METRIS LADPRAO ^{/1}	Ladprao Road	880	193	12,881	Ready to move in	-
MARU EKKAMAI 2 ^{/3}	Ekkamai Road	2,564	333	13,762	Ready to move in	-
MARU LADPRAO 15 ^{/3}	Ladprao Road	1,712	332	12,882	Ready to move in	-

Project Name	Location	Project Value (Million Baht)	Units	Selling Area (SQ.M.)	Project Status	Expected to be Completed
METRIS PATTANAKARN - EKKAMAI ^{/1}	Pattanakam Road	1,204	341	12,585	Ready to move in	-
MUNIQ LANGSUAN ^{/4}	Soi Ton Son	3,750	166	13,177	Ready to move in	-
METRIS DISTRICT LADPRAO ^{/6}	Ladprao Road	3,057	741	24,857	Under construction	Q3/2024

Home Office & Housing Projects

Project Name	Location	Project Value (Million Baht)	Units	Selling Area (Rai)	Project Status	Expected to be Completed
MALTON PRIVATE RESIDENCES ARI ^{/1}	Phahon Yothin 8 (Soi Sai Lom)	699	8	1-1-97.7	Ready to move in	-
MALTON GATES – KRUNGTHEP KREETHA ^{/1}	Srinagarindra - Rom Klao Road	2,463	49	1-3-41	Under construction	Q1/2023
MAYFIELD PINKLAO ^{/7}	Borommaratchachonnani Soi 6	1,069	68	8-2-45	Under construction	Q2/2024

หมายเหตุ : /1 Developed by Major Development Estate Co.,Ltd

/2 Developed by Major Residences Co.,Ltd (Joint Venture)

/3 Development by MJD Residences Co.,Ltd

/4 Development by MJD-JV1 Co.,Ltd (Joint Venture)

/5 Development by MJC Development Co.,Ltd

/6 Major SPV One Co.,Ltd

/7 MJV2 Co.,Ltd

1.2 Marketing, Competitive, and Industry Trends and Outlooks

a) Industry Trends and Outlooks

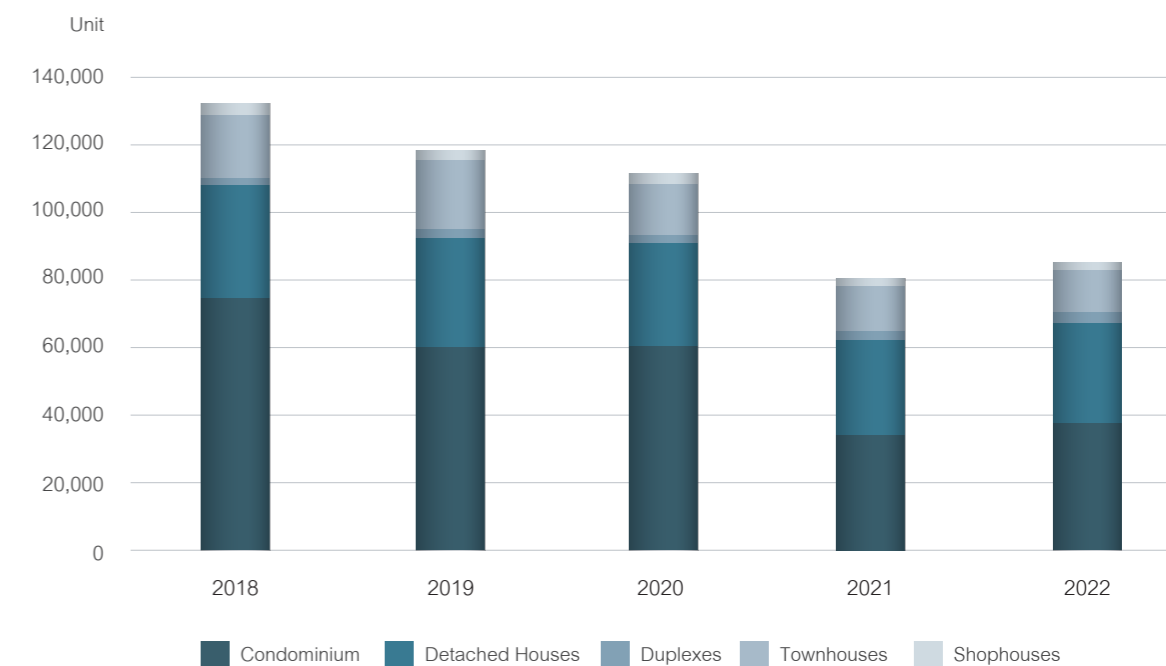
The residential property market started to recover in 2022 with various factors contributing to the positive signs, especially for the low-rise residential segment, which developers are focusing on to meet the demands of homebuyers for practical living space. This group of buyers, known as the "real demand" group, values living spaces that meet their lifestyle needs and accommodate new working arrangements that have emerged as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. Luxury townhomes and super-luxury townhomes have become increasingly popular, with new developments mainly concentrated in Bangkok's eastern suburbs, such as Krunthep Kreetha, Pathum Thani, Sri Nakarin, and Bang Na.

For the condominium market, developers remain cautious about launching new projects due to the market's continued impact from the economic slowdown and a decrease in

foreign buyers, especially Chinese buyers. Additionally, there is still an oversupply of unsold units from previously completed projects, causing developers to focus on clearing inventory and targeting domestic buyers through price strategies and reduced costs to help incentivize them to make purchasing decisions. This is to align with the end of the property transfer fee reduction measure in 2022.

In terms of completed and newly registered residential properties in Bangkok and its vicinity, the total number of units increased by 5.6% from the previous year, with a total of 85,353 units registered in 2022, compared to 80,837 units in 2021. The breakdown is as follows: 37,404 condominium units, an increase of 10.8%, 29,696 detached house units, an increase of 4.5%, 3,614 semi-detached house units, an increase of 11.3%, 12,028 townhouse units, a decrease of 6.6%, and 2,611 commercial building units, an increase of 2.8%.

Newly Completed and Registered Housing Units in Bangkok and Vicinities



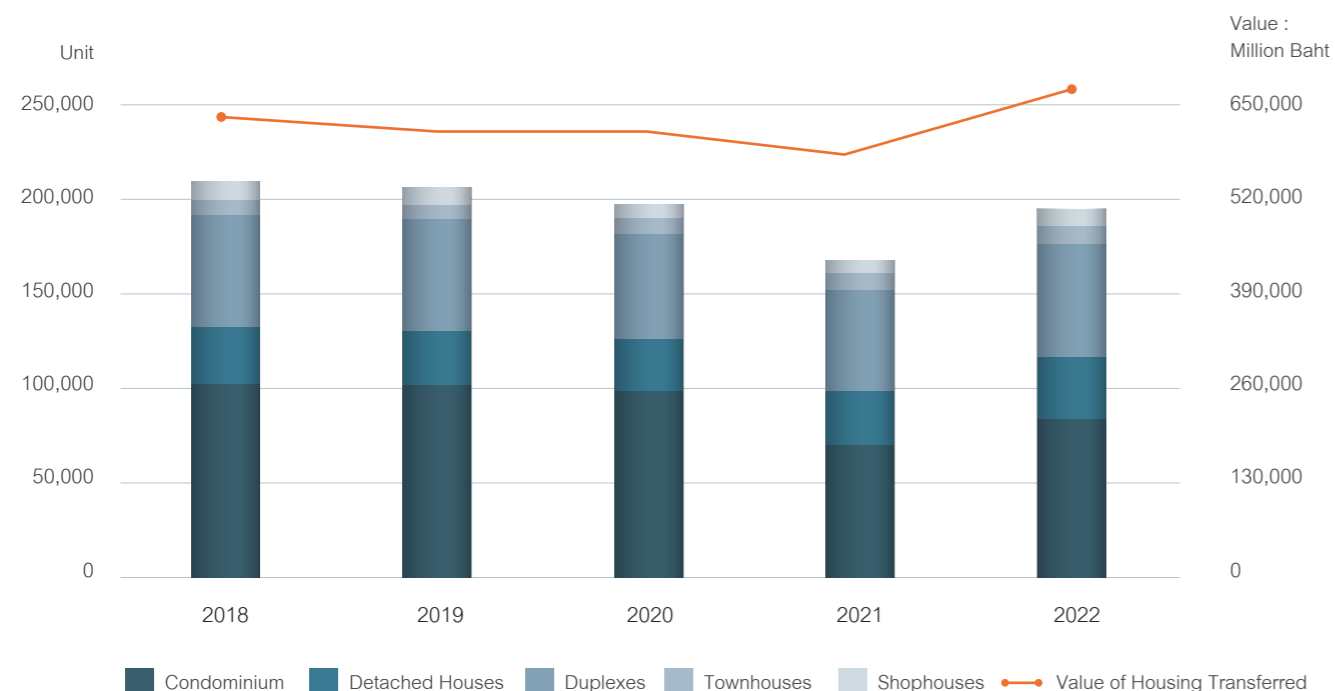
Newly Completed and Registered Housing (Units)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	ΔYTD
Condominiums	75,400	60,707	60,917	33,748	37,404	10.8%
Detached Houses	33,070	31,581	29,974	28,423	29,696	4.5%
Duplexes	2,208	3,154	2,619	3,247	3,614	11.3%
Townhouses	18,241	20,238	15,337	12,880	12,028	-6.6%
Shophouses	4,195	3,004	3,193	2,539	2,611	2.8%
Total	133,114	118,684	112,040	80,837	85,353	5.6%

Compiled By: Real Estate Information Center

Remark : ΔYTD refers to percent of total change which comparing 2021 with 2022 at the same period

The number of residential property transfers in 2022 increased by 16.4% compared to the previous year, with a total of 194,914 units transferred. The breakdown is as follows: 83,570 condominium units, an increase of 19.2%, 32,889 detached house units, an increase of 16.8%, 60,190 townhouse units, an increase of 12.6%, 9,570 semi-detached house units, an increase of 9.1%, and 8,695 commercial building units, an increase of 24.8%.

Housing Transferred by units, Bangkok and Vicinities



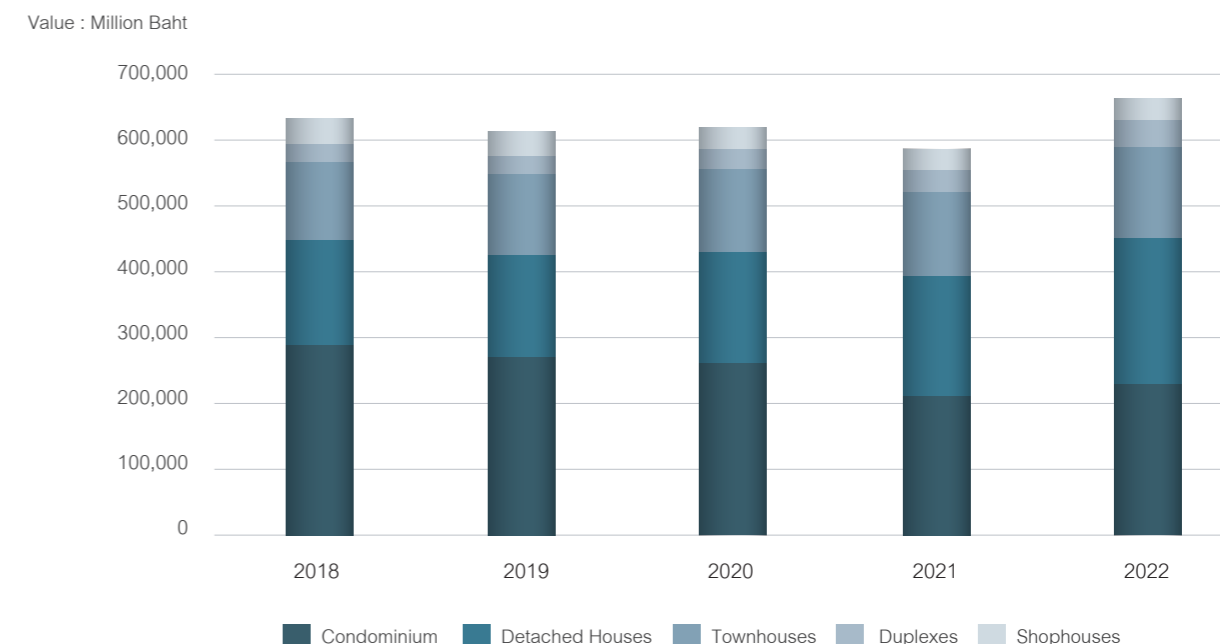
Housing Transferred by units	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	ΔYTD
Condominiums	103,234	102,066	98,795	70,126	83,570	19.2%
Detached Houses	29,234	27,949	27,951	28,147	32,889	16.8%
Townhouses	59,614	60,099	55,592	53,451	60,190	12.6%
Duplexes	7,568	7,365	7,828	8,771	9,570	9.1%
Shophouses	9,727	8,811	7,315	6,969	8,695	24.8%
Total	209,377	206,290	197,481	167,464	194,914	16.4%

Compiled By: Real Estate Information Center

Remark : ΔYTD refers to percent of total change which comparing 2021 with 2022 at the same period

When considering the value of the transfer of residential rights in 2022, the total value was 661,587 million THB, an increase of 13.2% compared to 2021, which had a total value of 584,436 million THB. This includes the total value of condominiums, which was 233,643 million THB, an increase of 11.1%, detached houses, which had a total value of 214,901 million THB, an increase of 17.3%, townhouses which had a total value of 140,966 million THB, an increase of 11.3%, semi-detached houses which had a total value of 31,020 million THB, an increase of 11.4%, and commercial buildings which had a total value of 31,020 million THB, an increase of 13.2%.

Value of Housing Transferred, Bangkok and Vicinities



Value of Housing Transferred (Million Baht)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	ΔYTD
Condominiums	288,708	269,974	260,628	210,327	233,643	11.1%
Detached Houses	158,744	152,983	168,365	183,177	214,901	17.3%
Townhouses	120,340	124,680	127,090	126,653	140,966	11.3%
Duplexes	25,905	27,419	31,110	36,866	41,057	11.4%
Shophouses	38,081	36,962	29,062	27,413	31,020	13.2%
Total	631,778	612,018	616,254	584,436	661,587	13.2%

Compiled By: Real Estate Information Center

หมายเหตุ : ΔYTD refers to percent of total change which comparing 2021 with 2022 at the same period



The real estate market trend in 2023 is expected to expand in a better direction than in 2022, with positive factors contributing to the expansion of the residential market, including the increasing demand for residential properties, the tourism industry showing signs of recovery, and the faster decision-making in purchasing residential properties due to expected future increases in real estate prices. The areas outside of Bangkok are still of interest to most developers, with the majority of developments being horizontal projects and mid-range condominiums due to the cost-effective nature of the land in these areas. This is especially for areas along the existing and upcoming train routes, as well as areas near job and community centers, such as industrial estates and expanding residential areas. In addition, there will be more launches of luxury and super luxury house projects in the central business district, such as along the Bangkok-Chonburi Motorway, Bangna, etc., in 2023, but the rate of launch is expected to be low due to the wait for a suitable economic recovery to begin new projects and the slow return of tourists that are expected to continue to expand compared to 2022.

However, the real estate market in 2023 must face negative factors that may affect its growth, such as increasing land costs, and labor and construction materials costs, which will lead to higher construction costs, resulting in higher real estate prices. Inflationary pressures affect purchasing power and cause potential buyers to delay decision-making, as well as increasing interest rates that are expected to cause the interest rates on loans to rise, resulting in higher mortgage payments or longer mortgage repayment periods for homebuyers or homeowners.

b) Marketing Policies

Marketing Strategy

Selecting Project's Location

The Company attaches great importance when choosing the location of the condominium project. The project location is the most crucial factor in the condominium real estate business success, especially in the high-end building project's area which must be located in the downtown, near the train route, close to the community, or with convenient transportation routes. In addition to the mentioned factors, choosing a project location must also consider the project's zoning and whether it is suitable for the customer group's lifestyle or not.

For condominium projects in the upcountry, the Company focuses on projects development in provinces that are the country's major tourist attractions by choosing the project location, focusing on the project's scenery, and transportation convenience.

Brand Positioning

The Company's vision to be the leading real estate company in the country in the high-end housing market has led to the image and position of the Company's condominium project determination by every project reflects as standing at the High-End level, both meticulous in design, the selection of materials suitable for the price level of each project completeness of utilities and facilities in residence which maintains the standards of various projects of the Company over the past period leading to the perception and recognition of customers that Condominium projects under the brand "Major Development" are high-end projects.

Unique Design and Suitable with Products

In the Company's each project development, the concept has been defined, taking into account the target customer group. The project's price level will affect the project design to be unique, reflect the target audience combined with the position of being a high-end project, as can be seen from the Company's past project designs such as:

- Aguston Sukhumvit 22 Project 22 "Exotic Spanish Contemporary Living" with Private Bowling Lane and Golf Simulator
- Marrakesh Hua Hin Residences "Super Luxury Contemporary Moroccan Style" with Infinity-Edge Swimming Lagoon 240 meters length

- The MARQUE Sukhumvit project "Super Luxury Metropolitan Luxe Style" is characterized by an architectural design inspired by the "Marquise Diamond Shape".

Maintenance and Project Quality Control

The Company places importance on maintaining and controlling the quality of every project to meet the quality standards set by the Company, starting from the design and planning process of the project that focuses on the benefits of the customer's living, choosing a quality and reliable contractor materials selection for construction and decoration in the project with quality that is suitable for the project's price level. Including meticulous in checking the project construction quality in every step from the external quality control team and within the Company. These are to maintain and control the quality of every project to a good standard.

Marketing communication and public relations targeted toward the target group.

The Company is one of the leaders in marketing communications and new sales media usage, for example, creating a Mockup Room for customers to experience the style of the room layout, material selection, and project atmosphere to impress and help customers make a quicker purchase decision.

In advertising and public relations, the Company chooses to use various advertising and public relations channels, both online and offline, such as outdoor billboards, publishing media including newspapers and magazines to provide consumers with information about the project and to create brand awareness to be known more widely, focusing on direct marketing, which can effectively reach upper-class customers, including doing roadshows in the country and overseas which can reach the target customers directly, including doing activities with products that have a similar image as well.

In addition to the marketing communications and public relations above, the Company also arranges for the Company's new project public relations to the Customer Relationship Management database, which are our customers in the project's database, including Potential Customers that interested in the Company's projects, enables them to communicate to the target group effectively.

c) Price and Customers Policy/Target Group

To determine each project's selling price will consider the overview of the project as a project at any level, such as Super luxury, luxury, etc. Scoping the project's overall selling price will focus on land costs, construction and decoration costs, selling and marketing expenses, other related budgets, and profit margins according to the Company's policy. In addition to such factors, the Company also takes into account competitors' product selling prices that are at the same or comparable level, including substitute products located in nearby locations.

When the overall price is set, the Company will set the price of each unit depending on the location on the floor, the view and the height. Other than the varying price, the Company has a policy the adjust the price of the project according to the period by adjusting the price periodically from the launch to the completion date.

The Company's customers and target groups will be consistent with the Brand Positioning of the project. The target customers will be a group with middle income or more with a demand for condominium-type housing, whether you want to have your first or second residence downtown, close to business and convenient transportation.

1.3 Product Procurement and Service

Product Acquisition for Sale

Land Procurement

To acquire land for the real estate development projects, the Company will consider the suitability and the location potential for the project's development is crucial. Once the preliminary details of the land are obtained, the Company will determine the project layout to suit the location. After initial feasibility studies and examination of various laws, the Company will then determine the purchase price and negotiate for the land purchase, further by the Company's land purchase policy. It will be bought and developed immediately and focuses on the continuity of project development in every 2-3 years project development cycle. The Company will not purchase land to keep waiting because they do not want to bear the unnecessary cost of holding the land and if there is a purchase of land from a person or company that may have conflicts. The Company will comply with the policy on related party transactions.

Construction Management Consultant

When selecting a consulting company to supervise the construction, the Company will consider based on reputation, results, experience, and the team readiness for the construction. The consulting company is mainly responsible for consulting, preparing reports, and also checking the quality, accuracy in details of techniques, procedures, working methods, installation, and testing of all types of work during construction until completion. At present, the Company has used different construction consulting companies for each project.

Service providers/Contractors and Construction Contractors Procurement

When selecting a contractor, the Company has a process as follows:

- Pre-qualification of the contractor - The construction consultant will collect a list of participating names in the bidding, and present it to the Company to select. They will be considered based on expertise, experience, past works, collaboration history and financial status, etc.
- Determine selection method based on the value of the work, divided into 2 methods as follow:
 - A Competitive Bid is used in cases where the working value is not very high or want the selection to be fast. Price comparisons will make for service providers/contractors for 3 or more contractors.
 - A Sealed Bid is used in cases where the product or work is of high value. The selection must be done carefully and prepared for contractors from 5 or more.
- For the issue of Purchase Order or a Letter of Intent or Contract Document, will be after the Company concluded service providers selection or contractors for the desired product or service. In the case of price comparison where the working value is not very high, a Purchase Order must be created. In the case of a high-value tendering job, a Letter of Intent and Contract Document will be prepared to inform service providers/contractors for them to acknowledge the procurement confirmation.

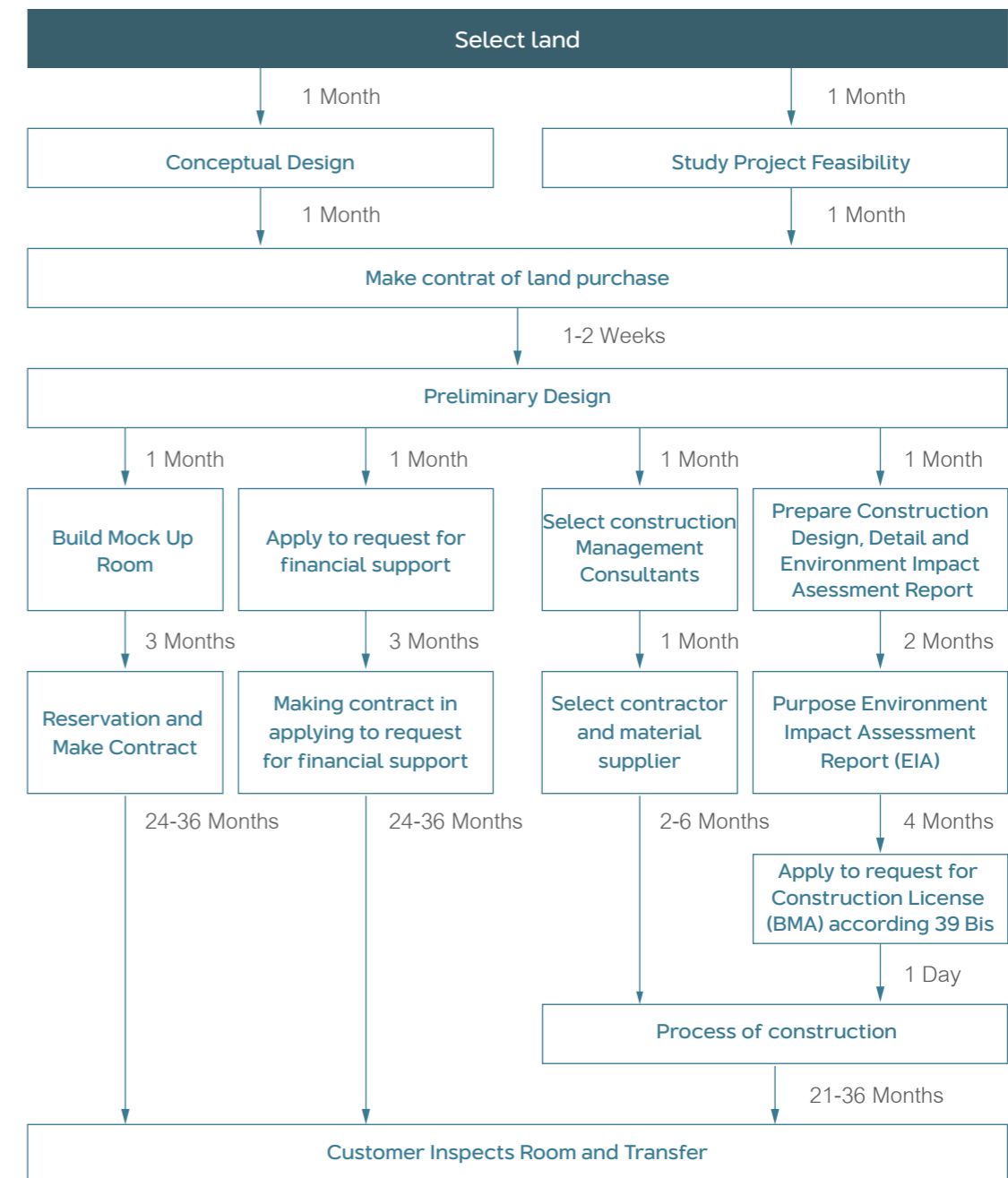
Supply and Equipment Providing

The building materials used in the project construction procurement are divided into 2 parts: the core building materials and construction materials that the Company is the supplier of. As for the core building materials, such as brick, stone, cement, sand, and steel, the contractor will be responsible for the purchasing of the core building materials, which are considered as the part of construction cost. As for the construction materials, the Company is the supplier itself,

such as certain types of specifically countable construction materials and costly materials per unit, and equipment that is not included in the contractors' work and construction contractors such as lifts, sanitary ware, dynamo, etc.

Construction Procedures and Duration

The Company's project development will have different processing times depending on the size and style, which will have the process and approximate times as follows:



Environmental Impact

All of the construction of the buildings and utilities will be under the Notification of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, subject to prescribing rules, procedures, rules and regulations, and guidelines for preparing environmental impact assessment reports by the condominium project. Buildings with a height of 23 meters or 80 units or more must prepare an Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIA) to be presented in the legal building permit process.

In addition, the Company has measures to prevent pollution that will affect the environment during construction and after construction, such as having a canvas covering the building during construction to prevent accidents that may occur to nearby residents from scrap materials falling

from the site. When the construction completes, the building will have a central wastewater treatment system. The Company gives importance and ensures that every project has strictly adhered to the specified standards. In the past, the Company has had no issue with environmental impact and has no additional cost to prevent any environmental impact, except for the cost of an environmental impact assessment report for the construction of a building permit under the law.

1.4 Undelivered work

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has contracts for residential condominiums as 27,251 million baht divides into the amount that has already been recognized, and Backlog as follows:

Unit: Million Baht

Project	31 December 2022		
	Contract Amount	Revenue Recognition (Accumulated)	Expected Revenue to be recognised
High Rise Project	19,121	17,969	1,153
Low Rise Project	3,137	3,109	28
Housing Project	1,137	328	810
Total	23,396	21,406	1,991
High Rise Project (Joint Venture)*	3,855	3,431	424
Total	27,251	24,837	2,415

* Developed by Major Residence Co.,Ltd and MJD-JV1 Co.,Ltd which are joint ventures held for 51% shares by the Company (not include in consolidated financial statement).



Unit: Million Baht

Project Name	Contract Amount	Revenue Recognition (Accumulated)	Expected Revenue to be recognised
AGUSTON SUKHUMVIT 22	2,318	2,318	-
MAESTRO 01 SATHORN - YENAKAT	511	503	8
MANOR SANAMBINNAM	4,574	4,564	10
M JATUJAK	4,123	4,109	14
MAESTRO 19 RATCHADA 19 - VIPHA	1,940	1,930	10
MARVEST HUA HIN	686	676	10
MUNIQ SUKHUMVIT 23	1,117	1,081	36
METRIS RAMA 9 - RAMKHAMHAENG	2,087	2,081	6
METRIS LADPRAO	739	739	-
MARU EKKAMAI 2	2,312	2,185	126
MARU LADPRAO 15	1,645	1,587	57
METRIS PATTANAKARN-EKKAMAI	396	385	12
MUNIQ LANGSUAN	2,737	2,351	387
MALTON PRIVATE RESIDENCES ARI	328	328	-
METRIS DISTRICT LADPRAO	928	-	928
MALTON GATES - KRUNGTHEP KREETHA	739	-	739
MAYFIELD PINKLAO	71	-	71
Total	27,251	24,837	2,415

2. Developing Real Estate for Rent Business

2.1 Characteristics of Products and Services

Real estate development business for rent is a business group established according to the Company's policy that wants to create consistent income and spread the risk to other types of real estate businesses besides project development for sale. The current real estate development business for rent of the Group will consist of

- Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa
- Centra Maris Jomtien Hotel, Pattaya
- Maven Stylish Hotel Hua Hin
- Major Tower Office Building, Thonglor 10
- Major Tower Office Building, Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng
- Chic District, Ramkhamhaeng 53, Shop House & Community Mall
- Manor Avenue, Community Mall which is in front of Manor Sanambinnam project
- Mache Krungthep Kreetha

2.2 Marketing, Competitive, Industry Trends and Outlooks

(Hotel Business)

a) Industry Trends and Outlooks

The overall number of international tourists in 2022 was 11,153,026, an increase compared to 2021 due to the government's relaxation measures and full reopening of the country in July 2022, which encouraged more foreign tourists to visit Thailand. This resulted in a gradual recovery of the hotel industry. The groups of hotels that have a better chance of recovering are those located in tourist destinations, hotels that cater to international tourists in the Asia-Pacific region, and hotels that generate revenue from events and conferences. Hotels and accommodations that have successfully recovered are typically in the average price range of not more than 3,000 THB per night, such as the Economy and Middle Scale groups. This is because they are affordable for both

domestic and international travelers, especially the younger generation who tend to travel alone with a limited budget and focus on accommodations in natural tourist destinations. However, the hotel industry still faces factors that may have an impact on its recovery, such as the risk of COVID-19, economic risks, ongoing tensions between Russia and Ukraine, and rising business costs, such as the cost of goods, energy, and financial costs due to higher interest rates, which may affect the liquidity of hotel operators (Source: Kasikorn Research Center).

Number and Revenue from Foreign Tourists for Year 2017 – 2021 and 2022P

Year	Number of Foreign Tourists		Revenue from Foreign Tourists	
	Number (People)	%Change	Number (Million Baht)	%Change
2017	35,591,978	9.41	1,831,105	12.10
2018	38,178,194	7.27	1,876,136	2.46
2019	39,916,251	4.55	1,911,807	1.90
2020	6,702,396	-83.21	332,013	-82.63
2021	427,869	-93.62	N/A	N/A
2022	11,153,026	2,506.65	N/A	N/A

Remark: P = Primary Information

Expenses incurred by foreign tourists are in the process of collecting and processing.

Source: Department of Tourism, Ministry of Tourism and Sports



b) Marketing Policies

- Marketing Strategy

Brand Positioning and Unique Design

Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa has defined its image as a Boutique Luxury Hotel that wants to differentiate itself from competitors. Therefore, it is reflected in the decoration under the Concept of Neo Moroccan Style as a strategy used to make a difference. It has a unique identity that is unique and new to attract the attention of customers and make impression during the stay. In addition to the decoration, the facilities within the hotel will be identified in the same direction, such as a Moroccan-style restaurant with a Moroccan food menu or a spa service with Moroccan products and services to enhance the uniqueness of the hotel, make an impression during the stay.

For Centra Maris Hotel Jomtien, Pattaya is outstanding with modern style in an atmosphere of fun, suitable for a family vacation. It has resort-style decoration with a large swimming pool area with a tropical-style garden surrounded by beautiful waterfalls. We offer a variety of room styles. All of them have large living spaces that can provide full comfort suitable for family vacations and has full facilities, whether a wellness zone consisting of "Sense by SPA Cenvaree" or a children's fitness room. The Entertainment zone consists of "E-Zone" the entertainment center for teenagers, and "Kids Club" with the theme of "Hobbit" or "Dwarf" theme, a first in Thailand.

Various Marketing Communication and Public Relations

Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa and Centra Maris Hotel Jomtien, Pattaya focuses on marketing communication channels to several customer groups through various media such as primary media, and online media such as Facebook and Instagram. The marketing communication strategies used include as follows:

- Publicize news to leading domestic and international travel media that influence tourists' decision-making
- Celebrity marketing is hotels promotion through famous people in society such as actors, singers, and celebrities.
- Marketing activities with various products to help publicize the hotel along with the product's publicity

Using a Variety of Sales Channels

Sales channels for both hotels are through travel agency both online agency and traditional agency covering individual and organizational customers as well as MICE customer group. Other than the complete sales channels, the Company also has regular sales promotion such as attending a tourism event with packages according to the time period or festivals and sales promotion through credit cards/apartment stores.

c) Price and Customers/Target Group Policy

When determining the Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa's and Centra Maris Hotel Jomtien, Pattaya's room rates, the competitors in the same category or similarity are considered first. Each type of room's price will vary according to the room's size, facilities, and views.

From the brand positioning and price levels, this makes target customers of both hotels focus on Thai and foreign middle class and above. With a calm atmosphere, the hotels have a high level of privacy and various facilities. As a result, Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa and Centra Maris Hotel Jomtien, Pattaya, are consistently popular with both Thai and foreign tourists as seen from the steadily increasing occupancy rate throughout the operation period, including satisfactory repeat occupancy rates.

3. Business Related to Real Estate Development and Other Business

There are 5 companies involved in businesses related to real estate development, including:

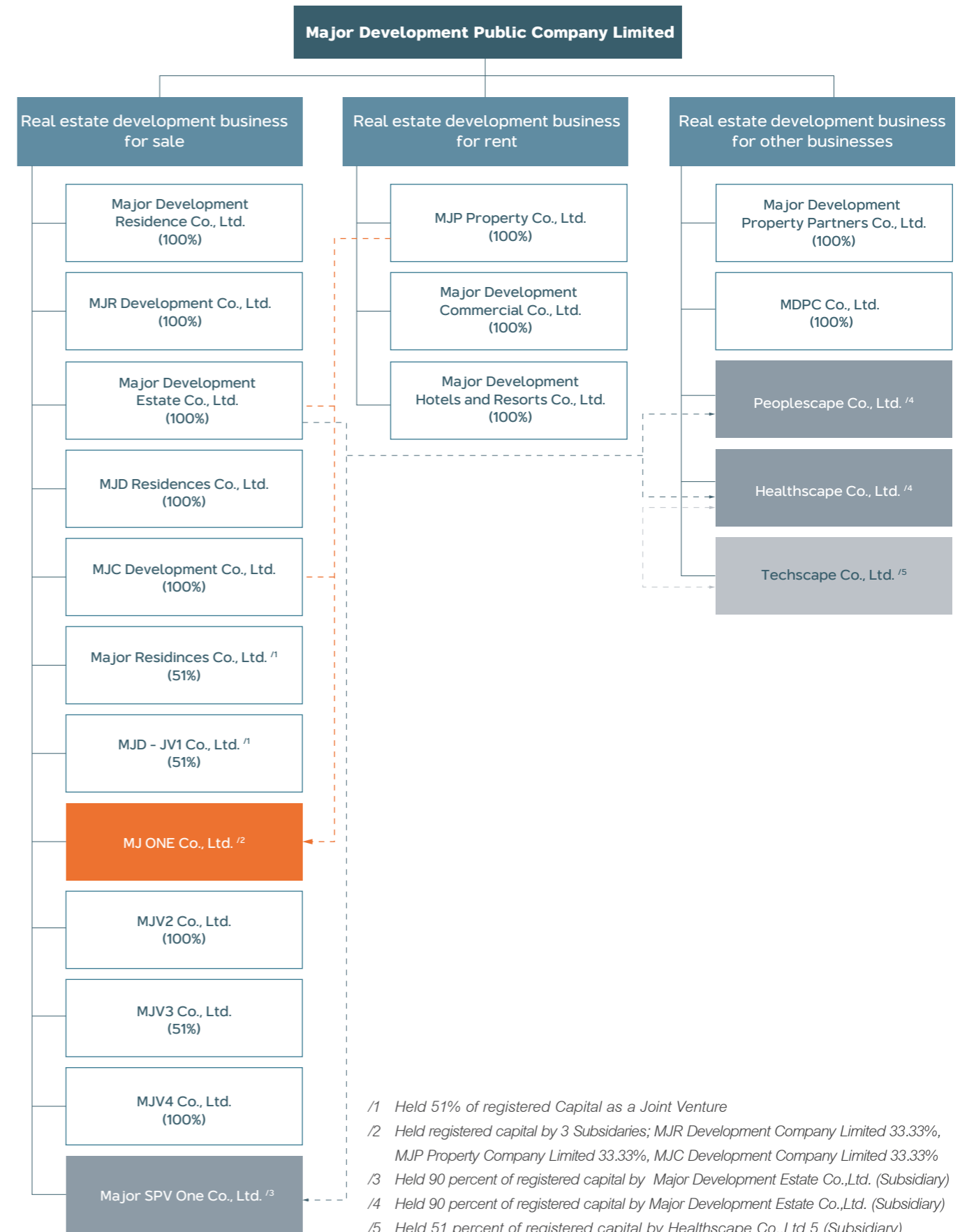
- Major Development Property Partners Company Limited is a company operating consulting, management, agency, and other related services for real estate business, such as project management, corporate legal work for external business, and sales management for an external business.

- MDPC Company Limited is a company operating a consultant, management, agency, and other services related to real estate business, such as project management, juristic persons in condominium projects management, and sales management for an external business.
- PeopleScape Company Limited is a company operating a consulting business in organization development, personnel management, and organizing training courses.
- HealthScape Company Limited is a company operating a health business.
- TechScape Company Limited is a company operating the developing and designing applications and platforms business.

Shareholding Structure and Overall of The Company's Group's Performance

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has a total of 20 direct owned subsidiaries and joint ventures, which are divided into 3 business groups as follows:

- Real estate development business for sale consists of 12 companies that engage in developing residential projects business for sale in the category of condominiums, detached houses, and townhomes, with an emphasis on projects in Bangkok Metropolis and Vicinity, including provinces that are tourist attractions such as Prachuap Khiri Khan (Hua Hin), Chonburi (Pattaya), etc.
- Real estate development business for rent, 3 companies operate the developing residential projects business for sale, including rental business and providing services related to hotels, resorts, serviced apartments, office buildings, commercial buildings, and sales areas in Bangkok and provinces that are the main tourist attractions such as Prachuap Khiri Khan (Hua Hin), Chonburi (Pattaya), etc.
- Business related to real estate development and other businesses, 5 companies engaged in business related to the real estate development business, including the real estate management, real estate management consultants and agents, and other business, including consulting on organizational development, training courses, health business, and application platform development and designing business.



Registered Capital and Paid-up Capital

Company Name	: Major Development Public Company Limited
Nature of Business	: Property Development
Head Office Address	: 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110
Company Registration No.	: 0107548000692
Registered Capital	: 1,050,000,000 Baht (as of 31 December 2022)
Paid-up Capital	: 860,411,939 Baht (as of 31 December 2022)
Tel	: 0-2030-1111
Fax	: 0-2030-1122
Website	: www.mjd.co.th

Subsidiaries which the Company holds more than 10% of total issued shares

Company	Type of Business	Registered Capital (Baht)	Shareholding (%)
Subsidiaries			
Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Hotel Resort & Spa	400,000,000	100
Major Development Residences Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Development of properties for sales	100,000,000	100
MJR Development Company Limited 398 Marche Ram 53, 3 rd Fl., Building A, Soi Ramkhamhaeng 53 (Chan Sri Chawala) Phlab Phla, Wangthonglang, Bangkok 10310 Tel 0-2138-8077, 0-2138-8078	Development of properties for sales	600,000,000	100
MJP Property Company Limited 12 Krungthep kreetha Road, Thap Chang, Saphansung, Bangkok, Thailand 10250 Tel 0-2138-8077, 0-2138-8078	Development of properties for sales	600,000,000	100

Company	Type of Business	Registered Capital (Baht)	Shareholding (%)
MJC Development Company Limited 398 Marche Ram 53, 3 rd Fl., Building A, Soi Ramkhamhaeng 53 (Chan Sri Chawala) Phlab Phla, Wangthonglang, Bangkok 10310 Tel 0-2138-8077, 0-2138-8078	Development of properties for sales	600,000,000	100
MJD Residences Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Development of properties for sales	750,000,000	100
Major Development Property Partners Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Condominium juristic person management	8,000,000	100
Major Development Estate Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Development of properties for sales	2,500,000,000	100
Major Development Commercial Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Hotel and properties rental	900,000,000	100
MDPC Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Agent, representative and real estate advisor business	10,000,000	100

Company	Type of Business	Registered Capital (Baht)	Shareholding (%)
MJ ONE Company Limited ^{/1} 398 Marche Ram 53, 3 rd Fl., Building A, Soi Ramkhamhaeng 53 (Chan Sri Chawala) Phlab Phla, Wangthonglang, Bangkok 10310 Tel 0-2138-8077, 0-2138-8078	Development of properties for sales	15,000,000	100 ^{/1}
MJV2 Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Development of properties for sales	50,000,000	100
Major SPV One Company Limited ^{/2} 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Development of properties for sales	100,000,000	100
Peoplescape Company Limited ^{/3} 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Consulting business for organizational development personnel management and organizing training courses	1,000,000	90
MJV4 Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Development of properties for sales	2,000,000	100
Healthscape Company Limited ^{/4} 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2392-1111 Fax 0-2392-2255	Health business	5,000,000	90
Joint Ventures			
Major Residences Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Development of properties for sales	25,000,000	51

Company	Type of Business	Registered Capital (Baht)	Shareholding (%)
MJD-JV1 Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Development of properties for sales	1,000,000	51
MJV3 Company Limited 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai), Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok 10110 Tel 0-2030-1111 Fax 0-2030-1122	Development of properties for sales	10,000,000	51
Techscape Company Limited ^{/5} 172 Soi Lasalle 48, Sukhumvit 105 Rd, Bangna Tai, Bangna, Bangkok 10270 Tel 0-2208-5400-6	Development and design of applications, and platforms	1,000,000	51

Remark :

^{/1} MJ ONE Company Limited held by 3 Subsidiaries; MJR Development Company Limited 33.33%, MJP Property Company Limited 33.33%, MJC Development Company Limited 33.33%

^{/2} Major SPV One Company Limited held by a Subsidiaries; Major Development Estate Company Limited 99.99%,

^{/3} Peoplescape Company Limited holding 90% by Major Development Estate Company Limited (Subsidiary of MJD)

^{/4} Healthscape Company Limited holding 90% by Major Development Estate Company Limited (Subsidiary of MJD)

^{/5} Techscape Company Limited holding 51% by Healthscape Company Limited (Subsidiary of MJD)



Issuance of other securitiesBill of Exchange

As of 31 December 2022, Bills of Exchange of the Company and its subsidiaries has a total of 44 Million Baht. Details are as follows:

Underwriter	Issued Date	Maturity Date	Period	Issued Size (Million Baht)
KGI Securities (Thailand)	18-05-22	20-05-24	2 Years	44,000,000

Debenture

As of 31 December 2022, Debenture of the Company and its subsidiaries has a total of 5,811.30 Million Baht. Details are as follows:

Symbol	Issued Date	Maturity Date	Int. Rate	Issued Size (Million Baht)
MJD234A	01-10-20	01-04-23	6.80%	500,000,000
MJP	13-11-20	13-05-23	6.80%	150,000,000
MJD237A	15-01-21	15-07-23	6.80%	1,323,700,000
MJD23NA	07-05-21	07-11-23	6.80%	450,000,000
MJD242A	05-08-21	05-02-24	6.80%	523,300,000
MJD246A	16-12-21	16-06-24	6.80%	400,000,000
MJD230A	05-04-22	05-10-23	6.25%	400,000,000
MJD240A	05-04-22	05-10-24	6.80%	900,000,000
MJD225A	11-11-22	11-05-25	6.95%	1,164,300,000

Shareholder

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has 10 major shareholders as follows:

No.	Name-Surname	Share Amount	Percent
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks	170,000,000	19.76%
2	Miss Petrada Poolvorlaks	115,603,000	13.44%
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	104,962,000	12.20%
4	Mr. Suthon Singhasitthangkul	48,923,000	5.69%
5	Mr. Prachum Maleenont	40,695,000	4.73%
6	Miss Rattana Maleenont	37,700,000	4.38%
7	Mrs. Jitradee Poolvorlaks	26,000,000	3.02%
8	Mr. Jiravat Maleenont	25,000,000	2.91%
9	Miss Paralee Maleenont	24,400,000	2.84%
10	Mrs. Anchalee Pinrat	20,000,000	2.32%
	Total	613,283,000	71.29%
	Minority Shareholders	247,128,939	28.71%
	Total	860,411,939	100.00%

Dividend Payment Policy

The Company has set a dividend payment policy to pay a dividend of not less than 40 percent of the net profit after tax and legal reserve. The Board of Directors will consider the dividend payment by focusing on the benefits to the shareholders, for example, reserving money for future investment, reserving money to pay off loans, or as working capital within the Company.



02

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Management Policies and Plans**Risk Management**

Due to the constantly changing present situation, the Company needs to have good management and appropriate corporate risk management, which will assist the corporation's operations to proceed toward the set objectives and goals. The Board of Directors has placed great importance on risk management. As such, it has defined a clear risk management policy framework and operation guidelines as practices for the Company employees. Relevant departments, such as the risk management department, internal audit department, and risk owner department, collaborate with one another to ensure that the risk management systematically proceeds in the same direction throughout the corporation, is efficient and effective, covers all significant risk issues of the Company, and have a system to track and review operational results of risk management to keep a watchful eye on new risks that may happen at all times. This is to reduce the possibility of losses that would happen in the event of a risk to a manageable level and/or create new business opportunities for the Company.

Risk Management Policies and Risk Management Plans

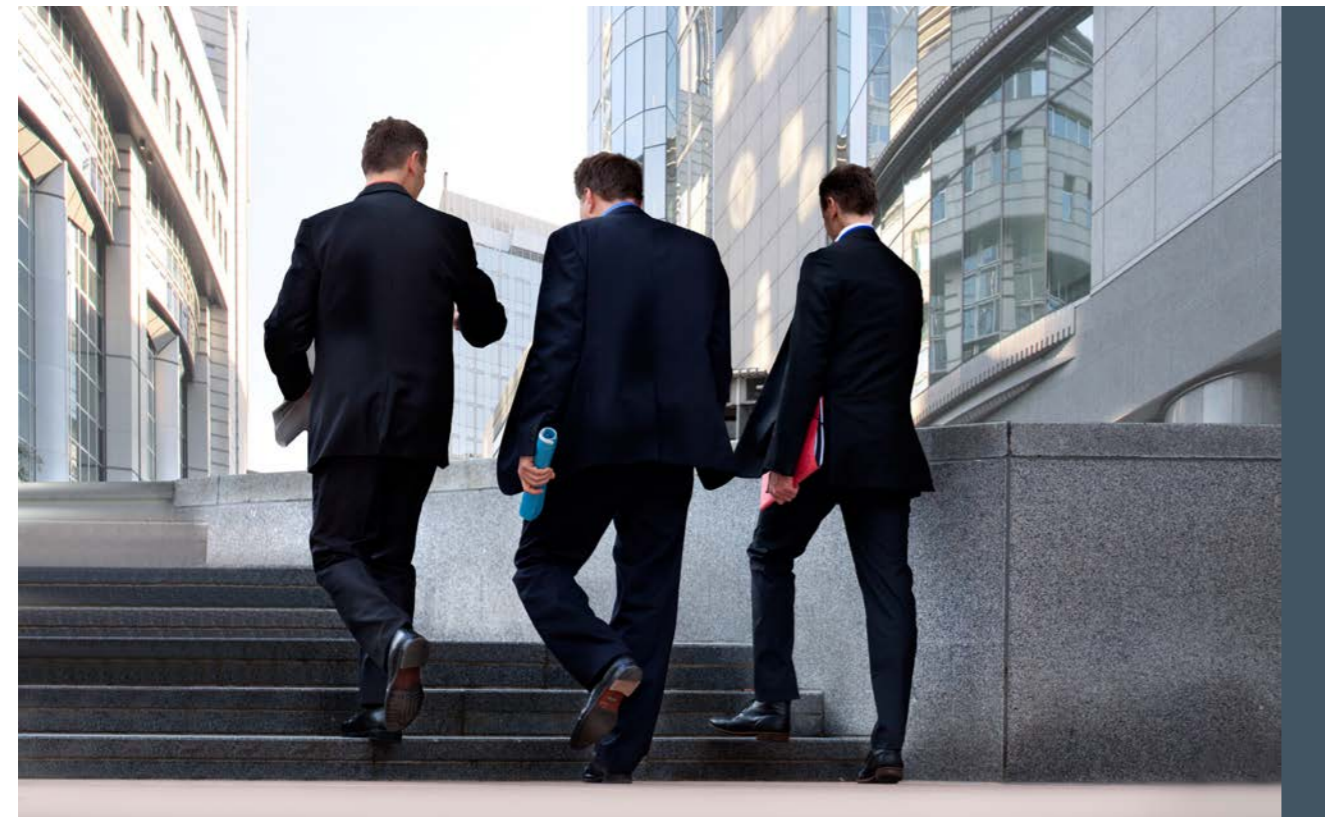
The Company employs the COSO Enterprise Risk Management Framework (COSO ERM) to apply with the Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) policy of the Stock Exchange of Thailand to consider the risk issues and risk management. This is to ensure that the Company's risk management proceeds systematically and continuously to reduce the effects that may happen to business operations. Additionally, it will assist the Company's operations to develop in the same direction throughout the corporation. The board of directors has defined the risk management and risk management structure as follows:



Risk Management Policies

1. The Board of Directors and all executives, employees, and departments are risk owners. They have a responsibility to evaluate, track, and assist in risk management to be efficient.
2. The Company's business unit must have risk management and limitation procedures. The unit must assess and track the procedures systematically and continuously. The procedures must be subject to improvements to be appropriate to business changes regularly at least once a year.
3. Stipulate that risk assessment is a part of an annual plan for all departments. Risk consideration shall cover the entire Company with consideration of external and internal risk factors, as well as ensure that there is risk management and create appropriate warning systems.
4. The Risk Management Committee has a responsibility to track and manage risks and present its suggestions to the Board of Directors.
5. Create a corporate culture that fosters a mutual understanding and consciousness of risks through the creation of a knowledge base. The Company believes that risks can be reduced or acceptable if every executive or employee is prepared for losses that may happen. As such, the Company aims to build a knowledge base both within and outside of the corporation through IT investment and employs up-to-date technologies for use. This will allow employees at all levels to access data and exchange experiences which will lead to the development and improvement of risk management procedures to be efficient.

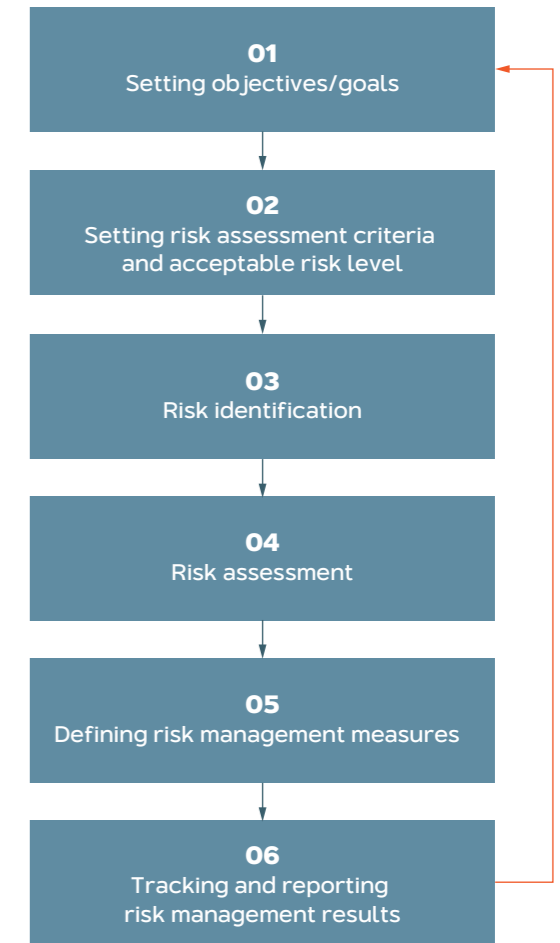
Moreover, the Company has established a risk management framework to define risk management procedures, risk management responsibilities, types of risks, and risk assessment criteria. This is to ensure that every department has clear risk management guidelines.



Risk Management Plans

To ensure that risk management is conducted systematically, the Company has employed risk management guidelines per the COSO ERM Framework to be put to practical use.

1. **Setting objectives/goals**
Setting objectives at a corporate level/related business lines/to be in line with the Company's vision, obligations, policies, and main goals, as well as stipulating risk management plans that are in accordance with and support the objectives.
2. **Setting risk assessment criteria and acceptable risk level**
Setting risk assessment criteria regarding the likelihood of risks and risk impacts to prioritize risks through using the risk map, as well as stipulating the acceptable risk level and key risk indicators/trigger points (KPIs).
3. **Risk identification**
To search and identify causes of risks and risk factors by considering various factors, both internally and externally (such as economic situation, society, competition, etc.), which affect the Company's goals.
4. **Risk assessment**
To analyze various data which correlate with the identified risk factors (in the 3rd process: risk identification) to assess the risks per the defined criteria.
5. **Defining risk management measures**
Defining procedures for managing risks to an acceptable level through various measures such as canceling high-risk business ventures that the Company cannot manage, hedging, outsourcing, etc.
6. **Tracking and reporting risk management results**
The Company has assigned the risk owners to track and take action to manage risks to an acceptable level. The department must report the risk management results to the Risk Management Committee and the Board of Directors regularly.



Risk Map – Risk Assessment

Impact

Critical (5)	5 (C)	10 (B)	15 (B)	20 (A)	25 (A)
High (4)	4 (C)	8 (C)	12 (B)	15 (A)	20 (A)
Moderate (3)	3 (D)	6 (C)	9 (C)	12 (B)	15 (B)
Low (2)	2 (D)	4 (C)	6 (C)	8 (C)	10 (BC)
Negligible (1)	1 (D)	2 (D)	3 (D)	4 (C)	5 (C)

Likelihood

Risk prioritization (severity level) of risks and risk management guidelines

Score Level	Priority (severity) of risks	Sign
16 - 20	The severity/priority level is very high and must be managed immediately	A
10 - 16	The severity/priority level is high and must be managed urgently	B
4 – 9	The severity/priority level is medium and must be monitored regularly	C
Lower than 3	The severity/priority level is low, an acceptable risk level for the company	D

Roles, Obligations, and Responsibilities in Risk Management

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for stipulating policies and strategic direction of the Company, as well as managing the Company to have an efficient and effective risk management system. This is to ensure that the management has placed importance on risk management and has fostered it until it becomes corporate culture.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the financial report and accounting systems, good corporate governance, internal control system, internal audit system, and risk management system, as well as anti-corruption policies and measures, to ensure that they are all up to international standards and comply with the relevant regulations and laws appropriately and sufficiently. The Audit Committee then reports such reviews to the Board of Directors.

Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee is responsible for defining risk management guidelines, considering and approving the risk management framework as a guideline for the company, tracking the risk management results, supporting their dissemination to foster understanding of risk management to employees at all levels, and applying them to practical use throughout the corporation, as well as providing opinions/suggestions/consultation to the management and reporting to the Audit Committee and/or the Board of Directors.

Chief Executive Officer, President, and Executives

The CEO, President, and Executives are responsible for facilitating a risk management system as per policies and guidelines set by the Board of Directors, approving strategies, and monitoring risk management for the whole organization to cover all critical risks including business

operations and ESG risks, determining and assigning risk owners to consider and determine acceptable risk levels. The CEO, President, and Executives then propose to the Board of Directors for further approval, communication, and development of a corporate culture that is aware of risks, as well as review the appropriateness of systems and measures such as anti-corruption measures to suit the change of business rules, regulations, and related legal requirements.

Risk Owners

Risk Owners are responsible for assessing and analyzing risks, setting policies/activities to manage the cost-benefit analyzed risks for each choice, monitoring risk assessment results, and proposing results to the Chief Executive Officer and/or the Risk Management Committee.

Risk Management Department & Sustainability Department

The Risk Management Department & Sustainability Department is responsible for the development of efficient and effective risk management systems; provides suggestions, counseling, and training to foster the understanding of risk management systems; monitors and reports on trends that may affect the business and ESG risks that may affect business operations in the short, medium, and long terms. The Risk Management Department & Sustainability Department is also responsible for coordinating and reviewing risk management from risk owners and related parties to prepare a risk report for management and the Risk Management Committee and/or the Board of Directors. The Risk Management Department & Sustainability Department also supports the efficient operations of the Risk Management Committee.

Internal Audit Department

The Internal Audit is responsible for auditing and reviewing the operation procedures to ensure compliance with policies and rules stipulated by the Company and/or good practice guidelines and relevant public sector rules and regulations to ensure that the Company has an appropriate and sufficient internal control system/risk management. Reports will be made to the Audit Committee and, subsequently, the Board of Directors.

Although the competition in the high-end condominium market has increased, The Company still has an advantage in terms of image, and reputation for product quality as an operator in the high-end condominium business for more than 20 years

Risk Factors Related to the Company’s Business Operations

Risk factors in the real estate development for sale business that may occur and affect future operations are as follows:

Risk of External Factors

1. Risk of Higher Competition

The condominium real estate development business is the most popular and has the highest proportion in the residential market in Bangkok, and the areas nearby the transportation system, especially on routes that have a large number of users such as electric train lines, resulting in high competition in the condominium residential market. This is because developers prefer to develop many projects in the same location or nearby. As a result, the price of land has increased according to the increasing demand. The projects that are open for sale in the market have a variety of room types, surrounding environments, and locations as well as accommodation facilities which give customers an alternative to making a purchase decision. While each operator has a sales strategy to create incentives for customers' purchasing decisions, however, most of the condominium projects developed by The Company are outstanding in terms of location, in which The Company prioritizes selecting a prime location, quality of construction materials for the condominium, including giving importance to the facilities within the project. The Company's target customers are high-end customers. Although the competition in the high-end condominium market has increased, The Company still has an advantage in terms of image, and reputation for product quality as an operator in the high-end condominium business for more than 20 years, The Company has continually gained the trust and good feedback from customers. In addition, The Company has started to

develop low-rise projects to diversify its product portfolio. There are 3 super luxury detached house projects, namely Mavista Prestige Village Krungthep Kreetha, Malton Private Residences Sukhumvit 31, and Malton Private Residences Ari, which have been well responded to. At present, the Mavista Prestige Village Krungthep Kreetha project and the Malton Private Residences Sukhumvit 31 project have been sold out. The Company's super luxury detached house projects will be completed before they are sold and the low-rise projects in the lower price range will be in a form of gradually building and selling individually. This can help reduce investment risks in another way. However, the competition among operators has been intense since 2020 due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic which has caused the overall economy to slow down, resulting in more price competition. The Company has issued various promotions to boost sales of condominiums which have been well received by buyers.

2. Risk of Commercial Banks Refusing to Approve Loans to Customers

Commercial banks are still strict in granting housing loans to buyers. Therefore, there is a risk that customers might be denied credit and affecting the transfer amount. But since The Company's projects are high-end projects, most of The Company's customers are customers with good financial history and receive credit from commercial banks regularly. As a result, the risk that customers might be denied credit and unable to transfer money to purchase the project is low. In 2022, despite the fact that there still was the outbreak of COVID-19, there was still a reject rate of less than 1%, which decreased from the time of the outbreak of COVID-19 with a reject rate of 4-5% because The Company assessed the initial qualifications and ability to repay loans of customers who apply for loans from financial institutions since they bought the project to apply for a loan with a financial institution. In addition, most of The Company's customers are those with high purchasing power, such as foreign customers who transfer ownership by paying in cash and customers who have the ability to pay in installments, resulting in receiving credit support from various financial institutions.

3. Risk of Changes in Rules, Regulations or Laws Related to Real Estate Business

Real estate business operations are at risk of changes in rules, regulations, and relevant laws, such as being limited in the use of space for the construction of certain types of buildings, height limitation zone, building recession, including the problem of land boundary disputes with neighboring landowners as well as complaints during construction or expropriation of land for the construction of public utilities or problems arising from amendments to laws, declarations, and requirements of government officials that are in effect during The Company's land ownership but is in the process of preparing for permission from relevant agencies. However, The Company has guidelines to mitigate such risks. Before starting to develop real estate projects, the legal and regulatory restrictions of the relevant agencies of land use must be examined to see if there are any restrictions that affect the development guidelines set by The Company on a certain plot of land.

4. Risk of the COVID-19 Epidemic

The COVID-19 outbreak since the end of 2019 has resulted in the global economy slowing down. Various business operations are disrupted affecting the real estate business and the hotel business inevitably because consumers postpone buying or investing in housing, including tourism, which is the main revenue of Thailand. It has been affected by the closure of international routes, causing the country's tourism sector to slow down which may cause the revenue to not meet the target set by The Company.

In the real estate business, although in the situation of the COVID-19 epidemic, The Company has transferred the ownership of the completed projects in Metris Rama 9-Ramkhamhaeng project, Metris Ladprao project, MARU Ladprao 15 project, and MARU Ekkamai 2 project, which completed construction and started transferring ownership in 2020 to present, including transferring ownership of other ready-to-move-in projects. This makes The Company's revenue from the real estate business satisfactory under the aforementioned outbreak situation.

To reduce such risks, The Company plans to operate during the year 2023 in terms of working capital of The Company by diversifying the risk to a variety of products such as mid-range condominium and low-rise residential projects by increasing caution in choosing a location and feasibility studies of projects, as well as formulating

strategies for continuous sales promotions to boost sales in existing projects. This has received satisfactory feedback and generated sales for The Company. However, for foreign customers who cannot travel to Thailand to inspect the completed condominium units, The Company has contacted customers both directly and through sales representatives by appointing an operator on behalf of the customer to inspect the condominium unit and transfer ownership. For domestic customers, The Company has measures to take care of and build confidence for customers who visit the projects, such as making an appointment in advance to reduce congestion, cleaning within the project, placing hand sanitizer gel at points where customers come into contact, such as project lobbies, inside passenger elevators in buildings, the provision of masks for both employees, related persons, and guests and temperature measurement of guests and employees every time to prevent the spread of the COVID-19 virus.

As for the hotel business of The Company Group, the COVID-19 outbreak since the end of December 2020 has resulted in a decrease in the main customers from Bangkok once again, however, the main customers of the hotel business are still domestic customers which are Thai customer who prefers to stay during weekends and long weekends. At present, there are also foreign customers who live in Thailand, such as embassy customers and Scandinavian customer groups who prefer to stay on weekdays and prefer to take long vacations of more than 7 days. Measures to relieve lockdown and curfew, including vaccination, especially in Bangkok and nearby provinces, and the start of opening the country to foreign tourists resulted in the situation beginning to improve. And as a result, customers began to return to use the service again by complying with SHA (Amazing Thailand Safety & Health Administration) standards, which are hygiene safety standards established

by the Ministry of Tourism and Sports in collaboration with the Ministry of Public Health. In this regard, The Company has participated in projects from the government such as the We Travel Together project and there are promotions created through various agents. In terms of accommodation, hand sanitizer gel bottles are placed in the area and there are temperature measurements of guests and service staff, including providing masks for both employees and those involved. The Company expects that tourism trends will gradually improve since The Company Group's hotels are located not far from Bangkok, resulting in more customers returning to stay, especially during weekends and long weekends.

5. Risk of Exchange Rate

The proportion of foreign customers has increased significantly in the real estate market, especially for condominiums in Bangkok. The continuous appreciation of THB has an impact on the real estate business, especially with the international buyer market, causing foreign investors to consider the value of the investment. And if THB continues to appreciate continuously, it will also directly affect the export sector and Thai tourism, causing the purchasing power in the country to decrease, affecting the economic growth rate, and having the possibility of layoffs of more workers. There is also a risk that foreign customers may not transfer the money as per agreements if THB appreciates. However, The Company's projects are located in good locations, including The Company collecting down payments with foreign customers of The Company at about 20-30% of the product price. Therefore, there is a low risk that the customer will abandon the down payment and not transfer the money, or in the event that the customer abandons the down payment, The Company has the plan to use the such down payment to organize a promotion to sell the room.



Risk of Business Operations

1. Risk of Having the Poolvorlaks Group as the Major Shareholder Group

The Poolvaralaks group, which is the major shareholder group in The Company, accounted for 48.88% of the total registered capital of The Company (as of December 31, 2022), thus enabling the Poolvorlaks group to be able to control most of the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting, except for special resolutions that require more than three-fourths of the votes of the shareholders' meeting. Therefore, other shareholders may not be able to combine their votes to check and balance the matters proposed by the shareholders. However, The Company has appointed 3 outsiders who have various experiences, knowledge, and abilities to be independent directors and the audit committee. Various resolutions must be passed by all 3 independent directors first in order to audit and consider transparency in the operations of The Company before sending to the ordinary meeting of shareholders.

2. Risk of Delays and Quality of Construction Work

The Company hires an external contractor to operate the construction of the condominium project. This puts The Company at risk that might arise from the contractor not delivering work on time or the construction is not of quality if the contractor has insufficient expertise or has personnel problems and financial liquidity problems. To reduce such risks, The Company has managed by selecting a sufficient number of experienced and qualified contractors and material manufacturers for the construction according to the plan and not depending too much on one certain contractor. There is a better division of work periods so that contractors have more liquidity. And The Company also helps procure some materials to reduce the financial burden on contractors. In addition, The Company has a clear policy to create alliances with contractors and manufacturers to jointly develop construction works and construction materials to achieve quality and in a faster time by selecting the appropriate technology that has been studied and inspected before considering use. There will be inspection and selection of contractors or manufacturers with expertise, including studying to find methods for construction that use less labor to reduce the risk of labor shortage in the construction industry.

The Company has adapted to the current situation. Some plots of land that in the past did not have the potential to develop projects, currently there may be a suitable product that is desired by customers. As a result, The Company can develop projects on a such plot of land.

3. Risk in Purchasing Land for Development

Risk of Laws and Regulations

Risk of laws and regulations is the risk that arises from the ability to develop projects in the specified format without being subject to any laws or regulations. The Company has controlled this risk by examining various regulations related to project development carefully both existing provisions and to be promulgated in the near future, such as provisions on city planning, building construction provisions, land allocation provisions, and sub-provision of each locality which affects project development, including verification of ownership and transfers of various rights on the land completely. Subsequently, The Company will try to plan a project that takes into account these factors on that land, whether it meets the needs of The Company or not before purchasing land. The new city plan, which is to be announced next year, is considered advantageous to The Company since such a plan reflects city growth. The new city plan decentralizes growth, resulting in an opportunity for The Company to develop land beyond the city center. As for the city center, city planning laws related to The Company's development either remain the same or have been amended beneficially to The Company, such as allowing The Company to develop more building areas in some areas than in the previous city plan.

In terms of land and building tax, it will have a major effect on real estate developers who have accumulated ownership of the land bank, but The Company's policy is to purchase land for immediate development, thus The Company will not be affected much. However, The Company may be affected in terms of the tax exemption period of the completed condominium unit, which affects the cost of the project. The Company must plan to control the construction period of each project so that it does not take

too long. It may affect the consideration of a large project that takes a long time to be completed due to having to consider increasing tax costs.

Risk of Purchasing Land for Commercial Use

The risk of purchasing land for commercial use is a risk of whether The Company has the capacity to sell projects on purchased lands to achieve the targeted return within the allotted time. The Company has managed such risk by analyzing the market demands in each area, analyzing the economic situation, and constantly updating the real estate market data and the changing land prices in various locations. This allows The Company to adapt its methods to purchase appropriately-sized lands in good locations to be developed in ways that correctly respond to the market and economic situations in each period. By considering the aforementioned factors, The Company can reduce the risk of purchasing land considerably.

Risk of Purchasing Land for Development

The Company focuses on developing high-end projects, which are projects located in good locations such as in the center of the city near important places or shopping malls, etc., that have the limit of purchasing. There is a risk that The Company will not be able to find sufficient land for developing high-end projects in the future. However, since the city is developing, spreading, and prospering continuously, therefore, The Company views that the current and future central business district (CBD) area will not be only around the area of Silom, Sathorn, Siam, or Central Sukhumvit. The dispersion of the city will make the prosperity expand to more areas. And it is an opportunity for The Company to do new projects because at present The Company does not only do high-end projects. However, in terms of the original CBD area, although land for project development is scarce, The Company has adapted to the current situation. Some plots of land that in the past did not have the potential to develop projects, currently there may be a suitable product that is desired by customers. As a result, The Company can develop projects on a such plot of land.

4. Risk of Increasing Cost of Construction Materials

At present, the price of construction materials, which is the main cost, fluctuates according to the changing oil price situation, affecting the cost of The Company's project operations. This may affect the performance and financial

position of The Company in the future. Therefore, to reduce the risk of fluctuations in construction material prices, The Company will manage construction costs from the design phase as well as a contract for both labor and construction material costs with contractors. The contractors will supply construction materials and equipment and will procure construction materials from business partners or major dealers who will receive discount prices for the projects and has a fixed price that allows The Company to control costs. The Company will also track price movements and estimate prices in advance which, if necessary, will order in advance by purchasing a lot at a time, so the prices can be negotiated and control construction costs, as well as being able to manage and control the quality and specified standards of houses. In addition, The Company also studied the alternatives to use each type of material that can be substituted by choosing the materials to suit each situation, including developing and improving production methods and transporting construction materials together with manufacturers in order to be efficient in terms of cost, delivery to reduce the problem of price fluctuation or a shortage of construction materials.

5. Risk of the Plan to Expand the Base to New Customer Groups

From past to present, The Company focuses on developing high-end condominium projects (150,000-200,000 THB/square meter), luxury levels (200,000-280,000 THB/square meter), and super luxury levels (>300,000 THB/square meter), which is considered successful according to the goals set. The Company sees an opportunity to expand the product portfolio of The Company Group, therefore began developing 3 super luxury detached house projects with few total units, focusing on privacy which has been well received by customers. However, in order to reduce the fluctuation of revenue from project development in one segment, The Company has expanded its customer base to other groups by developing condominium projects in the middle-upper level (90,000 THB/square meter) and low-rise projects such as detached houses and townhomes by starting to develop low-rise condo projects, which are small and do not require much investment. The low-rise project construction will be completed phase by phase. This makes it possible to control the risks of the project.



6. Risk of Liquidity from Investment in Future Projects

The real estate business is a business that requires constant investments. The Company needs to invest in new projects to maintain the revenue level from business operations to be constant. Aside from developing existing real estate such as condominiums, hotels, and offices, at present, The Company begins to invest more into low-rise projects as these projects require a shorter time to develop than condominium projects, which allows for faster revenue recognition. However, investments in various projects require credits from various financial institutions as well as other sources of loans, such as debenture offerings. In financing investments, there is a risk that such investments may be insufficient during the construction process. As such, The Company has formulated a clear investment and financing plan for each project, plans for the project development period, and revenue recognition to be constant within The Company Group and jointly consider such plans in the Board of Directors' meeting to be presented to financial institutions to consider approving loans. Additionally, The Company Group's projects have been consistently receiving project credit support from commercial banks.

7. Risk of Revenue Consistency

The real estate business, especially with high-rise condominium projects, which require a development period of 3-4 years, has a risk of revenue fluctuation if most projects are under construction. The Company has increased the proportion of low-rise projects that require a shorter construction period than high-rise projects, including developing low-rise projects which are in form of gradually building, and gradually selling. As a result, it helps reduce revenue fluctuation. In addition, The Company plans to expand its business to other businesses, such as health business (Health Scape) by starting to study and develop health and hygiene products, including technology (Tech Scape) by planning to develop real estate technology (PropTech) and health technology (HealthTech).

However, as of December 31, 2022, The Company has total sales pending revenue recognition (Backlog) in the amount of 2,415 million THB, divided into high-rise condominium projects in the amount of 1,153 million THB, low-rise condominium projects in the amount of 28 million THB, and low-rise projects in the amount of 810 million THB, and high-rise condominium projects (Joint Ventures) in the amount of 424 million THB, which will gradually recognize revenue during 2022-2025.

Risk of Financial

1. Maintaining Financial Ratios According to the Terms and Conditions of the Debenture Rights and Loan Agreements from Financial Institutions

According to the terms and conditions of the rights of the debenture, The Company is obligated to maintain the net debt-to-equity ratio at the end of each quarter or the end of the accounting period in the case of the last quarter not exceeding 3.5:1. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, The Company has such ratio equal to 1.84 times, 1.64 times, and 1.60 times, respectively, which can be seen that the ratio has been continuously increasing. The main reason was the loss in the past causing the stockholders' equity to decrease. Although at present it is still not violating the terms and conditions, if the operating results do not go as planned, there may be a risk of not being able to maintain the mentioned ratio conditions and there may be a default in debt payment.

In addition, under certain loan agreements, Major Development and its subsidiaries have to comply with certain financial covenants, such as maintaining the ratio of debt-to-equity to be at a level not exceeding 3.5:1 of the financial statements of The Company and its subsidiaries which currently has a ratio not exceeding the mentioned conditions.

2. Ability to Repay Debt

As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, The Company has profit before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization ("EBITDA") equal to 219.98 million THB, 370.26 million THB, and 919.00 million THB, respectively.

Interest Coverage Ratio ("ICR")

The interest coverage ratio (ICR) is calculated from profit before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA) and then divided by interest payable. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, The Company's ICR was at 0.44 times, 0.63 times, and 1.87 times, respectively. The ratios that are more than 1.00 times mean that EBITDA can support interest expenses for that period, but it can be seen that the ratios as of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021, are less than 1 time, indicating the low ability of The Company to operate to support interest expenses that occur. If in the future the performance is not as expected or liquidity is not provided.

Debt Service Coverage Ratio ("DSCR")

The debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) is calculated from profit (loss) before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA), then divided by short-term interest-bearing debt combined with long-term interest-bearing debt maturing within 1 year. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, The Company has such ratio equal to 0.06 times, 0.10 times, and 0.18 times, respectively, which mean that The Company has insufficient EBITDA to pay off interest-bearing debt maturing within one year. However, as of December 31, 2022, The Company has interest-bearing liabilities maturing within 1 year in the amount of 3,591.11 million THB. A long-term loan from a financial institution maturing within 1 year in the amount of 619.02 million THB is a loan from investment in real estate project development with conditions to be repaid upon transfers of ownership to customers. Therefore, there may not be much impact on financial institutions debt repayment. However, if the revenue from project sales does not meet the target, it may affect the interest-bearing debt maturing within 1 year in the amount of 3,591.11 million THB because EBITDA may not be sufficient to pay off this debt. The Company has sought other sources of funds, namely issuing a new round of debentures, borrowing from a commercial bank, and cash flow from operations.

3. Risk of Liquidity

The liquidity ratio is calculated from current assets divided by current liabilities. As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, the ratio was at 1.85 times, 1.70 times, and 1.56 times, respectively.

The Company's current liabilities as of December 31, 2022, amounted to 5,283.52 million THB, mainly from a long-term loan from a financial institution maturing within 1 year in the amount of 619.02 million THB and debentures maturing within 1 year in the amount of 2,813.16 million THB. A Long-term loan from a financial institution maturing within 1 year is a loan from investment in building a project with terms of payment upon transfer of the project. Therefore, it is not necessary to prepare cash to pay off such debts. As for debentures maturing within one year, The Company plans to pay by issuing new debentures, bank loan withdrawals, and use of The Company's internal cash flow to repay the debentures.

03

BUSINESS SUSTAINABILITY
DEVELOPMENT**1. Sustainability Management Policy and Goal****1.1 Business operations with consideration for both short-term and long-term business growth**

To make business grow sustainably, the Company formulates business strategies by considering various risk factors both internal and external affecting the business in the short term and long term. However, the Company has the flexibility to change or adjust if the situation/risk factors changed.

1.2 Business operations with transparency and auditability

The Company does not support and fight against corruption with a policy to operate business with transparency in every step of the operations.

1.3 Business operations with consideration for related stakeholder

The Company has a policy to operate business with considering the impact of all stakeholders involved in the business operation to minimize the impact as much as possible both short-term and long-term.

1.4 Business operations with consideration for environment and society

The Company has a policy to manage the use of various resources for the utmost benefit, create good awareness of environmental stewardship, and minimize the impact on the environment as much as possible.

According to the sustainability management policy, the Company has adopted the Sustainable Development Goals at the international level to determine the scope of sustainability issues in order to set as a framework for strategic formulation and operational guidelines, develop the organization towards sustainable development in economic, social, and environmental dimensions as follows:



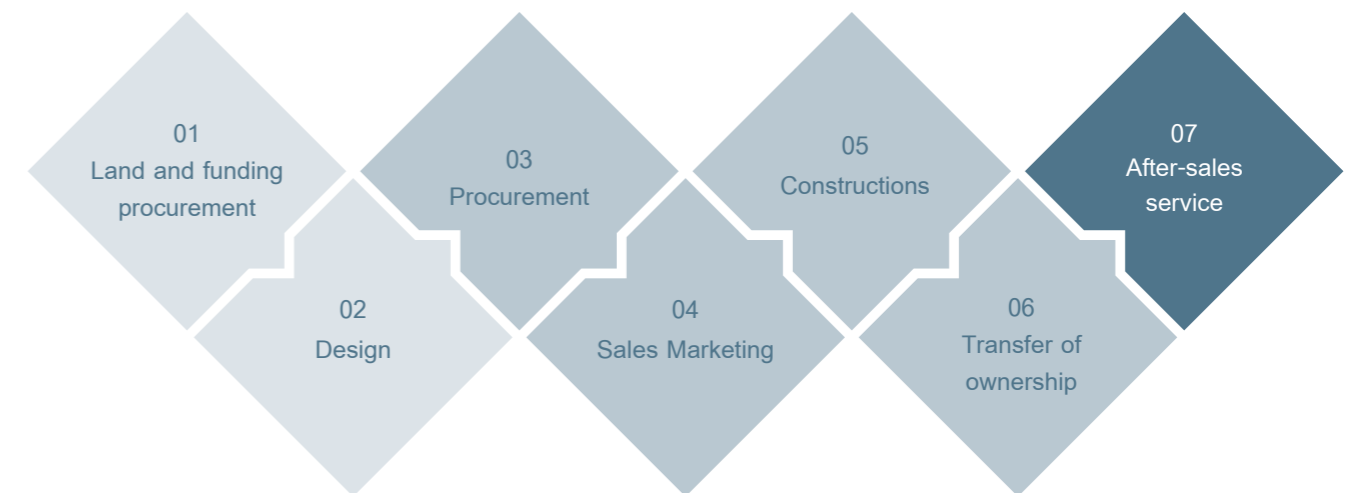
Sustainable Development Goals	Stakeholders	The Sustainable Development Practices		
		Economic Dimension	Social Dimension	Environmental Dimension
 <p>Good Health and Well-Being</p>	Employee Customer Partner Community		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product and Service with Awareness of Life Quality and Safety Employee Stewardship and Development Community Management 	
 <p>Quality Education</p>	Employee Customer Partner Community		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Human Resource Development Educational Support and Opportunity 	
 <p>Decent Work and Economic Growth</p>	Employee Customer Partner Shareholder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Business Growth Proper and Fair Employment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Human Resource Development 	
 <p>Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure</p>	Employee Customer Partner		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product and Service Development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Eco-Friendly Operation
 <p>Sustainable Cities and Communities</p>	Employee Customer Partner Community		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product and Service Development Value creation for the Community and Society 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduction of Resource Usages and Environmental Effects Greenhouse Gas Management

Sustainable Development Goals	Stakeholders	The Sustainable Development Practices		
		Economic Dimension	Social Dimension	Environmental Dimension
 <p>Responsible Consumption and Production</p>	Employee Customer Partner Community		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Product and Service Development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduction of Resource Usages and Environmental Effects Greenhouse Gas Management
 <p>Partnerships for the Goals</p>	Partner Community Shareholder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Business Growth 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Value Creation for the Community and Society 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduction of Resource Usages and Environmental Effects

2. Management of the Impact on Stakeholders in the Business Value Chain

2.1 Business Value Chain

The Company operates main business in real estate for sale by delivering business value chain from the start of the project to customers as follows:



Value Chain	Processes	Related Persons
01 Land acquisition and capital	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Search for suitable lands and evaluate project feasibility • Raise capital/plan for capital expenditure • Negotiate a land purchase 	Employees Land owners Financial institutions
02 Project design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Design project with regard to the clients' needs and related laws • Determine/choose quality and safe materials 	Employee Trade partners Government agencies
03 Procurement	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare the quality of materials that are suitable and in line with designs • Screen contractors/sellers who are fair and transparent 	Employees Trade partners
04 Sale and marketing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Communicate accurate and comprehensive information • Organize sales and marketing activities • Protect client confidentiality 	Employees Trade partners Clients
05 Construction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Request permission and abide by the relevant laws and regulations • Ensure construction quality control • Ensure safety and control the effects from construction 	Employees Trade partners Government agencies Communities
06 Conveyancing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure quality assurance before the transfer • Inspect and edit projects • Facilitate credit application and conveyancing 	Clients Employees Government agencies
07 After-sales service	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pick juristic persons • Receive any complaint after conveyancing • Build relations with clients 	Clients Employees



2.2 Operations related to stakeholder in the Business Value Chain

The Company has analyzed the expectations of internal and external stakeholders from the operations, established guidelines for responding to the expectations, and for stakeholder engagement as follows:

Stakeholders	Expectation	The guidelines for responding to expectations
Customer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Product and service quality with reasonable prices • Product services that correspond to the descriptions • After-sales service satisfaction • Reaction to complaints 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focusing on product improvement • The quality delivery inspection process • Focusing on after-sale service • Providing channels for receiving complaints and responding appropriately
Employee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reasonable remuneration and benefits • Career advancement • Increasing the knowledge and skills necessary for career advancement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust wages to be reasonable and fair • Take care of comfort and safety in the workplace • Promote the development of employees' knowledge and skills on a regular basis
Business Partner	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transparent and fair procurement reasonable compensation • Compliance with established commercial terms and conditions • Long-term business cooperation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Follow the procurement procedures strictly • Comply with the agreement in accordance with the principles of good corporate governance • Sharing business information for future planning
Community	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preventing and reducing the impact of construction • Social and Environmental Responsibility 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Buling a good relationship with the communities surrounding the project • Compliance with measures to reduce the impact on construction • Support activities that improve the quality of life and society
Government Sector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compliance with laws, rules, and regulations related to business operations • Disclosure of accurate and complete information 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Giving priority to compliance with relevant laws, rules, and regulations
Shareholder	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consistent improvement in performance • Return on equity • Management based on good governance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Business growth and reasonable remuneration • Disclosure of complete and transparent business information

3. Environmental Sustainability Management

The Company considers the environmental impact of its operations in all areas, including the construction and development process, which has the greatest impact, as well as office operations. The management of the environmental dimension of The Company is as follows:

3.1 Environmental Management in Construction

The Company manages the environmental dimension in construction by dividing it into 3 phases: pre-construction, construction, and post-construction. The details are as follows:



Pre-Construction Phase

- The design considers environmental requirements, such as sunlight reflection.
- The design uses materials that reduce environmental impact, conserve resources, or maximize resource efficiency.
- The design includes as much green space as possible to help create balance with nature.
- The design maximizes the use of indoor and outdoor space for maximum benefit.
- Survey the opinions of the community.

Construction Phase

- Control construction by adhering to the measures specified in the EIA report.
- Control construction for maximum efficiency to reduce resource loss.
- Use technology to control construction, such as BIM.
- Survey and monitor the impact on the community.

Post-Construction Phase

- Train juristic persons on how to utilize public utilities.
- Promote waste management in residential areas.
- Survey and monitor the impact on the community.

The Company is aware that its real estate business may have direct or indirect impacts on the environment and climate change. To support sustainable development and reinforce The Company's commitment to caring for customers, homeowners, employees, and society, The Company has launched the CARE-SHARE-CHANGE campaign to help the community in a sustainable way.

As part of its Construction Site Management, The Company has developed new ways to improve the living conditions of project homeowners while also taking care of the environment and surrounding communities. The Company has installed large air purifiers called "The Cloud Major's Air Purifier" at every new construction site. This has helped to reduce the overall amount of dust particles in the air by about 30%, as well as reducing PM10 particle pollution by approximately 14% compared to the amount measured around the construction sites before the air purifiers were installed. The air purifiers are currently located at the construction site of the Metris District Ladprao and Malton Gates Krungthep Kreetha projects and will be installed at every construction site to help treat the air and reduce pollution, including PM2.5 particles, for the benefit of the residents living near mentioned projects and the surrounding communities.



3.2 Minimizing the Environmental Impact

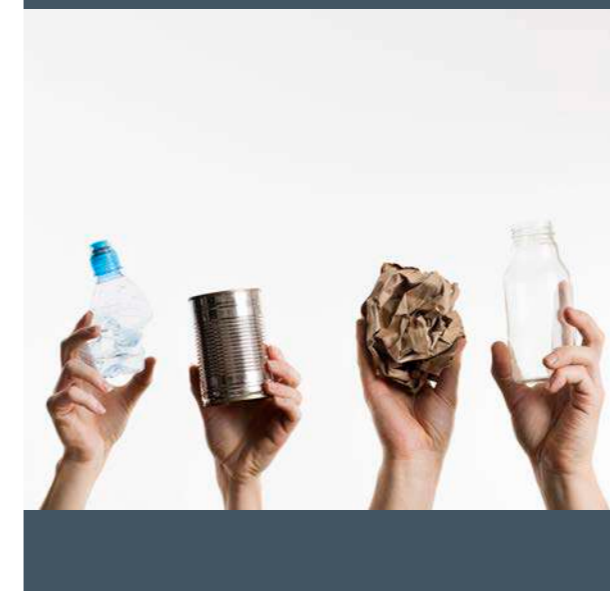
The Company recognizes the importance of reducing resource consumption or using resources efficiently to minimize environmental impact. Various activities have been implemented in accordance with the resource reduction policy, as follows:

- Waste management and sustainable value creation through waste separation campaigns for residents and employees. Waste is separated into four categories, including recyclable waste, non-recyclable waste, organic waste, and pet waste, to help alleviate environmental pollution and improve quality of life. Separated waste from various projects is recycled to reduce the creation of new products that generate waste and cause environmental problems.
- Empowering people to tackle waste problems in condominiums and offices, where waste is generated from the source. The Company promotes new ideas and practical methods to change behavior toward waste disposal, supporting the positive use of resources and improving the efficiency of waste management for each type of waste. This campaign began as a pilot project in Metris District Ladprao and Major Tower Thonglor and will be expanded to other areas to help create a sustainable quality of life for society.
- The "Re-Use" project aims to reduce resource consumption by reusing paper in various types of office documents. Unnecessary calendars are donated to the Blind Foundation to produce Braille letters.

Regarding greenhouse gas reduction, The Company does not have a policy on greenhouse gas emissions at this time. However, The Company is considering data collection and analysis to determine future greenhouse gas reduction policies. The Company may hire experts to provide reliable and effective data analysis and recommendations.

3.3 Knowledge Sharing

The Company promotes shared awareness and cooperation in waste management through various practical methods in that everyone can participate. The Company works with environmental influencer Konggreengreen to initiate changes



in waste separation within condominiums through the online content production of "Condo Go Green." This encourages younger generations to pay more attention to and be aware of the environment, with the hope of achieving changes in behavior for a better world and society. Moreover, The Company provides knowledge and pleasure through workshops and events to increase resident participation and awareness of the value of the environment, especially under the Major Prestige Roadshow program, which is tailored to the residents of Major developments, which the program is adapted to various projects by Major Development.

The Company is committed to taking social responsibility and participating in significant changes by incorporating the Circular Economy principle into its business operations. The three areas of focus, including Green Living, Green Office, and Green Site, are expected to help create an environmentally-friendly living environment.

4. Sustainable Management in the Social Dimension

4.1 Social Policy and Practices

Respect for Human Rights

The Company places great importance on and respects fundamental human rights. The Company has a policy not to engage in any activities that violate fundamental human rights, such as the use of child labor, and supports equal employment opportunities for all genders, as specified in the "Code of Conduct and Practices in the Workplace." Examples of human rights practices include:

- Controlling the environment and working system according to the principles of occupational health and safety at work.
- No limitation of nationality, religion, and gender in considering employment, and complying with employment laws for persons with disabilities.
- Setting policies on maintaining confidentiality and controlling access to personal information of employees. The Company places importance on the collection and storage of personal information of job applicants and both current and former employees.
- Providing opportunities for employees to express their opinions or channel complaints and grievances through the "Care Your Voice" platform.

Fair Labor Treatment

The Company treats the employees equally and fairly with no discrimination against any person. There are rules for considering wages, wage increases, and growth in the line of work which is appropriate, systematic, and consistent with other businesses in the same industry. The Company provides various welfare such as medical treatment, annual health checks, and life insurance, including the establishment of a provident fund as a guarantee in the future, and also encourages savings for employees. For the learning part, The Company has conducted a survey on the need for

training in order to provide employees with opportunities to develop their skills, knowledge, and abilities continuously, as well as employee development in accordance with work characteristics.

In the past year, The Company operates in relation to employees, in which summaries are as follows:

- Employee benefits, such as increasing the credit limit for employee housing loans and offering special discounts for employees purchasing residential properties from

The Company, as well as providing facilities for exercise and fitness.

- Social welfare benefits supported by the government, such as reducing social security contribution rates for employees and returning contributions to the employer's provident fund.
- Providing protective equipment such as masks, alcohol, and ATK testing equipment for the project staff, and weekly cleaning and disinfecting for office buildings.



4.2 Social Performance Results

The Company gives importance to community and social development in the line with business operations and promotes the development related to the communities and societies by organizing various projects to develop communities and society for sustainability.

As a leader in pet-friendly condominiums, The Company is aware that the problem of abandoned pets often arises from inadequate living conditions. Therefore, pet-friendly condominiums are the solution for urbanites who wish to keep pets. Not only does this eliminate the need to hide pets, but it also provides communal areas for pets to exercise and promotes a quality of life that is equal for both pets and their owners. Therefore, The Company encourages pet lovers to plan their living conditions thoroughly before deciding to adopt pets, as this is a long-term responsibility to care for the pets. The Company also supports various foundations

that aim to reduce the number of stray dogs and cats by promoting responsible pet ownership. These foundations include The Voice Foundation, Catster by Kingdomoftigers Foundation, The Man That Rescues Dogs Foundation, and Soi Dogs Foundation.

Furthermore, during the COVID-19 pandemic, The Company allocated Moderna vaccines to take care of its employees and contractors in all areas, including employees of the MDPC Company Limited and its subsidiaries, subcontractors, and workers of the construction sites of Metris Ladprao and Malton Gates Krungthep Kreetha. The vaccines were prioritized for those who had not yet received their third and fourth doses, as well as for those who had not yet received any vaccines. This initiative was a part of the Major Care-Share-Change project, which aims to take social responsibility by ensuring the well-being of all stakeholders involved.



04

MANAGEMENT
DISCUSSION
AND ANALYSIS**Financial Statement****Independent Auditor's Report**

Financial Statement	Auditor	Auditor's Report
2022	Miss Manee Rattanabunnakit Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5313 EY Office Limited	Auditor's report had an unqualified opinion to the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, operating result and cash flows for the year then ended of the company and its subsidiaries and the separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.
2021	Miss Manee Rattanabunnakit Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5313 EY Office Limited	Auditor's report had an unqualified opinion to the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, operating result and cash flows for the year then ended of the company and its subsidiaries and the separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.
2020	Miss Manee Rattanabunnakit Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5313 EY Office Limited	Auditor's report had an unqualified opinion to the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, operating result and cash flows for the year then ended of the company and its subsidiaries and the separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.



Statement of financial position and operating result
Statement of financial position for the year 2020 - 2022

Statement of financial position	31 December 2022		31 December 2021		31 December 2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,007.51	6.12	539.05	3.38	1,548.13	8.25
Trade and other receivables	145.12	0.88	178.30	1.12	134.96	0.72
Current portion of long-term loans to related parties	268.63	1.63	-	-	244.80	1.30
Real estate development cost	6,677.04	40.55	7,030.17	44.03	8,444.74	45.01
Advances for construction	213.32	1.30	95.62	0.60	151.53	0.81
Deposits for purchase of land	66.49	0.40	96.11	0.60	440.86	2.35
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	35.98	0.22	67.17	0.42	220.43	1.17
Other current assets	45.31	0.28	165.89	1.04	115.67	0.62
Total current assets	8,459.40	51.37	8,172.30	51.18	11,301.13	60.23
Non-current assets						
Restricted bank deposits	19.94	0.12	41.03	0.26	32.53	0.17
Prepayment for purchase of shares	796.42	4.84	546.24	3.42	397.91	2.12
Investments in joint ventures	225.52	1.37	103.93	0.65	108.51	0.58
Long-term loans to related parties	398.62	2.42	790.89	4.95	201.19	1.07
Investment properties	4,126.74	25.06	3,785.44	23.71	3,743.79	19.95
Property, plant and equipment	2,063.24	12.53	2,222.93	13.92	2,684.84	14.31
Intangible assets	19.30	0.12	16.50	0.10	19.64	0.10
Deposits for purchase of land	87.50	0.53	87.50	0.55	87.50	0.47
Deferred tax assets	181.17	1.10	120.26	0.75	164.29	0.88
Other non-current assets	88.75	0.54	79.69	0.50	22.08	0.12
Total non-current assets	8,007.22	48.63	7,794.40	48.82	7,462.27	39.77
Total assets	16,466.62	100.00	15,966.70	100.00	18,763.40	100.00
Liabilities and shareholders' equity						
Current liabilities						
Short-term loans	150.00	0.91	178.31	1.12	239.54	1.28
Trade and other payables	406.57	2.47	324.13	2.03	713.12	3.80
Retention payables	155.58	0.94	178.01	1.11	343.96	1.83

Statement of financial position	31 December 2022		31 December 2021		31 December 2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Deposits and advances from customers	282.62	1.72	341.56	2.14	893.03	4.76
Current portion of long-term loans from financial institutions	619.02	3.76	736.60	4.61	1,549.50	8.26
Current portion of lease liabilities	8.93	0.05	11.31	0.07	10.09	0.05
Current portion of debentures	2,813.16	17.08	2,777.05	17.39	3,290.63	17.54
Income tax payable	19.15	0.12	0.26	0.00	45.36	0.24
Other current liabilities	125.44	0.76	243.95	1.53	176.32	0.94
Total current liabilities	4,580.47	27.82	4,791.19	30.01	7,261.55	38.70
Non-current liabilities						
Long-term bill of exchange	40.49	0.25	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans from financial institutions	3,511.48	21.32	2,203.91	13.80	2,672.84	14.24
Debentures	2,962.13	17.99	3,310.10	20.73	2,803.58	14.94
Lease liabilities	23.23	0.14	19.24	0.12	26.62	0.14
Provision for long-term employee benefits	51.09	0.31	52.14	0.33	54.94	0.29
Deferred tax liabilities	299.38	1.82	250.34	1.57	266.90	1.42
Other non-current liabilities	38.42	0.23	29.90	0.19	23.47	0.13
Total non-current liabilities	6,926.22	42.06	5,865.63	36.74	5,848.34	31.17
Total liabilities	11,506.69	69.88	10,656.82	66.74	13,109.89	69.87
Shareholders' equity						
Registered	1,050.00		1,050.00		1,050.00	
Issued and paid-up	860.41	5.23	860.41	5.39	860.41	4.59
Premium on ordinary shares	875.27	5.32	875.27	5.48	875.27	4.66
Retained earnings						
Appropriated - statutory reserve	105.00	0.64	105.00	0.66	105.00	0.56
Unappropriated	2,839.62	17.24	3,201.25	20.05	3,565.37	19.00
Other components of shareholders' equity	279.70	1.70	267.55	1.68	247.46	1.32
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,959.92	30.12	5,309.89	33.26	5,653.50	30.13
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	16,466.62	100.00	15,953.99	100.00	18,763.40	100.00

Income Statement for the year 2020 - 2022

Statement of financial position	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Revenues						
Sales	2,371.71	79.54	4,010.88	90.27	6,677.50	89.71
Revenues from hotel operations	177.08	5.94	97.99	2.21	155.70	2.09
Management fee income	78.89	2.65	96.39	2.17	89.92	1.21
Rental income	132.74	4.45	92.68	2.09	87.95	1.18
Net gain from change in fair value of investment properties	134.48	4.51	39.12	0.88	108.81	1.46
Other income	87.07	2.92	106.35	2.39	323.92	4.35
Total revenues	2,981.97	100.00	4,443.41	100.00	7,443.81	100.00
Expenses						
Cost of sales	1,714.86	57.51	2,692.04	60.58	4,796.95	64.44
Cost from hotel operations	136.38	4.57	118.34	2.66	160.83	2.16
Cost of services	67.31	2.26	70.29	1.58	70.53	0.95
Cost of rental	40.66	1.36	31.27	0.70	28.16	0.38
Selling expenses	365.23	12.25	541.61	12.19	981.55	13.19
Administrative expenses	692.62	23.23	748.46	16.84	754.23	10.13
Total expenses	3,017.07	101.18	4,202.01	94.57	6,792.26	91.25
Operating profit (loss)	(35.10)	(1.18)	241.41	5.43	651.55	8.75
Share of profit from investments in joint ventures	147.53	4.95	6.08	0.14	132.59	1.78
Profit (loss) before Finance cost and Income tax expenses	112.43	3.77	247.49	5.57	784.14	10.53
Finance income	43.27	1.45	37.84	0.85	21.72	0.29
Finance cost	(504.31)	(16.91)	(587.29)	(13.22)	(490.14)	(6.58)
Loss before income tax expenses	(348.61)	(11.69)	(301.96)	(6.80)	315.73	4.24
Income tax expenses	(21.79)	(0.73)	(51.30)	(1.15)	(116.39)	(1.56)
Loss for the year	(370.40)	(12.42)	(353.26)	(7.95)	199.34	2.68

Statement of cash flows 2020 - 2022

Information (Unit: Million Baht)	2022	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss before tax	(348.61)	(301.96)	315.73
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash			
Depreciation and amortisation	107.55	122.78	134.86
Allowance for expected credit losses	0.12	0.37	-
Loss (gain) on sale and write-off assets	39.66	23.77	14.35
Write-off of withholding tax deducted at source and value added tax	0.35	6.89	20.26
Write-off of construction cost estimation	(6.98)	-	-
Reversal of provision for deposits for purchase of land	-	-	(12.50)
Provision for long-term employee benefits (reversal)	9.30	(16.60)	(2.16)
Share of profit from investments in joint ventures	(147.53)	(6.08)	(132.59)
Net gain from change in fair value of investment properties	(134.48)	(39.12)	(108.81)
Finance income	(43.27)	(37.84)	(21.72)
Finance cost	476.49	555.99	458.57
Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(47.40)	308.19	665.99
Operating assets (increase) decrease			
Trade and other receivables	21.01	(7.94)	(5.43)
Real estate development cost	1,025.06	1,722.96	2,125.95
Advances for construction	(148.15)	55.91	200.14
Deposits for purchase of land	(34.68)	124.47	(37.50)
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	31.19	153.26	253.54
Other current assets	9.04	(21.23)	14.38
Other non-current assets	(0.29)	(57.61)	(9.80)
Operating liabilities increase (decrease)			
Trade and other payables	73.80	(378.14)	(274.89)
Retention payables	(17.85)	(165.95)	16.06
Deposits and advances from customers	(58.94)	(551.47)	(679.04)
Other current liabilities	(118.52)	67.64	(65.94)
Other non-current liabilities	8.52	6.43	(1.13)
Cash flows from operating activities	742.79	1,256.53	2,202.33
Interest paid	(593.72)	(676.87)	(617.43)
Cash received from withholding tax deducted at source and value added tax	26.16	12.70	75.47
Corporate income tax paid	(48.44)	(123.09)	(147.70)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	126.78	469.27	1,512.67

Information (Unit: Million Baht)	2020	2021	2020
Cash flows from investing activities			
Decrease (increase) in restricted bank deposits	21.08	(8.50)	28.97
Acquisition of investment properties	(484.56)	(6.48)	(107.58)
Cash received from sales of investment properties	-	-	8.00
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(25.75)	(19.28)	(97.55)
Cash received from sales of property, plant and equipment	2.27	394.78	40.67
Acquisition of intangible assets	(6.60)	(1.79)	(2.33)
Prepayment for purchase of shares	(250.18)	(148.33)	(232.64)
Cash payment for investment in joint ventures	-	(5.75)	(5.10)
Cash payment for long-term loans to related parties	-	(328.50)	(83.00)
Cash received from long-term loans to related parties	149.57	-	-
Interest received	55.40	2.07	2.69
Dividend received	-	-	198.89
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(538.77)	(121.78)	(248.96)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Decrease in bank overdrafts from financial institutions	-	-	(0.97)
Decrease in short-term loans	(32.00)	(60.00)	(125.00)
Cash received from short-term loans from related parties	-	-	50.00
Repayment of short-term loans from related parties	-	-	(50.00)
Cash received from long-term bill of exchange	44.00	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(12.01)	(12.34)	(11.97)
Cash received from debentures	2,464.30	3,297.00	2,138.60
Repayment of debentures	(2,788.60)	(3,300.00)	(1,699.40)
Cash received from long-term loans from financial institutions	2,184.38	2,213.66	3,498.49
Repayment of long-term loans from financial institutions	(979.63)	(3,495.49)	(3,904.02)
Proceed in subsidiary's shares from non-controlling interests	-	0.60	-
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	880.45	(1,356.57)	(104.27)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	468.47	(1,009.08)	1,159.44
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	539.05	1,548.13	388.69
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,007.51	539.05	1,548.13

FINANCIAL RATIO	2022	2021	2022
Total Assets	16,466.62	15,966.70	18,763.40
Total Liabilities	11,506.69	10,656.82	13,109.89
Shareholders' equity	4,959.92	5,309.89	5,653.50
Total revenues	2,981.97	4,443.41	7,443.81
Total expenses	3,017.07	4,202.01	6,792.26
Net Profit (Loss)	(370.40)	(353.26)	199.34
Gross Profit Margin ^{1/} (Percentage)	29.02	32.25	27.88
Operating Profit (Loss) Margin (Percentage)	3.59	5.56	10.35
Net Profit (Loss) Margin (Percentage)	-11.84	-7.94	2.63
Return on Equity (Percentage)	2.19	4.51	14.12
Debt-to-Equity Ratio ^{2/} (Times) (According to the terms of the debenture rights)	1.84	1.64	1.60
Liquidity Ratio (Times)	1.85	1.71	1.56
Quick Liquidity Ratio ^{3/} (Times)	0.39	0.24	0.39
Interest Coverage Ratio (ICR) ^{4/} (Times)	0.44	0.63	1.87
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (DSCR) ^{5/} (Times)	0.06	0.10	0.18
Debt to Equity Ratio (D/E) (Times)	2.32	2.01	2.32
Interest Bearing Debt to Equity ^{6/} (Times)	2.04	1.74	1.87
Interest-Bearing Debt to Profit before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization Ratio ^{7/} (Times)	46.04	24.95	11.53
BE Size to Interest Bearing Debt Ratio (Times)	0.00	0.02	0.00
Interest-Bearing Debt Maturing within 1 Year to Total Interest-Bearing Debt Ratio (Percentage)	35.46	40.09	48.05
Loans From Financial Institutions to Total Liabilities Ratio (Percentage)	35.90	27.59	32.21
Loans From Financial Institutions to Interest-Bearing Debt Ratio (Percentage)	40.78	31.84	39.86
Debt Instrument to Interest-Bearing Debt Ratio (Percentage)	57.42	67.83	59.79
Other Interest-Bearing Debt to Interest-Bearing Debt (Percentage)	1.80	0.33	0.35

Remark:

1/ Only main revenue means the sales revenue of units in real estate projects, revenue from hotel business, administrative revenue, and service rental revenue.

2/ The term means liabilities according to the consolidated financial statements with interest obligations (but not including trade debt, money received in advance and/or any debt without interest and/or loans from related persons and/or juristic persons) deduct cash and/or cash equivalents and/or short-term investment and/or investments in trading securities. The Company is obligated to comply with the terms and conditions governing the rights and obligations of the debenture issuer and debenture holders, which must maintain the ratio of net debt-to-equity throughout the life of the debentures in the consolidated financial statements of the debenture issuer that have been audited by the auditor of the debenture issuer. The ratio is not exceeding 3.5 : 1 at the end of the fiscal year.

3/ Calculation formula: (Cash and cash equivalents + trade accounts receivable and other receivable)/current liabilities

4/ Calculation formula: Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization/interest payable

5/ Calculation formula: Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization / (short - term interest - bearing debt + long-term interest bearing debt maturing within 1 year)

6/ Calculation formula: Total liabilities / shareholder's equity (requirements of loan ratio from commercial banks)

7/ Calculation formula: Interest - bearing debt / profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization

Discussion and Analysis of Financial Position and Performance

1. Operations Overview, Financial Position, and Significant Changes

The Company has a total revenue in 2022 of 2,981.97 million THB, a decrease of 1,461.44 million THB or 32.89% compared to the year 2021 with a total revenue of 4,443.41 million THB. The decrease in total revenue is due to the decrease in revenue from the transfer of ownership of the real estate business. However, as a result of the relaxation of COVID-19 measures, The Company's revenue from the hotel business and office building business increased.

In 2021, The Company has a total revenue of 4,443.41 million THB, a decrease of 3,000.40 million THB or 40.31% compared to the year 2020 with a total revenue of 7,443.81 million THB. The decrease in the total revenue of 2021 compared to 2020 is due to a decrease in revenue from the transfer of ownership of the real estate business, including the revenue of the hotel business that has decreased due to the impact of the COVID-19 epidemic since the end of 2019 to the present.

On December 31, 2022, The Company has apartment house projects that are in progress, both projects that have been completed and projects that are under construction, a total of 17 projects. There are 14 projects completed and ready to move in, and 3 projects under construction as follows:

Completed Projects

- Aguston Sukhumvit 22
- Manor Sanambinnam
- M Jatujak
- Maestro 01 Yenakat
- Maestro 19 Ratchada 19 - Vipha
- Metris Rama 9- Ramkhamhaeng
- Muniq Lang Suan**
- Metris Ladprao
- Metris Pattanakarn-Ekkamai
- Malton Private Residences Ari
- Maru Ekkamai 2
- Maru Ladprao 15
- Marvest Hua Hin
- Muniq Sukhumvit 23*

Under - Construction Projects

- Malton Gates - Krungthep Kreetha
- Mayfield Pinklao
- Metris District Ladprao

* It is the project developed by Major Residences Company Limited, a joint venture in which the Company holds 51% of shares. (Not included in the consolidated financial statement.)

** It is the project developed by MJD-JV1 Company Limited, a joint venture in which The Company holds 51% of shares. (Not included in the consolidated financial statement.)

Summary of company's condominium projects as of 31 December 2022

Condominium Projects

Project Name	Location	Project Value (Million Baht)	Units	Selling Area (SQ.M.)	Project Status	Expected to be Completed
Aguston Sukhumvit 22	Sukhumvit 22	2,345	251	21,713	Ready to move in	-
Manor Sanambinnam	Sanambinnam rd., Next to Ministry of Commerce	4,578	1,848	65,554	Ready to move in	-
M Jatujak ^{/1}	Phaholyothin rd. near BTS Mo Chit and Saphan Kwai, MRT Kamphaeng Phet and Chatuchak	4,436	864	32,415	Ready to move in	-
Maestro 01 Sathorn - Yenakat ^{/1}	Soi Yenakat 1 - Sathorn	700	88	5,374	Ready to move in	-
Maestro 19 Ratchada19 - Vipha ^{/1}	Soi Ratchada Phisek 19	2,085	560	19,350	Ready to move in	-
Marvest Hua Hin ^{/5}	Hua Hin, Prachuap Khiri Khan	900	336	11,312	Ready to move in	-
Muniq Sukhumvit 23 ^{/2}	Soi Sukhumvit 23	2,461	201	11,846	Ready to move in	-
Metris Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng ^{/1}	Ramkhamhaeng rd.	2,250	570	21,423	Ready to move in	-
Metris Ladprao ^{/1}	Ladprao rd.	880	193	12,881	Ready to move in	-
Maru Ekkamai 2 ^{/3}	Ekkamai rd.	2,564	333	13,762	Ready to move in	-
Maru Ladprao 15 ^{/3}	Ladprao rd.	1,712	332	12,882	Ready to move in	-
Metris Pattanakarn - Ekkamai ^{/1}	Pattanakarn rd.	1,204	341	12,585	Ready to move in	-
Muniq Langsuan ^{/4}	Soi Ton Son	3,750	166	13,177	Ready to move in	-
Metris District Ladprao ^{/6}	Ladprao rd.	3,057	741	24,857	Under construction	Q3/2024



Housing Projects

Project Name	Location	Project Value (Million Baht)	Units	Selling Area (Rai)	Project Status	Expected to be Completed
Malton Private Residences Ari ^{/1}	Phahon Yothin 8 (Soi Sai Lom)	699	8	1-1-97.7	Ready to move in	-
Malton Gates - Krungthep Kreetha ^{/1}	Srinagarindra – Rom Klao rd.	2,463	49	1-3-41	Under construction	Q1/2023
Mayfield Pinklao ^{/7}	Borommaratchachonnani Soi 6	1,069	68	8-2-45	Under construction	Q2/2024

Remark : ^{/1} Developed by Major Development Estate Company Limited ^{/5} Developed by MJC Development Company Limited
^{/2} Developed by Major Residences Company Limited (Joint Venture) ^{/6} Developed by Major SPV One Company Limited
^{/3} Developed by MJD Residences Company Limited ^{/7} Developed by MJV2 Company Limited
^{/4} Developed by MJD-JV1 Company Limited (Joint Venture)

2. Performance

Total Revenue

The Company's revenue structure between 2020 2021 and 2022 are as follows:

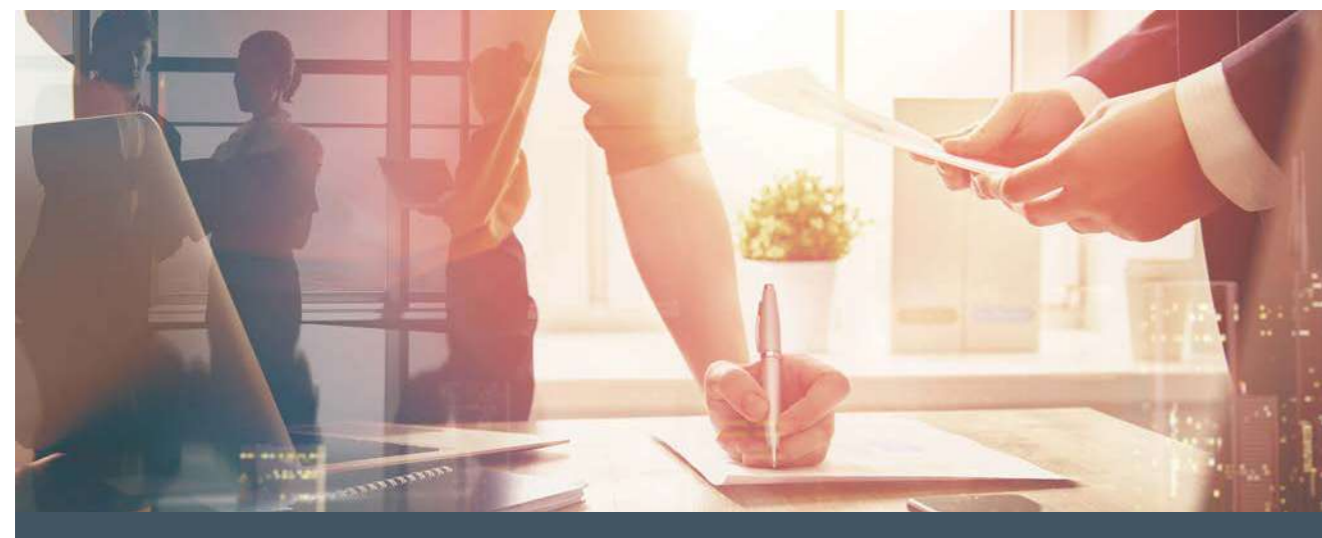
Revenue (Consolidated)	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Revenue from Sales						
Watermark Chaophya River Tower A	-	-	37.00	0.83%	-	-
Reflection Jomtien Beach Pattaya	-	-	134.00	3.02%	441.83	5.94%
Equinox Phahol-Vibha	-	-	32.00	0.72%	-	-
M Silom	-	-	-	-	36.75	0.49%
Chic District Ram 53	-	-	-	-	74.00	0.99%
Maestro 39	-	-	6.00	0.14%	12.72	0.17%
Manor Sanambinnam	125.97	4.22%	100.88	2.27%	318.29	4.28%
Maestro 02	-	-	-	-	37.70	0.51%
Maestro 12	-	-	-	-	6.57	0.09%
M Thonglor 10	-	-	-	-	139.20	1.87%
M Jatujak	67.32	2.26%	268.00	6.03%	600.17	8.06%
Maestro 01	107.85	3.62%	123.00	2.77%	53.32	0.72%
Maestro 03	88.85	2.98%	119.00	2.68%	135.48	1.82%
Maestro 14	-	-	62.00	1.40%	229.78	3.09%
Maestro 07	-	-	-	-	12.98	0.17%

Revenue (Consolidated)	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Maestro 19	203.79	6.83%	182.00	4.10%	332.42	4.47%
Mavista Krungthep Kreetha	-	-	-	-	768.00	10.32%
Marvest Hua Hin	62.96	2.11%	42.00	0.95%	285.76	3.84%
Mieler Sukhumvit 40	-	-	-	-	329.47	4.43%
Metris Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng	208.10	6.98%	290.00	6.53%	1,533.25	20.60%
Malton Private Residences Sukhumvit 31	-	-	114.00	2.57%	275.06	3.70%
Metris Ladprao	131.64	4.41%	211.00	4.75%	377.10	5.07%
Malton Private Residences Ari	118.90	3.99%	65.00	1.46%	142.00	1.91%
Maru Ladprao 15	532.05	17.84%	639.00	14.38%	330.09	4.43%
Maru Ekkamai 2	545.19	18.28%	1,392.00	31.33%	205.56	2.76%
Metris Pattanakarn - Ekkamai	179.09	6.01%	194.00	4.37%	-	-
Total revenue from Sales by projects	2,371.71	79.54%	4,010.88	90.27%	6,677.50	89.71%
Revenues from hotel operations	177.08	5.94%	97.99	2.21%	155.71	2.09%
Management fee income	78.89	2.65%	96.39	2.17%	89.92	1.21%
Rental income	132.74	4.45%	92.68	2.09%	87.95	1.18%
Gain on change in fair value of investment properties	134.48	4.51%	39.12	0.88%	108.81	1.46%
Other income	87.07	2.92%	106.35	2.39%	323.92	4.35%
Total revenues	2,981.97	100.00%	4,443.41	100.00%	7,443.81	100.00%

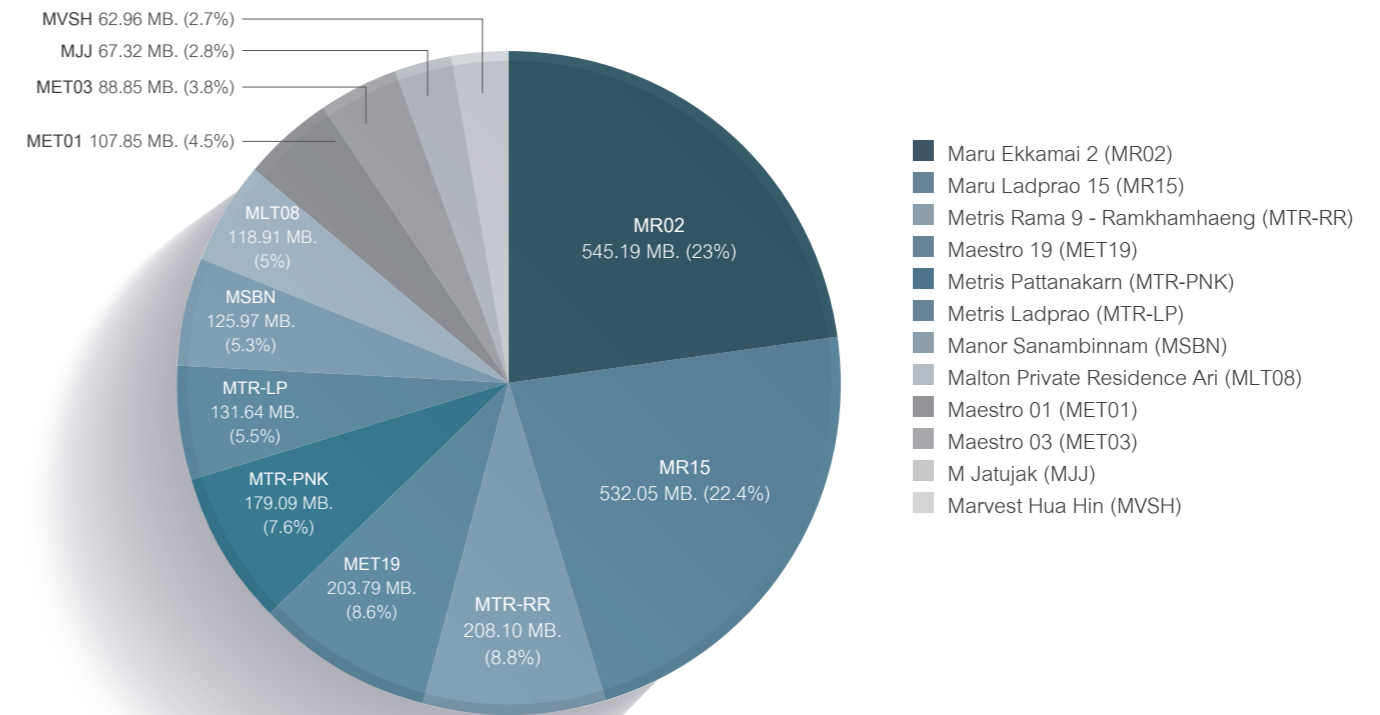
Sales Revenue

The Company has sales revenue in 2022 in the amount of 2,371.71 million THB, a decrease of 1,639.17 million THB, or 40.87%. The Company's ownership transfer has decreased compared to the year 2021 with sales revenue of 4,010.88 million THB because The Company has not transferred ownership of new projects that have been completed this year. All of the transfers of the ownership of The Company are from the sale of the existing projects that were completed before 2022, resulting in a decrease in sales revenue. In 2022, there were 12 projects transferred in ownership. Most of the sales revenue came from ownership transfers in MARU Ladprao 15 and Maru Ekkamai 2 projects, which were completed and started ownership transferring at the end of 2020. The Company has the total revenue of these 2 projects of 1,077.24 million THB, accounting for 45.42% of sales revenue. In addition, The Company has revenue from other ongoing projects totaling 1,294.47 million THB, representing 54.58% of sales revenue, such as Maestro 19 Ratchada 19 - Vipha, Metris Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng, Metris Pattanakarn - Ekamai, and Metris Ladprao, etc. However, in 2022, The Company transferred ownership and recognized revenue from the Muniq Lang Suan project in the amount of 1,791.68 million THB and the Muniq Sukhumvit 23 project in the amount of 255.82 million THB, which are projects developed by a joint venture in which The Company holds 51.00% of shares, therefore, the revenue of the mentioned projects is not included in the consolidated financial statements.

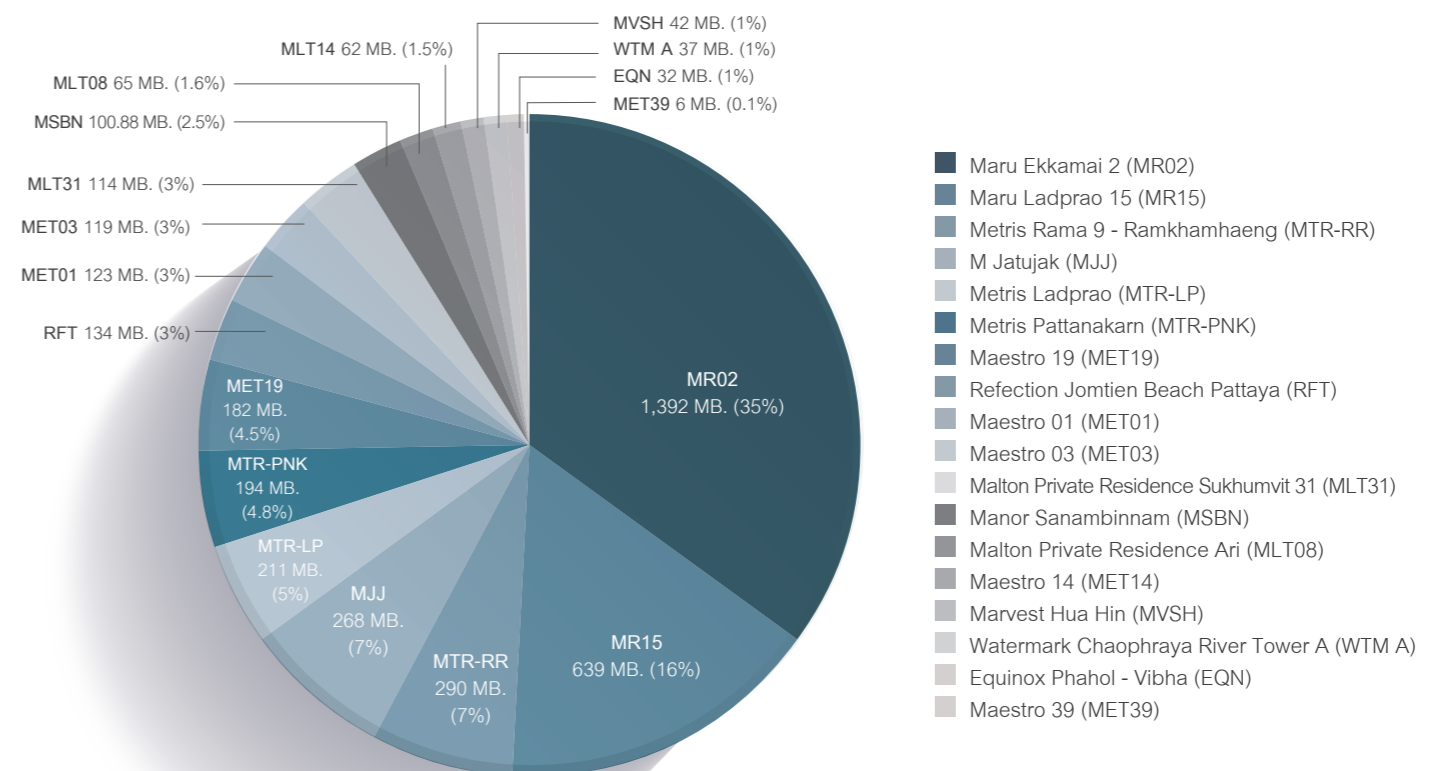
The Company has sales revenue in 2021 in the amount of 4,010.88 million THB, a decrease of 2,666.62 million THB or 39.93% compared to the year 2020 with sales revenue of 6,677.50 million THB. The Company's ownership transfers have decreased compared to the previous year because in 2021 there was only the Metris Pattanakarn - Ekamai project which has been completely constructed and ownership transfers started in the second quarter of 2021, while in 2020, The Company has revenue from transferring ownership of 4 apartment house projects, namely Metris Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng, Metris Ladprao, MARU Ladprao 15, and MARU Ekkamai 2 that were completely constructed and the transfers of ownership of the Mavista Prestige Village Krungthep Kreetha detached house project, which is a luxury detached house project. In 2021, there are a total of 18 projects with ownership transferred, with most of the sales revenue coming from the ownership transfers in the MARU Ladprao 15 project and the MARU Ekkamai 2 project, which have been completed and the ownership transfer has started since the 3rd quarter of 2020 and the 4th quarter of 2020, respectively. The Company has a total revenue from MARU Ladprao 15 and MARU Ekkamai 2 projects in the amount of 2,031 million THB in 2021 or 51% of sales revenue. In addition, The Company has revenue from other ongoing projects totaling 1,979.88 million THB, accounting for 49% of sales revenue, such as Metris Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng, M Jatujak, Metris Ladprao, Metris Pattanakarn - Ekkamai, Maestro Rama 19 Ratchada 19 - Vipha, and Reflection Jomtien Beach Pattaya etc.



Revenues from sales 2022



Revenues from sales 2021



More Information about the Company's Projects

(Unit: Million THB)

	Consolidated Financial Statements	
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Estimated total project value*	37,154	67,516
Value of sales that has already been contracted*	27,251	54,213
The ratio of the sale value that has been contracted* (Percentage)	63	80
The amount of the sale contract that has not yet been recognized as revenue*	2,415	3,306

*Joint venture projects included

Revenue from the Hotel Businesses

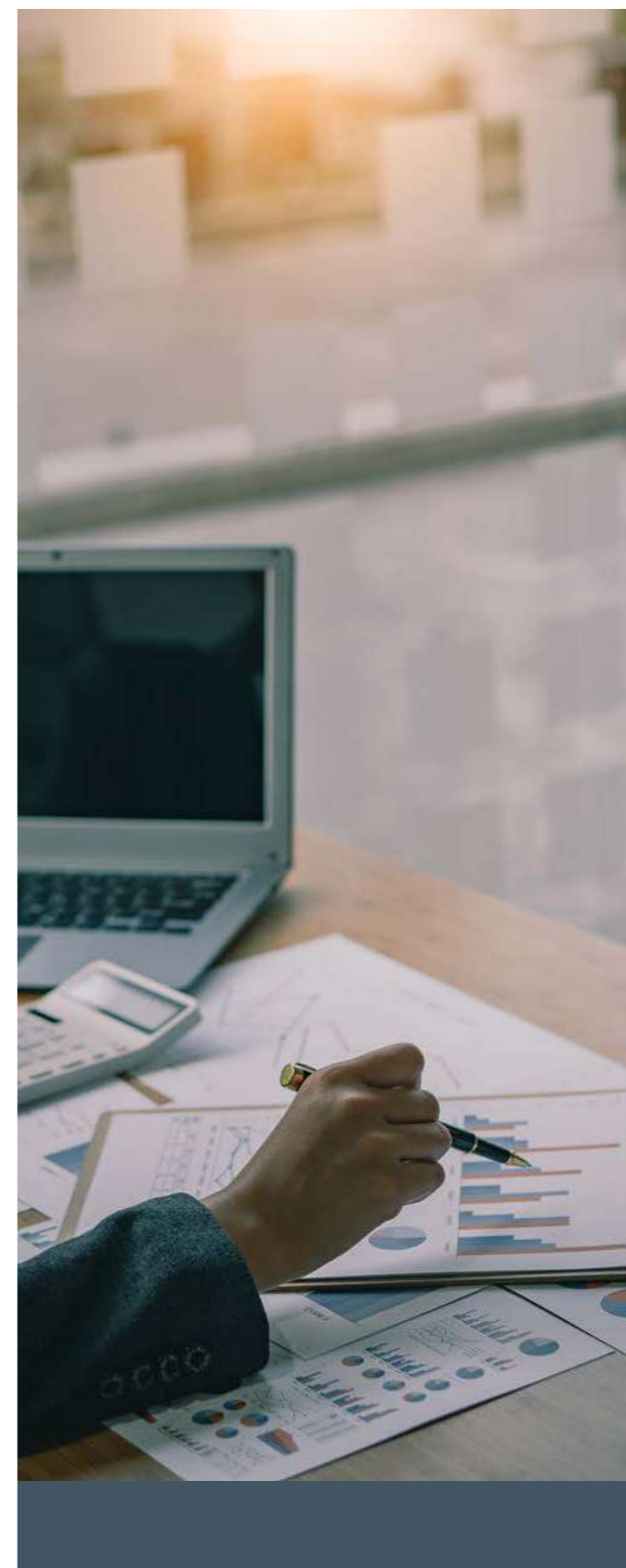
In 2022, the Company has revenue from hotel businesses, namely Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa Hotel, Centra Maris Resort Jomtien, and Maven Stylish Hotel Hua Hin, amounting to 177.08 million THB, an increase of 79.09 million THB, or increased by 80.71% compared to the year 2021, which has revenue from hotel business amounting to 97.0 million THB. It is due to the relaxation of COVID-19 control measures and the lifting of restrictions on traveling from abroad into Thailand. As a result, the occupancy rate of both Thai tourists and foreigners continuously increases compared to the previous year.

In 2021, the Company has revenue from hotel businesses, such as Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort & Spa Hotel, Centra by Centara Maris Resort Jomtien, and Maven Stylish Hotel Hua Hin, amounting to 97.99 million THB, a decrease of 57.71 million THB, or decreasing by 37.06% compared to the year 2020, which has revenue from hotel business amounting to 155.70 million THB. The decrease in revenue is due to the lower guest occupancy, which was the impact of the COVID-19 situation and recurred again from the end of December 2020 onwards.

* The Company has sold Maven Stylish Hotel Bangkok and the ownership transfer has already been registered on October 25, 2021.

Occupancy rate

Occupancy rate (%)	2022	2021	2020
Marrakesh Hua Hin Resort and Spa	39	27	34
Centra by Centara Maris Resort Jomtien	38	23	35
Maven Stylish Hotel Huahin	32	13	24



Administrative Revenue

In 2022, the Company has revenue from management fees (management from management service in joint venture projects and management of juristic persons in apartment house projects for third parties) in the amount of 78.89 million THB, a decrease of 17.50 million THB or 18.16% compared to the year 2021, with a management fee of 96.39 million THB due to the Muniq Sukhumvit 23 project and the Muniq Lang Suan project being completed. As a result, the project management contracts of both projects are terminated.

In 2021, the Company has revenue from management fees (management from management service in joint venture projects and management of juristic persons in apartment house projects for third parties) in the amount of 96.39 million THB, an increase of 6.47 million THB or an increase of 7.20% compared to the year 2020, with management revenue of 89.92 million THB, an increase from increased management services for juristic persons.

Rent Revenue

In 2022, the Company has revenue from rental and service (office buildings and commercial areas) in the amount of 132.74 million THB, an increase of 40.06 million THB or 43.22% compared to the year 2021, with the revenue of 92.68 million THB due to the increase in tenants of the Major Tower Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng office building. There are new tenants gradually replacing existing tenants who are affected by the COVID-19 epidemic and tenants who have expired leases of Major Tower Thonglor office buildings.

In 2021, The Company had rental revenue from office buildings and commercial spaces in the amount of 92.68 million THB, an increase of 4.73 million THB or 5.38% compared to the year 2020, with rental revenue of 87.95 million THB from the opening of Major Tower Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng office building.

Other Revenue

In 2022, the Company had other revenue totaling 87.07 million THB, a decrease of 19.28 million THB or 18.13% compared to the year 2021 with total other revenue of 106.35 million THB due to a decrease in revenue from customers who defaulted on payment contracts in various projects of the Company.

In 2021, the Company had total other revenue of 106.35 million THB, a decrease of 217.57 million THB or 67.17% compared to the year 2020 with total other revenue of 323.92 million THB from a decrease in revenue from customers who defaulted on payment contracts in various projects of the Company.

Cost of Sales (Real Estate Projects)

In 2022, the Company had a cost of sales of 1,714.86 million THB, a decrease of 977.18 million THB or 36.30% compared to the year 2021 with a cost of sales of 2,692.04 million THB. The cost of sales decreased according to the decrease in revenue. The ratio of cost of sales compared to sales revenue is 72.30%, an increase from 2021 with a 67.12% from price promotions in ready-to-move-in projects.

In 2021, the Company had a cost of sales of 2,692.04 million THB, a decrease of 2,104.91 million THB or 43.88% compared to the year 2020 with a cost of sales of 4,796.95 million THB. The cost of sales decreased according to the decrease in revenue. The Company has a rate of cost of sales compared to sales revenue of 67.12%, a decrease compared to the year 2020 with a rate of 71.84% due to the transfers of ownership in the MARU Ladprao and MARU Ekkamai projects that have been transferred continuously since the end of 2020. It is a transfer from the backlog of trading contracts at high prices.

Hotel Business and Management Costs

In 2022, the Company had costs from the hotel business of 136.38 million THB, an increase of 18.04 million THB, representing 15.24% compared to 2021 due to increased revenue from the hotel business resulting in increased costs as well.

When considering the cost-to-revenue ratio in the year 2022, the cost ratio from the hotel business to revenue from the hotel business represents 77.02%, a decrease compared to the year 2021 with a 120.77% of cost ratio from the hotel business. The reason that the ratio has decreased significantly is that some costs are fixed costs such as employee wages. When the revenue greatly increases, the cost ratio decreases.

In 2021, the Company had a cost from the hotel business of 118.34 million THB, a decrease of 42.49 million THB or 26.42% compared to 2020, decreasing according to the decrease in revenue.

When considering the cost-to-revenue ratio in the year 2021, the ratio of cost from the hotel business to revenue from the hotel business is 120.77%, an increase compared to the year 2020 with the cost ratio from the hotel business at 103.29% because some of the costs were fixed costs, such as employee wages. When revenue decreases, the cost ratio increases.

Management Cost

In 2022, the Company had management costs of 67.31 million THB, a decrease of 2.98 million THB or 4.24% compared to the year 2021 which had management costs of 70.29 million THB, in line with the recognition of a decrease in revenue from project management contracts that ended in some projects.

However, when considering the cost-to-revenue ratio in the year 2022, the ratio of management costs to management fee revenue accounting for 85.32%, an increase compared to the year 2021 with a ratio of management costs of 72.92% due to some fixed costs, such as employee salaries which did not decrease in the same ratio as the decrease in revenue.

In 2021, the Company had management costs of 70.29 million THB, a decrease of 0.24 million THB or 0.34% compared to the year 2020 with management costs of 70.53.

When considering the cost-to-revenue ratio in the year 2021, the ratio of management costs to management fee revenue representing 72.92%, a decrease compared to the year 2020 with a ratio of management costs of 78.44% as a result of some fixed costs, especially employee salaries that do not change according to the changing revenue which when considering the cost-to-revenue ratio does not vary according to the change in the revenue ratio.

Rental Cost

In 2022, the Company had rental costs from the business of office buildings and commercial spaces in the amount of 40.66 million THB, an increase of 9.39 million THB or 30.03% compared to the year 2021, with rental and service costs in the amount of 31.27 million THB, in line with rental revenue that greatly increased which was mainly the result of an increase in the number of tenants in Major Tower Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng.

In 2021, the Company had rental costs from office buildings and commercial spaces of 31.27 million THB, an increase of 3.11 million THB or 11.04% compared to the year 2020 with rental and service costs of 28.16 million THB as a result of the commencement of renting Major Tower Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng building space.

Gross Profit from Main Revenue

In 2022, The Company has gross profit from The Company's business operations, namely revenue from real estate sales, hotel business, management fees, and rental in the total of 801.20 million THB, a decrease of 584.80 million THB or 42.19% compared to the year 2021, with a gross profit of 1,386.00 million THB and a gross profit margin of 29.02%, decreased compared to the year 2021 with the gross profit margin was 32.25% due to the decrease in ownership transfers,

competitive prices, and increasing sales promotions. In addition, in 2021, there have been many transfers of ownership of the MARU Ladprao and MARU Ekkamai projects which are the selling prices before the outbreak of COVID - 19, resulting in a high gross margin.

In 2021, The Company has a gross profit from main revenue in the total of 1,386.00 million THB, a decrease of 568.60 million THB or 29.09% compared to the year 2020 with a total gross profit of 1,954.60 million THB and a gross profit margin of 32.25% increased compared to the year 2020 with a gross profit margin of 27.88% (excluding other revenue), the gross profit margin in 2021 increased due to the many transfers of ownership of the MARU Ladprao and MARU Ekkamai projects in 2021 which were the selling prices before the outbreak of COVID-19, resulting in a high gross margin.

Profit and Profit Ratio	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Gross profit*	801.20	29.02%	1,386.00	32.25%	1,954.60	27.88%
Operating profit	112.43	3.77%	247.49	5.57%	784.14	10.53%
Net profit (loss)	(370.40)	-12.42%	(353.26)	-7.95%	199.34	2.68%

* Only main revenue



Selling and Management Expenses

Selling and management expenses mainly consist of marketing expenses, promotional fees, public relations expenses, expenses for organizing activities, and expenses related to the sale of apartment houses such as commission, specific business tax, transfer fees, employee expenses, depreciation, and office expenses.

In 2022, the Company had total selling and management expenses in the amount of 1,057.85 million THB, a decrease of 232.22 million THB or 18.00% compared to the same period of the previous year in the amount of 1,290.07 million THB.

- Selling expenses in 2022 are 365.23 million THB, a decrease of 176.38 million THB or 32.57% compared to the year 2021, with selling expenses of 541.61 million THB which decreased according to the decreased transfers of ownership.
- Management expenses in 2022 are 692.62 million THB, a decrease of 55.84 million THB, or 7.46% compared to 2021, with the amount of 745.46 million THB, mainly due to a decrease in the provision for litigation expense reserve.

Considering the ratio of selling and management expenses to total revenue (excluding other revenue), it was found that in 2022 the ratio was 38.32%, an increase compared to the year 2021 with a ratio of 30.02%.

- The ratio of expenses in 2022 amounted to 365.23 million THB, representing 13.23% of total revenue (excluding other revenue), an increase compared to the year 2021 with a ratio of 12.60%.
- The ratio of expenses in the year 2022 amounted to 692.62 million THB, representing 25.09% of total revenue (excluding other revenue), an increase

compared to the year 2021 with a ratio of 17.41% due to the decrease in revenue in the year 2022 and most management expenses are fixed expenses. As revenue decreases, the ratio increases.

In 2021, The Company had total selling and management expenses of 1,290.07 million THB, a decrease of 445.71 million THB or 25.68% compared to the same period of the year 2020 with total selling and management expenses of 1,735.78 million THB.

- Selling expenses in 2021 are 541.61 million THB, a decrease of 439.94 million THB or 44.82% compared to the year 2020 with selling expenses of 981.55 million THB due to the decrease in commissions, advertising expenses, and promotion expenses.
- Management expenses in 2021 are 748.46 million THB, a decrease of 5.77 million THB or 0.77%, close to the year 2020 with management expenses of 754.23 million THB.

Considering the ratio of selling and management expenses to total revenue (excluding other revenue) in the year 2021, the ratio is 30.02%, an increase compared to the year 2020 with a ratio of 24.76%.

- The ratio of selling expenses in 2021 amounted to 541.61 million THB, representing 12.60% of total revenue (excluding other revenue), slightly decreased compared to the year 2020 with a ratio of 14.00%.

The ratio of management expenses in 2021 is 748.46 million THB, representing 17.41% of total revenue (excluding other revenue), an increase compared to the year 2020 with a ratio of 10.76%, the increased ratio from the decreased revenue in 2021.

Profit (Loss) Shares from Investments in Joint Ventures

In 2022, the Company has a share of profit from investments in joint ventures of 147.53 million THB, an increase of 141.45 million THB compared to the year 2021, with a share of loss from investments in joint ventures of 6.08 million THB due to increased revenue from the transfers of ownership in the Muniq Lang Suan project.

In 2021, the Company has a share of loss from investments in joint ventures of 6.08 million THB, a decrease of 126.51 million THB compared to the year 2020 with a share of profits of 132.59 million THB because in 2020 there was still revenue from the Marque Sukhumvit project and Muniq Sukhumvit 23 project, which started transferring ownership since the 3rd quarter of 2020, while in 2021, the revenue from Muniq Sukhumvitumvit 23 project has decreased and Muniq Lang Suan project has just started transferring ownership in December 2021.

Financial Cost

In 2022, the Company had financial costs which consist of interest and fees in the amount of 504.31 million THB, a decrease of 82.98 million THB or 14.13% compared to the year 2021 with finance costs of 587.92 million THB, a decrease from a capitalized interest in various projects under construction, namely Malton Gates-Krungthep Kreetha project, and Metris District Ladprao project, etc.

Considering the ratio of finance costs to total revenue (excluding other revenue), the ratio is 18.27%, an increase compared to 2021 with a ratio of 13.66% due to a decrease in revenue in 2022, resulting in an increased ratio of financial costs to revenue.

In 2021, the Company has financial costs which consist of interest and fees in the amount of 587.29 million THB, an increase of 97.15 million THB or 19.82% compared to the year 2020, with finance costs of 490.14 million THB due to the recognition of interest expenses in completed projects, namely MARU Ladprao project, and MARU Ekkamai project.

Considering the ratio of finance costs to total revenue (excluding other revenue), the year 2021 has a ratio of 13.66%, an increase compared to the year 2020 with a ratio of 6.99% due to a decrease in revenue in the year 2021, causing the increased financial costs to revenue ratio.

The Company has a share of profit from investments in joint ventures compared to the year 2021, due to increased revenue from the transfers of ownership in the Muniq Lang Suan project

Net Profit (Loss)

In 2022, the Company has a net loss of 370.40 million THB, an increase of 17.14 million THB loss or 4.85% compared to the year 2021 with a net loss of 353.26 million THB due to a decrease in revenue from ownership transfers. This represents a net loss rate of 12.42%, an increase from the same period of the previous year with a net loss rate of 7.95%.

In 2021, the Company has a net loss of 353.26 million THB, compared to the year 2020, with a net profit of 199.34 million THB due to a decrease in revenue from ownership transfers and a decrease in revenue from the hotel business which has been affected by the COVID-19 outbreak, as well as an increase in financial costs, representing a net loss rate of 7.94% compared to the year 2020, with a net profit margin of 2.63%.

3. Financial Position

Assets

In 2022, The Company has total assets of 16,466.62 million THB, a decrease of 499.92 million THB or 3.13% compared to the year 2021, with total assets of 15,966.70 million THB.

In 2021, The Company has total assets of 15,966.70 million THB, a decrease of 2,796.70 million THB or 14.91% compared to the year 2020, with total assets of 18,763.40 million THB.

The ratio of assets and details of the main assets are as follows:

Cost to Expense Ratio	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	Ratio/Revenue	Million Baht	Ratio/Revenue	Million Baht	Ratio/Revenue
Cost of sales	1,714.86	72.30%	2,692.04	67.12%	4,796.95	71.84%
Cost from hotel operations	136.38	77.02%	118.34	120.77%	160.83	103.29%
Cost of services	67.31	85.32%	70.29	72.92%	70.53	78.44%
Cost of rental	40.66	30.63%	31.27	33.74%	28.16	32.02%
Selling expenses	365.23	13.23%	541.61	12.60%	981.55	14.00%
Administrative expenses	692.62	25.09%	748.46	17.41%	754.23	10.76%

Assets	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,007.51	6.12%	539.05	3.38%	1,548.13	8.25%
Trade and other receivables	145.12	0.88%	178.30	1.12%	134.96	0.72%
Current portion of long-term loans to related parties	268.63	1.63%	-	-	244.80	1.30%
Real estate development cost	6,677.04	40.55%	7,030.17	44.03%	8,444.74	45.01%
Advances for construction	213.32	1.30%	95.62	0.60%	151.53	0.81%
Deposits for purchase of land	66.49	0.40%	96.11	0.60%	440.86	2.35%
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	35.98	0.22%	67.17	0.42%	220.43	1.17%
Other current assets	45.31	0.28%	165.89	1.04%	115.67	0.62%
Total current assets	8,459.40	51.37%	8,172.30	51.18%	11,301.13	60.23%
Non-current assets						
Restricted bank deposits	19.94	0.12%	41.03	0.26%	32.53	0.17%
Prepayment for purchase of shares	796.42	4.84%	546.24	3.42%	397.91	2.12%
Investments in joint ventures	225.52	1.37%	103.93	0.65%	108.51	0.58%
Long-term loans to related parties	398.62	2.42%	790.89	4.96%	201.19	1.07%
Investment properties	4,126.74	25.06%	3,785.44	23.73%	3,743.79	19.95%
Property, plant and equipment	2,063.24	12.53%	2,222.93	13.93%	2,684.84	14.31%
Intangible assets	19.30	0.12%	16.50	0.10%	19.64	0.10%
Deposits for purchase of land	87.50	0.53%	87.50	0.55%	87.50	0.47%
Deferred tax assets	181.17	1.10%	120.26	0.75%	164.29	0.88%
Other non-current assets	88.75	0.54%	79.69	0.50%	22.08	0.12%
Total non-current assets	8,007.22	48.63%	7,794.40	48.82%	7,462.27	39.77%
Total assets	16,466.62	100.00%	15,966.70	100.00%	18,763.40	100.00%

Trade Accounts Receivable and Other Receivable

In 2022, trade accounts receivable and other receivables were 145.12 million THB, representing 0.88% of total assets, a decrease of 33.18 million THB, representing 18.61% compared to the year 2021 with the amount of 178.30 million THB.

In 2021, trade accounts receivable and other receivables were 178.30 million THB, representing 1.12% of total assets, an increase of 43.34 million THB, representing 32.11% compared to the year 2020 with the amount of 134.96 million THB.

The details are classified according to the terms of the outstanding debts as follows:

(Unit: Thousand THB)

	Consolidated financial statements		
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021	31 December 2020
Trade receivables - unrelated parties			
Aged on the basis of due dates			
Past due			
Up to 3 months	16,118	15,493	10,711
3 - 6 months	544	121	3,298
6 - 12 months	-	827	997
Over 12 months	2,658	3,508	674
Total	19,320	19,949	15,680
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(910)	(794)	(287)
Total trade receivables - unrelated parties, net	18,410	19,155	15,393
Other receivables			
Other receivables and advances - related parties	20,332	37,606	22,038
Other receivables and advances - unrelated parties	16,755	19,776	31,540
Interest receivables - related parties	89,627	101,759	65,990
Total other receivables	126,714	159,141	119,568
Total trade and other receivables	145,124	178,296	134,961

Real Estate Development Project Cost

In 2022, The Company has the cost of real estate development projects in the amount of 6,677.04 million THB, representing 40.55% of total assets, a decrease of 353.13 million THB, representing 15.02% compared to the year 2021, with the amount of 7,030.17 million THB, representing 44.07% of total assets. The cost of real estate development projects decreased from the transfer of ownership of various projects.

In 2021, The Company has the cost of real estate development projects in the amount of 7,030.17 million THB, accounting for 44.03% of total assets, decreasing compared to the year 2020, with the amount of 8,444.74 million THB, representing 45.01% of total assets. The cost of real estate development projects decreased from the transfer of ownership of various projects.

Investment Property

In 2022, The Company has an investment property in the amount of 4,126.74 million THB, representing 25.26% of the total assets, an increase of 341.30 million THB, representing 9.02% compared to the year 2021, with the amount of 3,785.44 million THB, representing 23.71% of total assets, increasing from the change of asset use type from property, plant, and equipment (PPE) to investment property, including an increase in fair value.

In 2021, The Company has an investment property in the amount of 3,785.44 million THB, representing 23.71% of total assets, a slight increase compared to the year 2020, with the amount of 3,743.79 million THB, representing 19.95%.

Property, Plant, and Equipment (Net)

In 2022, The Company has property, plants, and equipment in the amount of 2,063.24 million THB, representing 12.53% of total assets, a decrease of 159.69 million THB, representing 7.18% from the year 2021, with an amount of 2,222.93 million THB, representing 13.92% of total assets due to the changes of use types of some assets to investment property and various amortization.

In 2021, The Company has property, plants, and equipment in the amount of 2,222.93 million THB, representing 13.93% of total assets, decreasing from the year 2020, with 2,684.84 million THB, representing 14.31% of total assets due to the sale of assets.

Liabilities

In 2022, The Company has total liabilities of 11,506.69 million THB, an increase of 849.87 million THB or 7.97% compared to the year 2021, with total liabilities of 10,656.82 million THB. The increase in liabilities comes from the increased loans from financial institutions to develop new projects for The Company.

In 2021, The Company has total liabilities of 10,656.82 million THB, a decrease of 2,060.23 million THB or 15.72% compared to the year 2020, with total liabilities of 13,109.89 million THB. The decrease in total liabilities comes from the repayment of loans from financial institutions, repayment of short-term bills of exchange, deposit payments, and advances payments received from customers.

Portion of liabilities of the Company in 2022, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

Liabilities	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Current liabilities						
Short-term loans	150.00	1.30%	178.31	1.68%	239.54	1.83%
Trade and other payables	406.57	3.53%	324.13	3.05%	713.12	5.44%
Retention payables	155.58	1.35%	178.01	1.67%	343.96	2.62%
Deposits and advances from customers	282.62	2.46%	341.56	3.21%	893.03	6.81%
Current portion of long-term loans from financial institutions	619.02	5.38%	736.60	6.88%	1,549.50	11.82%
Current portion of lease liabilities	8.93	0.08%	11.31	0.11%	10.09	0.08%
Current portion of debentures	2,813.16	24.45%	2,777.05	26.09%	3,290.63	25.10%
Income tax payable	19.15	0.17%	0.26	0.00%	45.36	0.35%
Other current liabilities	125.44	1.09%	243.95	2.29%	176.32	1.34%
Total current liabilities	4,580.47	39.81%	4,791.19	44.96%	7,261.55	55.39%
Non-current liabilities						
Long-term bill of exchange	40.49	0.35%	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans from financial institutions	3,511.48	30.52%	2,203.91	20.68%	2,672.84	20.39%
Debentures	2,962.13	25.74%	3,310.10	31.06%	2,803.58	21.39%
Lease liabilities	23.23	0.20%	19.24	0.18%	26.62	0.20%
Provision for long-term employee benefits	51.09	0.44%	52.14	0.49%	54.94	0.42%
Deferred tax liabilities	299.38	2.60%	250.34	2.35%	266.90	2.04%
Other non-current liabilities	38.42	0.33%	29.90	0.28%	23.47	0.18%
Total non-current liabilities	6,926.22	60.19%	5,857.49	55.04%	5,848.34	44.61%
Total liabilities	11,506.69	100.00%	10,644.10	100.00%	13,109.89	100.00%

In 2022, The Company has long-term loans from financial institutions due within one year in the amount of 619.02 million THB, a decrease of 117.58 million THB or 15.96% compared to the year 2021, with the amount of 736.60 million THB, a decrease from loan repayment after transferring ownership of projects.

In 2022, The Company has long-term debentures due within one year in the amount of 2,813.16 million THB, an increase of 36.11 million THB or 1.30% compared to the year 2021, with the amount of 2,777.05 million THB, increasing according to the number of debentures issued in each tranche at maturity.

Capital expense obligations are as follows:

In 2022, the subsidiaries have capital expense obligations as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements	
	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Subsidiaries		
Construction agreements related to projects development	1,401	69
Construction agreements related to office building for rental	16	16
Sell and purchase of land agreements	378	746
Sell and purchase of share agreement	1,015	1,284
Joint ventures		
Construction agreements related to project development	15	15

Shareholder's Equity

In 2022, The Company has shareholders' equity of 4,959.92 million THB, a decrease of 349.97 million THB or 6.59% compared to the year 2021, with shareholders' equity of 5,309.89 million THB. The shareholders' equity decreased from the net loss in 2022.

In 2021, The Company has shareholders' equity of 5,309.89 million THB, a decrease of 343.61 million THB or 6.08% compared to the year 2020, with shareholders' equity of 5,653.50 million THB. The shareholders' equity decreased from the net loss in 2021.

Shareholders' equity	2022		2021		2020	
	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%	Million Baht	%
Share capital						
Issued and paid-up	860.41	17.35%	860.41	16.20%	860.41	15.22%
Premium on ordinary shares	875.27	17.65%	875.27	16.48%	875.27	15.48%
Retained earnings						
Appropriated - statutory reserve	105	2.12%	105	1.98%	105.00	1.86%
Unappropriated	2,839.62	57.25%	3,201.25	60.29%	3,565.37	63.06%
Other components of shareholders' equity	279.70	5.64%	267.55	5.04%	247.46	4.38%
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	4,960.00	100.00%	5,309.48	99.99%	5,653.50	100.00%
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	-0.08	0.00%	0.41	0.01%	-	-
Total shareholders' equity	4,959.92	100.00%	5,309.89	100.00%	5,653.50	100.00%

4. Liquidity and Suitability of Capital Structure.

In 2022, The Company has cash flows used in operations for 126.78 million THB, a decrease of 342.49 million THB compared to the year 2021, with net cash flows from operating activities of 469.27 million THB. Cash flow used in operating activities decreased due to the decrease in ownership transfers in various projects, decrease in other current liabilities, and interest payments.

The Company's cash flow used in investing activities in 2022 amounted to 538.77 million THB, an increase of 416.99 million THB, mainly due to advance payments for shares, cash paid for investment property compared to the year 2021 with cash flow used in investing activities in the amount of 121.78 million THB.

The Company has net cash flow from financing activities in 2022 in the amount of 880.45 million THB, an increase of 2,237.02 million THB compared to the year 2021 with cash flows used in financing activities in the amount of 1,356.57 million THB because in 2022 The Company has cash received from the issuance of long-term bills of exchange and the repayment of long-term loans from financial institutions decreased from 2021, resulting in The Company's net cash flow from financing activities in 2022 increasing.

In 2021, The Company has cash flow from operating activities of 469.27 million THB, a decrease of 104.34 million THB compared to the year 2020, with cash flow from operating activities of 1,512.67 million THB due to the decrease in the share of profit from investments in joint ventures, cost of real estate development projects, cost of obtaining contracts with customers, and the deposit payment for the purchase of land for new project development.

The Company has cash flows used in investing activities in 2021 in the amount of 121.78 million THB, a decrease of 127.18 million THB compared to the year 2020, with cash flows used in investing activities in the amount of 248.96 million THB due to a decrease in the payment of the purchase of investment property, a decrease of cash paid to purchase property, plants, and equipment, and a decrease in advance payments for shares.

The Company has cash flow used in financing activities in 2021 in the amount of 1,356.67 million THB, an increase of 1,252.30 million THB compared to the year 2020, with cash flow used in financing activities in the amount of 104.27 million THB due to the repayment of debentures and repayment long-term loans from financial institutions.

5. Factors Affecting Financial Position or Future Performance

Factors that affect the financial position or future performance of The Company include the economic conditions in the country that have not fully recovered from the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. However, the economy will likely improve in 2023 from the relaxation of control measures and the country begins to open up to welcoming tourists without controlling access which will make the tourism sector recover better. As a result, domestic customers have more purchasing power, including foreign customers who are expected to return to buy real estate in Thailand. Another factor that may affect the financial position or future performance is the lending of financial institutions that are still cautious in terms of project credit and retail credit. As for the project credit, The Company has been more careful in developing new projects and increased the development of more horizontal projects. In terms of retail credit, it has little impact on The Company's customers since The Company's customer group is a group with high purchasing power.

In addition to economic factors, there is also a factor in the expansion of the city and an increase in electric train systems in Bangkok and its vicinity from the policy of increasing mass transit systems that have a positive effect on the operations of The Company. This expansion will boost demand for residential properties in the center of the city and along the electric train routes, especially residential apartment houses. However, The Company has expanded its products to more low-rise housing to reduce risks and increase product variety.

6. Debt-to-Equity Ratio

The Company is obligated to comply with the Terms and Conditions to maintain the ratio of net debt-to-equity at the end of the accounting year throughout the terms of the debentures according to the consolidated financial statements of the debenture issuer at a ratio of not more than 3.5 : 1 (three point five to one) for 8 series of debentures as follows:

1. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 4/2020, due for redemption in 2023
2. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 1/2021, due for redemption in 2023
3. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 2/2021, due for redemption in 2023
4. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 3/2021, due for redemption in 2024
5. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 4/2021, due for redemption in 2024
6. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 1/2022, section 1, due for redemption in 2023
7. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 1/2022, section 2, due for redemption in 2024
8. Debentures of Major Development Public Company Limited No. 2/2022, due for redemption in 2025

As of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, The Company maintains a net debt-to-equity ratio of 1.84 times, 1.64 times, and 1.60 times, respectively.



7. Analysis of Financial Ratio

Liquidity

In 2022, The Company has a liquidity ratio compared to 2021 equals 1.85 times and 1.71 times, respectively. The Company's liquidity ratio increased due to the increase in current assets, namely cash and cash equivalents, and long-term loans to related businesses due within one year.

In 2021, The Company has a liquidity ratio compared to 2020 equals 1.71 times and 1.56 times, respectively. The Company's liquidity ratio increased due to the decrease in current liabilities in terms of trade and other payables, deposit payments and advances payments received from customers, a decrease in long-term loans from financial institutions from the transfers of ownership of various projects, and repayment of debentures due in 2021.

Quick Liquidity Ratio

In 2022, The Company has a quick liquidity ratio compared to 2021 equals 0.39 times and 0.24 times, respectively, with the quick liquidity ratio increasing due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents, and long-term loans to related business due within one year.

In 2021, The Company has a quick liquidity ratio compared to 2020 equals 0.24 times and 0.39 times, respectively, with The Company's quick liquidity ratio decreasing due to the decrease in cash and cash equivalents, advances payments for construction, a deposit payment for land purchases, and the cost of obtaining contracts with customers.

In 2022, The Company has a quick liquidity ratio increasing due to the increase in cash and cash equivalents, and long-term loans to related business due within one year

Profitability

Gross Profit Margin (Only the Core Business)

In 2022, The Company has a gross profit margin from core business compared to 2021 equals 29.02% and 32.25%, respectively, which decreased due to the real estate business price competition and increasing sales promotions. As a result, the gross profit margin decreased. In addition, in 2021, there have been many transfers of ownership in the MARU Ladprao and MARU Ekkamai projects which were the selling prices before the outbreak of COVID-19, resulting in a high gross margin.

In 2021, The Company has a gross profit margin from core business compared to 2020 equals 32.25% and 27.88%, respectively, increasing from 2021. There has been a large number of ownership transfers in the MARU Ladprao and MARU Ekkamai projects which were the selling prices before the outbreak of COVID-19, resulting in a high gross margin.

Net Profit (Loss) Margin

In 2022, The Company has a net loss margin compared to 2021 equals 11.84% and 7.94%, respectively, an increase in loss due to a decrease in ownership transfers. As a result, The Company has a net loss margin according to the decrease in operating results.

In 2021, The Company has a net loss margin compared to 2020 equals 7.95% and 2.68%, respectively, increasing due to the decrease in ownership transfers. As a result, there was a net loss margin according to operating results that decreased.

Financial Policies

Debt-to-Equity Ratio

On December 31, 2022, The Company has a debt-to-equity ratio compared to December 31, 2021, equal 2.32 times and 2.01 times, respectively. The ratio increased due to an increase in long-term loans from financial institutions and a decrease in shareholders' equity from operating losses.

On December 31, 2021, The Company has a debt-to-equity ratio compared to December 31, 2020, equal 2.01 times and 2.32 times, respectively. The ratio decreased due to the decrease in deposits payment and advances received from customers, and the decrease in loans from financial institutions from the transfers of ownership of various projects of The Company.

Debt-to-Equity Ratio (According to the terms and conditions for debentures)

On December 31, 2022, The Company has a net debt-to-equity-ratio according to the terms of rights (Debt/Equity Ratio) compared to December 31, 2021, equals 1.84 times and 1.64 times, increasing due to a decrease in shareholders' equity which decreased from the net loss of operating results.

On December 31, 2021, The Company has a net debt-to-equity-ratio according to the terms of rights (Debt/Equity Ratio) compared to December 31, 2020, equals 1.64 times and 1.60 times, a slight increase due to losses from operations in 2021. As a result, shareholders' equity in 2021 decreased from 2020 at a rate of 6.08%. While net liabilities in 2021 decreased from 2020 at a rate of 3.98% from the decrease in trade and other payables. Deposits payment, advances payments received from customers, and loans from financial institutions decreased in the amount of 388.99 million THB, 551.47 million THB, and 812.90 million THB, respectively. Therefore, in 2021, The Company's ratio of shareholders decreased more than the decrease in net liabilities. Therefore, The Company's debt-to-equity ratio in 2021 increased as such.

Interest-Bearing Debt to Profit Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization Ratio

In 2022, the Company has interest-bearing debt to profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization ratios compared to 2021 equals 46.04 times and 24.95 times, respectively. The Company's ratio increased from 2021 due to the total revenue from business operations decreasing.

The main reason is the decrease in revenue from sales of real estate projects. The Company has profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization in 2022 amounted to 219.98 million THB, a decrease of 150.28 million THB or 40.59% compared to the year 2021 with profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization in the amount of 370.26 million THB.

While the Company has interest-bearing liabilities in 2022 and 2021 in the amount of 10,128.44 million THB and 9,223.80 million THB, respectively, the interest-bearing debt in 2022 increased from 2021 in the amount of 904.64 million THB, representing 9.81%.

Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization has a more decreasing ratio than the decreased ratio of interest-bearing debt, so the ratio of interest-bearing debt to profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization in 2022, therefore, increased as such.

In 2021, The Company has a ratio of interest-bearing debt to profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization compared to 2020 equals 24.96 times and 11.53 times, respectively. The Company has an increased ratio due to the decrease in total revenue from business operations. The main reason is the decrease in revenue from the sale of real estate projects. The Company has profit before interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization in 2021 in the amount of 370.26 million THB, a decrease of 548.74 million THB or 59.71% compared to the year 2020 with profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization in the amount of 919.00 million THB.

While The Company has interest-bearing liabilities in 2021 and 2020 in the amount of 9,223.80 million THB and 10,592.81 million THB, respectively, the interest-bearing liabilities in 2021 decreased from 2020 in the amount of 1,369.01 million THB, representing 12.92%.

Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization have a decreased ratio greater than the decreased ratio of interest-bearing debt, so the ratio of interest-bearing debt to profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization in 2021 therefore increased as such.

Ability to Pay Interest and Obligations

Interest Coverage Ratio (ICR)

On December 31, 2022, The Company has an interest coverage ratio compared to December 31, 2021, equals 0.44% and 0.63%, respectively, decreasing due to The Company's profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization as of December 31, 2022, in the amount of 219.98 million THB and as of December 31, 2021, in the amount of 370.26 million THB, respectively, with profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization as of December 31, 2022, decreased from the same period of 2021 in the amount of 150.28 million THB, representing 40.59%.

While the Company has financial costs as of December 31, 2022, in the amount of 504.31 million THB and as of December 31, 2021, in the amount of 587.29 million THB, respectively, the financial costs as of December 31, 2022, decreased from the same period of 2021 in the amount 82.98 million THB or 14.13%.

Profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization have a decreased ratio greater than the decreased ratio of financial costs, therefore, the interest coverage ratio (ICR) as of December 31, 2022, has decreased as such.

On December 31, 2021, The Company has an interest coverage ratio of 0.63 times, decreasing compared to the same period of 2020, with an interest coverage ratio of 1.87 times due to a decrease in revenue. As a result, The Company has profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization as of December 31, 2021 in the amount

of 370.26 million THB, a decrease of 548.74 million THB or 59.71% compared to the year 2020 with profit before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization in the amount of 919.00 million THB.

While The Company has financial costs from the recognition of interest expenses in completed construction projects, The Company has financial costs as of December 31, 2021, in the amount of 587.29 million THB, with finance costs increasing by 97.15 million THB, representing 19.82% compared to December 31, 2020, with financial costs in the amount of 490.14 million THB, respectively.

Debt Service Coverage (DSCR)

The Company has the ratio of debt service coverage as of December 31, 2022, December 31, 2021, and December 31, 2020, with said ratios at 0.06 times, 0.10 times, and 0.18 times, respectively. The said ratio decreases continuously. The reason for the decrease in revenue caused The Company's operating results to have reduced profits. However, long-term loans from financial institutions due within one year in the amount of 619.02 million THB out of the total liabilities due within one year in the amount of 3,591.11 million THB are loans from investment in project construction and have conditions for repayment upon transfer of ownership to customers. As for the repayment of the obligations in respect of the debentures due within one year, The Company will repay by using internal cash flow financing, credit limit available with financial institutions, including the issuance of additional debentures.



05

GENERAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

Major Development Public Company Limited

Nature of Business

Property Development

Company Registration No.

0107548000692

Registered Capital

1,050,000,000 Baht

Paid-up Capital

860,411,939 Baht

Head Office Address

**141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekkamai),
Sukhumvit Rd, Klongton Nua, Wattana,
Bangkok 10110**

Tel

0-2030-1111

Fax

0-2030-1122

Homepage

www.mjd.co.th





Registrar (Securities)

Thailand Securities Depository
Company Limited

93 The Stock Exchange of Thailand
Building, 14th floor Ratchadaphisek Road,
Dindaeng, Bangkok 10400
Tel 0-2009-9000 Fax 0-2009-9991

Registrar (Debenture)

Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited

1222 Rama 3, Bangphongphang,
Yannawa, Bangkok 10120
Tel 0-2296-5557 Fax 0-2683-1298

Debenture Holders' Representative

Bluebell Securities Company Limited

1 Q House Lumpini 25th Floor,
S Sathon Rd, Thung Maha Mek,
Sathon, Bangkok 10120
Tel 0-2249-2999

Auditor

Ms. Vilailak Laohasrisakul,
Certified Public Accountant No.6140
and/or Mr. Kritsada Lertwana,
Certified Public Accountant No.4958
and/or Miss Manee Rattanabunnakit,
Certified Public Accountant No.5313
EY Office Limited
193/136-137, 33rd Floor, Lake Rajada
Office Complex, New Rajadapisek Road,
Klongtoey, Bangkok 10110
Tel 0-2264-9090
Fax 0-2264-0789, 0-2264-0790

Financial Institutions

Krung Thai Bank Public Company Limited
Bank of Ayudhya Public Company Limited
Tisco Bank Public Company Limited
Kasikorn Bank Public Company Limited

Legal Disputes

As at 31 December 2022, significant lawsuits of the Group and joint ventures are as follows:

1. The Group has been sued by third parties in lawsuits related to breach of contracts, contract termination, refunds and damages in 34 cases, claiming damages of Baht 271 million. Currently, the cases are being heard by the Court of First Instance, Court of Appeal and Supreme Court and have not been finalised. The Group's management and its legal consultant have determined the possible losses from the litigations and recorded provision amounting to Baht 89 million in its accounts.
2. A subsidiary filed a lawsuit against a land seller for the repayment of land deposits amounting to Baht 100 million as the seller could not transfer the ownership to the subsidiary. In January 2021, the Court of First Instance ordered the seller to pay the land deposit to the subsidiary with interest at the rate of 7.5% per annum starting from 5 January 2017. Currently, the seller is in the process of filing an appeal with the Appeal Court. However, the Group's management and its legal consultant are of the opinion that the subsidiary is likely to win the case at the Appeal Court. Consequently, the Company's management assessed recoverable amount of such deposit and recorded Baht 13 million allowance for doubtful debts.
3. A joint venture filed, a notice demanding the portion of construction service fees and claimed for the damages incurred from the termination of contract due to the unfair event with a customer, with the Thai Arbitral Tribunal for the claim amount of Baht 144 million. However, the customer countersued the joint venture on the grounds that the joint venture failed to deliver the work within the agreed deadline and demanded compensatory damages for the work delay of Baht 202 million. In June 2021, the Arbitral Tribunal rendered an award that the customer must pay the total claim of Baht 84 million to the joint venture. Subsequently, in October 2021, the customer filed a plaintiff with the Civil Court against the award of the Arbitral Tribunal. However, in December 2021, the joint venture filed a plaintiff with the Civil court, requesting the enforcement of the award that the customer must pay the total claim to the joint venture. Currently, the case is being investigated. The joint venture has not recorded the estimated losses of relevant assets or provision in its accounts.
4. A joint venture was sued by third party on ground of seeking breach of construction contract and refunds accrued payment of construction claiming damages of Baht 218 million. However, a joint venture countersued on the ground that third party failed to deliver the work within the agreed deadline and demanded compensatory damages for the work delay of Baht 422 million. Currently, the case is being investigated. The Group's management and its legal consultant have determined the possible losses from the litigations and recorded provision amounting to Baht 25 million in its accounts.
5. A joint venture filed a lawsuit against a third party related to breach of construction contract and claiming damage of Baht 248 million. However, the third party countersued the joint venture to pay the remaining service fee amounting to approximately Baht 79 million. In September 2022, the Court of First Instance ordered the joint venture to pay the fee amounting to Baht 72 million and interest. Currently, the joint venture is in the process of filing an appeal with the Appeal Court. The Group's management and its legal consultant have determined the possible losses from the litigations and recorded provision amounting to Baht 51 million in its accounts.

CORPORATE
GOVERNANCE



06

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY

Overview of Corporate Governance Policies and Practices

The Company has created the principles of good corporate governance in compliance with the Stock Exchange of Thailand's requirements in order to provide an effective, transparent, and verifiable management and to build the confidence of shareholders, investors, and stakeholders. This principle adds value to the Company and fosters long-term success. The following are vital organizational governance policies:

- Chapter 1 Rights of Shareholders
- Chapter 2 Equitable Treatment of Shareholders
- Chapter 3 Roles of Stakeholders
- Chapter 4 Information Disclosure and Transparency
- Chapter 5 Roles, Duties and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has appointed various sub-committees to act in various fields as assigned. The roles, duties, and responsibilities between the Board of Directors, the sub-committees, and the management are separated by clearly defining the level of financial authorities. The Company has set up 3 sub-committees as follows:

1. The Audit Committee consists of 3 people, appointed on 12 May 2012 with a term of office of 3 years.
2. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee consists of 5 people, appointed on 12 May 2012 with a term of office of 3 years.
3. The Risk Management Committee consists of 4 people, appointed on 12 May 2012 with a term of office of 2 years.

The Board of Directors' meetings are held at least every 3 months, while additional special meetings are held as necessary. The invitation letter will be delivered along with the supporting information of the meeting agenda to the Board of Directors not less than 7 days prior to the meeting date as stipulated in the Company's Articles of Association.

The Company has issued Codes of Conduct for directors and employees for those involved to adhere to them as guidelines for performing duties in accordance with the Company's mission with care, honesty, integrity, and fairness in both the treatment of the Company and all groups of stakeholders by announcing the relevant persons to be informed and follow up on the implementation of the aforementioned guidelines.



The Company provides measures to prevent conflicts of interest. The Company will strictly comply with the Securities and Exchange Act, regulations, notifications, orders, or requirements of the SEC and Stock Exchange of Thailand. If there is any item that any director, executive, shareholder, or any person has a conflict of interest in, such person will not have the right to vote on or approve the transaction. Such transactions must be for the Company's core business operations and have a pricing policy and conditions based on market prices, which must be comparable with the prices generally incurred by third parties. In addition, the Company requires directors and executives to report changes in securities holdings to the Board of Directors and the SEC in accordance with Section 59 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535.

The Company provides investor protection measures that can be examined later. The Company will disclose related transactions in the notes to financial statements that have been audited by the auditor and will provide certification by having the Audit Committee give opinions on the necessity and reasonableness of related party transactions in the audited financial statements.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has clearly and transparently set the remuneration of directors at levels that are appropriate to the duties and responsibilities of each director without paying undue compensation compared to the same industry level. However, executive directors will receive additional remuneration for their management positions in connection with the Company's performance and that director's performance. The Company requires disclosure of remuneration paid to directors and executives in accordance with the form prescribed by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition, the Board of Directors has given importance to the accurate, complete, transparent, reliable, and timely disclosure of information, both financial and other relevant information, for investors and related parties to be informed by disseminating information through various channels of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Company's website. In addition, an investor relations unit was established to provide information and news on various activities to investors, analysts, and the general public. Investor relations can be contacted directly at 0-2030-1111 or at www.mjd.co.th.



Sub-committees

The Board of Directors has appointed 4 sub-committees, which are comprised of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Management Committee, and Executive Committee.

Audit Committee

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has 3 Audit Committees members as follows;

No.	Name-Surname	Position
1.	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Chairman of the Audit Committee
2.	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Audit Committee
3.	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha	Audit Committee

Miss Pannapa Niramolnurak is the Secretary of the Audit Committee.

Scope of Authorities and Duties of the Audit Committee

1. Review the Company's financial reporting to be accurate and sufficient.
2. Review the Company's internal control and audit systems to be appropriate and effective, consider the independence of the internal audit unit, and approve the appointment, transfer, and dismissal of the head of the internal audit unit.
3. Review the Company's compliance with the Securities and Exchange Act, requirements of the Stock Exchange, and laws related to the Company's business.
4. Consider the selection of an independent person to act as the Company's auditor and review the auditor's remuneration and present it to the Board of Directors.
5. Consider connected transactions or transactions that may have conflicts of interest in accordance with the law and the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand to ensure that such transactions are reasonable and for the best benefit of the Company.
6. Prepare the Audit Committee report to be disclosed in the Company's annual report. The report must be signed by the Chairman of the Audit Committee.
7. Perform any other acts as assigned by the Board of Directors with the approval of the Audit Committee.

The Chairman of the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee members have a term of office of 3 years each. The retired Audit Committee members may be re-appointed for another term if the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting deems it appropriate. The Audit Committee will come to inspect at least once a quarter.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has 5 Nomination and Remuneration Committee members as follows;

No.	Name-Surname	Position
1.	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Chairman of the Selection and Remuneration Committee
2.	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks	Nomination and Remuneration Committee
3.	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Nomination and Remuneration Committee
4.	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha	Nomination and Remuneration Committee
5.	Miss Petrada Poolvorlaks	Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Scope of Authorities and Duties of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for considering policies relating to the remuneration and benefits of the Company's directors, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Management Committees, executives, and employees of the Company to propose to the Board of Directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting to consider and approve the policies and determine the remuneration and benefits, as well as considering and nominating suitably qualified persons to the shareholders to be appointed as the Company's directors and senior management of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee members shall hold office as necessary to perform their duties and vacate the office when such duties at that time have ended in any case. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee's term of office shall not exceed three (3) years per term. The members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee who vacate the office can be re-elected to take the position again.

At the Nomination and Remuneration Committee's meetings, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee must be present at the meeting for not less than half (1/2) of the total number of Nomination and Remuneration Committee members in order to constitute a quorum. The decision of the meeting shall be made by a majority of the total number of members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee who attend the meeting and have the right to vote. Each member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has one vote. However, if any Nomination and Remuneration Committee members have a stake in any matter, such members will have no right to vote on that matter. If there are equal votes, the Chairman of the meeting has another vote as a casting vote. The Chairman then proposes the matter to the meeting to consider.



Risk Management Committee

As of 31 December 2022, The Company has 4 Risk Management Committee members as follows;

No.	Name	Position
1.	Miss Petrada Poolvorlaks	Chairman of the Risk Management Committee
2.	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	Risk Management Committee
3.	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Risk Management Committee
4.	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha	Risk Management Committee

Scope of Authorities and Duties of the Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee of the Company is responsible for setting the policy framework, and guidelines and giving recommendations to the Board of Directors for supervision and overseeing risks. The Risk Management Committee is responsible for reporting directly to the Board of Directors. The Risk Management Committee shall have a term of office as necessary to perform their duties and shall vacate the office when such duties at that time have ended. In any case, the term of office of the Risk Management Committee members shall not exceed two (2) years per term. The retired Risk Management Committee members who vacate the office can be re-elected to take the position again.

At the Risk Management Committee's meeting, the Risk Management Committee must be present at the meeting for not less than half (1/2) of the total number of Risk Management Committees in order to constitute a quorum. The decision of the meeting shall be made by a majority of the total number of Risk Management Committee members who attend the meeting and have the right to vote. Each member of the Risk Management Committee has one vote. However, if any Risk Management Committee members have a stake in any matter, such members will have no right to vote on that matter. If the votes are equal, the Chairman of the meeting shall have another vote as a casting vote. The Chairman then proposes the matter to the meeting to consider.

Executive Committee

As of 31 December 2022, The Company has 4 Executive Committee members as follows;

No.	Name-Surname	Position
1.	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorakaks	Chairman of the Executive Committee
2.	Miss Petrada Poolvorakaks	Executive Committee
3.	Mr. Suriya Poolvorakaks	Executive Committee
4.	Miss Natha Kittiakson	Executive Committee

Scope of Authorities and Duties of the Executive Committee

1. Prepare and present business policies, goals, action plans, business strategy, and the Company's annual budget for approval to the Board of Directors.
 2. Determine the Company's business plan, budget, and various executive authorities for approval by the Board of Directors.
 3. Monitor and supervise the Company's business operations to be in accordance with business policies, goals, operational plans, business strategies, and the budget approved by the Board.
 4. Have the power to consider and approve the expenditure of money for investments or operations, borrowing, or applying for any credit from financial institutions for normal Company transactions and the benefits of operating in accordance with the objectives of the Company within the limit of no more than 260 (two hundred and sixty) million baht or equivalent. Such actions must be subject to the announcement of the Board of the Stock Exchange of Thailand regarding Disclosure of Information and Other Acts of Listed Companies Concerning the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets (B.E. 2547) and Disclosure of Information and Other Acts of Listed Companies in Connected Transactions (B.E. 2546) as well.
 5. Determine the organizational structure and management authorities. This covers details of the selection, hiring, transfer, training, and termination of the Company's employees who are in management or senior management by authorizing the Chief Executive Officer of the Company to sign an employment contract on behalf of the Company.
 6. Supervise and approve matters related to the Company's operations and may appoint or assign one or more persons to perform any action on behalf of the Executive Committee as appropriate, as well as cancel, change, or amend such authorities.
 7. Perform any other duties as assigned by the Board of Directors.
- The delegation of powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Executive Committee will not be a power of attorney or delegate powers that make the Executive Committee or a person authorized by the Executive Committee able to approve transactions with oneself or a person who may have conflicts of interest, have a stake, or may have any other conflicts of interest with the Company or a subsidiary of the Company (as defined in the announcement of the Securities and Exchange Commission). The approval of such transactions must be submitted to the Board of Directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting (as the case may be) to consider and approve as required by the subsidiary's regulations or related laws, except for normal trade transactions with general trading conditions defined by the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting.

Nomination of Directors and Executives

The Company has appointed the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to consider and nominate a qualified person to the shareholders to be appointed as the Company's director and senior management of the Company and has a duty to consider policies related to remuneration and benefits of the Company's directors, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Risk Management Committee, executives, and employees of the Company. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will consider those who have the appropriate qualifications and expertise in each aspect of management by recruiting from both inside and outside the organization. The person being considered must be a person who meets the qualifications of Section 68 of the Public Limited Companies Act (B.E. 2535), regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and related stock exchanges to propose to the Board of Directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting to consider and approve such policy.

The composition, selection, appointment, removal, and retirement of directors of the Company were set in the Company's articles of association, which can be summarized as follows:

The Board of Directors consists of at least 4 members, of which not less than half of the total number of directors must reside in Thailand. The directors of the Company may or may not be the shareholders of the Company.

Selection and appointment of Company directors through the process of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to propose to the shareholders to elect the Company's directors are in accordance with the following rules and procedures:



- (1) Each shareholder has one vote per share.
- (2) Each shareholder can use all his/her votes under
 - (1) to elect one or more persons to be directors but cannot divide the votes to elect multiple candidates with the different amount.
- (3) The persons with the highest votes in descending order will be elected as directors in an amount equal to the number of directors to have or to be elected at that time. If the persons who are elected in descending order have equal votes and the number of such directors exceeds the number of directors required to have, the Chairman of the meeting shall have all the votes.

At every annual general meeting of shareholders, one-third (1/3) of the total number of directors must retire. If the number of directors cannot be divided exactly into 3 parts, the number closest to one-third (1/3) of the directors must retire. The directors who retired during this term may be re-elected to the positions. In this regard, the directors who must retire in the first and second years after the Company becomes a listed company shall be retired through a drawing lot. After such years, the director who has been in office for the longest period shall be the one who retires.

Any director who desires to retire must submit a letter of resignation to the Company. The resignation will take effect from the date the resignation letter reaches the Company. Directors who resigned as stated in the first paragraph may notify the registrar of their resignation.

The Shareholders' meeting may pass a resolution to remove any director from office prior to the end of their term by a vote of no less than three-fourths (3/4) of the number of shareholders attending the meeting who are eligible to vote and hold shares in aggregate of no less than half of the number of shares held by the shareholders attending the meeting and eligible to vote.

Supervision of Operations of Subsidiaries and Associates

Nomination and voting rights on the appointment of persons as directors in subsidiaries and associated companies are managed by management and must be approved by the Board of Directors; a person appointed as a director in a subsidiary or associated company is responsible for acting in the best interests of the subsidiaries and associated companies.

The Company supervises the subsidiaries regarding disclosure of financial position and operating results, transactions between subsidiaries and related companies, acquisition or disposition of assets, or any other important transactions of such subsidiaries completely with the regulations on connected transactions and disclosure of information in accordance with the Company's rules, including supervising the collection of information, checking accounting records, and collecting information to prepare consolidated financial statements within the deadline accurately and completely.

Supervision of the Use of Inside Information

The Company has provided knowledge and understanding to executives at various levels regarding management's obligations to report securities holdings for themselves, their spouses, and minor children, as well as reports on changes in the Company's securities holdings to the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission in accordance with Section 59 and penalty provisions under Section 275 of the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535 and the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

The Company has set forth regulations regarding the work of employees that prohibit the disclosure or taking advantage of any confidential information about the Company and employees are cautioned to keep information confidential and not use their position or information received during the operation of the Company to seek benefits in the wrong way or reduce the benefits of the Company. The penalties will be applied if violations of such rules or regulations are committed. The Company will take disciplinary action to consider the appropriate punishment in the case, such as verbal warnings, warnings with letters, wage cuts, layoffs, termination of employment without compensation, and prosecute the law.

The Company has the policy to prohibit directors and executives from using the Company's material inside information, which has not yet been disclosed to the public, for the benefit of themselves or others. This includes trading in the Company's securities by directors, executives, and employees in the departments with knowledge of inside information, as well as avoiding or refraining from trading in the Company's securities during the period of one month before the disclosure of the financial statements to the public.

Reporting of Securities Holdings

The Company has established measures to prevent the use of inside information for the benefit of directors and executives by informing them of their roles and obligations to report their securities holdings, their spouses and minor children who hold the Company's securities, acknowledge the preparation of a report on the change of securities holdings every time there is a purchase, sale, transfer, or acceptance of transfer of securities within 3 business days after the date of purchase, sale, transfer, or acceptance of transfer of securities as prescribed by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and copy the mentioned report to the Company Secretary to collect and propose to the Board of Directors' meeting every time it is on the agenda for the meeting to acknowledge the report of securities holdings.

The Stakeholding Report

The Company has required directors and executives to submit reports on their interests or related persons, which is a stake related to the Company or its subsidiaries' management, within 30 days after being appointed as a director or executive. According to the specified report form, the first report must be submitted, and every time there is a change, the report must be submitted within 30 days of the change in the required report form, archived by the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary will deliver

a copy to the Chairman of the Board and the Chairman of the Audit Committee as per the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Auditors Remuneration

In 2022, the Company had an audit fee of the Company, its subsidiaries, and joint ventures that must be paid to EY Office Company Limited for Baht6,695,000.

Compliance with Good Corporate Governance Principles

can be divided into 5 categories as follows:

Rights of Shareholders

Before the Meeting

The Company recognizes and values shareholder rights and has attempted to promote and protect shareholders' fundamental rights, including facilitating shareholders' exercise of their rights in various matters held by the shareholders. Shares should be distributed equitably. This includes receiving enough Company news and information to exercise voting rights on important issues such as dividend payment approval, among others. The Company will not do anything that violates or deprives shareholders of their rights. Furthermore, through the coordination of the Company's investor relations unit, the Company encourages shareholders, particularly institutional investors, to attend the shareholders' meeting.



In 2022, the Company held 1 shareholder meeting, namely the 2022 Annual General Meeting via electronic media (E-AGM) on 27 April 2022, from 10.30–12.00. The Company published the invitation letter with supporting documents. The meeting agenda was updated on the Company's website, www.mjd.co.th, with the meeting agenda for each agenda item, on 4 April 2022 before the meeting date, for the shareholders to have enough time to study the information supporting each agenda item before receiving the information in the form of documents from the Company. The information on the website was the same information as the information sent to the shareholders in document form the Company has sent the invitation letter together with supporting documents to shareholders 14 days in advance of the meeting date. The invitation letter contained details of the meeting agenda, supporting documents for each agenda item, and the opinion of the Board of Directors on the method of registration and voting via electronic media (E-AGM). If the shareholders are unable to attend the meeting, the Company sends the proxy form as specified by the Ministry of Commerce, along with the profile of independent directors as proxies, so that shareholders who were unable to attend the meeting in person were able to choose to appoint independent directors designated by the Company as their proxy in the shareholders' meeting.

The Day of Shareholders' Meeting

The Company held the 2021 Annual General Meeting of shareholders at Maestro Chamber, 17th Floor, Major Tower, Soi Thonglor 10, Sukhumvit 55, Khlong Tan Nuea Sub-district, Watthana District, Bangkok, in the form of electronic meeting.

The Company allowed shareholders who wished to attend the meeting in person or by a proxy who was not a director to attend via electronic media. The registration system for submitting petitions opened from 18 April 2022 and closed on 27 April 2022, until the end of the meeting.

At the shareholders' meeting, the Managing Director acted as the Chairman of the meeting, and the Company's directors attended the meeting before the meeting commenced. The Chairman of the meeting explained the voting method, vote counting, ballot use, and disclosure of vote counting results in each agenda item to create transparency as well as allowed shareholders to express their opinions, and suggestions and asked questions equally. The Chairman answered questions, gave complete information to the shareholders, and allowed enough time for discussion.

Shareholders' meeting

The 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders via electronic media (E-AGM) consisted of 28 shareholders and proxies attending, counting the number of 416,509,600 shares (48.41 percent), more than one-third of the total of 860,411,939 shares, with Mr. Suriya Poolworalak presided over the meeting. A total of 4 directors attended the meeting, namely:

No.	Name-Surname	Position
1	Miss Petrada Poolvorakaks	Director and Chief Executive Officer
2	Mr. Suriya Poolvorakaks	Director and Managing Director
3	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee
4	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Independent Director and the Audit Committee

Executive and auditor attended the meeting such as Miss Natha Kittiakson (Deputy Chief Executive Officer), Executive of Accounting & Finance are Mr. Nuthapon Luckkanalawan and Mr. Pitak Ponghiruncharoen. The auditor from EY Office Limited is Ms. Manee Rattanabunnakit.

As for the minutes of the shareholders' meeting, the Company has recorded the information of the meeting, including the names of directors attending the meeting, questions and clarifications that are important, the resolutions of the meeting in each agenda item in detail, and the holding of shares with voting results within the day following the date of the shareholders' meeting. The shareholders were informed via the SET's electronic media system (SET Portal), the minutes was sent to various agencies within 14 days from the date of the shareholders' meeting, including disseminating the minutes of the meeting in Thai and English via the Company's website (www.mjd.co.th) for shareholders to receive news and information quickly without having to wait for the next meeting, after which it was presented to the shareholders for approval at the next shareholder meeting.

Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

The Company has a policy to support and pay attention to treating all shareholders equally and fairly to protect their fundamental rights. In particular, minority shareholders whose rights have been violated should have the opportunity to receive compensation. Therefore, the Company has decided to take the following actions:

1. The arrangement of the shareholders' meeting will proceed according to the agenda as stated in the invitation letter and will not add any agenda to the meeting without notifying the shareholders in advance; to give shareholders enough time to study the information supporting each agenda before making a decision.

The Company has a policy to support and pay attention to treating all shareholders equally and fairly to protect their fundamental rights. In particular, minority shareholders whose rights have been violated should have the opportunity to receive compensation.

2. Propose a list of all independent directors as an alternative to a proxy and choose to appoint an independent director as long as the proxy form follows the form prescribed by the Ministry of Commerce. There is a format where shareholders can set their voting direction to encourage shareholders to exercise their rights to attend the meeting and vote on each agenda.
3. Encourage shareholders to use ballots for every item on their agenda by creating ballot papers separated by important matters so that the shareholders can vote as they deem appropriate, which will keep the ballots in the meeting room to combine the votes in the calculation with the votes that have been pre-written in the proxy form before the announcement of the resolution of the votes in the meeting room.
4. In the appointment of directors to replace those who have retired, the Company allows shareholders to exercise their right to appoint individually.
5. The Company has established measures to prevent the use of inside information for the benefit of directors and executives, whereby directors and executives have roles and obligations to submit reports on their interests or those of related persons reporting on the securities holdings of themselves, their spouses, and underage children, and report any change in securities holdings every time there is a purchase, transfer, or acceptance of a transfer of securities. Details of such measures are described in Supervision of the Use of Insider Information.

Roles of Stakeholders

Rights of Stakeholders

To ensure that the basic rights of stakeholders are respected, the Company prioritizes the rights of all groups of stakeholders, including employees and executives of the Company and its subsidiaries, as well as external parties such as trade partners, government sectors, joint ventures, society, communities, and the environment. These interests are protected and maintained following the requirements of relevant laws and regulations, and the Company has established a framework for ethical behavior and a Code of Conduct that is published on the Company's website and will not do anything that infringes on the rights of stakeholders, which is considered an important part in building the long-term success of the Company. The details are as follows.

Employees

The Company always recognizes that employees are an important component of the Company's success and, therefore, treats employees equally and fairly by providing reasonable and fair compensation and benefits. The Company determines the compensation per the level of duties and responsibilities and according to the labor market price mechanism, considering the principle of motivating employees to enable them to perform their work to the best of their knowledge and competence according to the operating results of the Company.

The Company provides welfare for employees in various fields as follows:

- The Company has established an employee provident fund whereby the employees voluntarily contribute to the fund; the employees contribute 3–10 percent of their salaries, and the Company also contributes at the rate of 3–10 percent of their salaries. This registered capital is managed by a licensed fund manager in compliance with the provisions of the Provident Fund Act, B.E. 2542.
- Group health insurance for employees.
- Group life insurance for employees with the insurance fund of Baht 200,000–1,500,000, as per the conditions of the life insurance policy contract.
- Giving privileges to employees in purchasing discounted products. The use of such privileges must comply with the rules and conditions set forth by the Company, which

are considered by the personnel department and the administrative department to determine the employee's qualifications and calculate the discount.

- Providing welfare assistance to employees such as
 - Medical expense reimbursement for outpatients
 - Providing annual health checks for employees
 - Hosting funerals for employees and their families
 - Encouraging annual tour activities within the departments with which they are affiliated
 - Encouraging social gatherings within the departments with which they are affiliated
 - Promoting sports and recreational activities for employees.
 - Distributing uniforms for male and female employees
 - Assisting employees as appropriate in situations such as in the wake of the great floods at the end of 2011, the Company provided temporary housing assistance to more than 200 families, along with loans for housing repairs and interest-free purchases of property damaged by the floods. The loan, which does not exceed 4 times the amount of their salary, has a repayment period of 2 years. The Company also provides parking for more than 200 vehicles and delivers more than 50,000 sandbags to employees to protect their homes from being hit by floods, etc.
 - Providing scholarships to employees and executives to promote and support learning and self-development to reach their full potential, subject to the appropriateness and discretion of the management team.

The Company has set up a welfare committee to represent employees' views and discuss them with the Company to provide welfare to employees as a means to convey employee welfare needs to the Company to discuss and give suggestions as well as supervise the welfare arrangements that the Company provides to employees.

In addition, the Company places importance on maintaining and improving the security system, sanitation system, and working environment to ensure safety for life, health, and property of employees and good hygiene of employees, as well as supporting culture and atmosphere good to work in. The Company is determined to develop human resources to have knowledge and awareness of safety and health issues

The Company realizes and recognizes the importance of personnel that affects the success of the Company's business and has always remembered that the way to achieve this goal must arise from systematic and continuous employee development training

affecting employees. In the past year, the Company has had no litigation disputes between employees and the Company, and the Company has had no accidents in the level that the Company has to stop working.

Personnel Training and Development Policy

The Company realizes and recognizes the importance of personnel that affects the success of the Company's business and has always remembered that the way to achieve this goal must arise from systematic and continuous employee development training under the responsibility of the Company and all employees. In other words, the Company provides learning and development opportunities for employee growth. At the same time, it is the employee's responsibility to take responsibility for the success that will arise from such training and development opportunities with sincere commitment. This is to ensure that the training and personal development work is carried out in a direction consistent with the management of the Company and achieves the results according to the policy set. Therefore, the Company has set up a "Personal Development Center" that is responsible for various activities necessary for the training and development of personnel and has established the training and development policy guidelines for employees as follows:

- 1) The Company regards human resources as valuable above all other administrative resources. Therefore, all employees are trained and developed to have the knowledge, attitude, and ability to perform the job requirements systematically and continuously for career advancement by considering the readiness of each employee as important.
- 2) The Company considers the cost of human resource training and development as an investment in the person, which is crucial for the operation to achieve its main mission and objectives in an efficient operation and keep up with the changes in modern technology used in operations.

- 3) The Company will focus on various line and function programs both at the operational and management levels, including the special and supporting programs, so that employees can perform the duties and responsibilities of the current position and move up the ladder in the future.
- 4) The Company recognizes the need for human resource training and development as a critical tool for improvement and, therefore, encourages training and seminars to truly solve problems in the operations of departments and project groups.
- 5) The Company assumes that supervisors at all levels must play a critical role in training and developing their subordinates through on-the-job training and/or coaching. Assessment of the supervisor's performance also considers the ability to develop subordinates as well.
- 6) The Company will support cooperation with educational institutions and external organizations concerning training and development, such as cooperation in requesting study visits, accepting internships, and cooperating as a speaker to express social responsibility and create a good corporate image.

For new employees, the Company organizes an orientation on the first day of work to allow new employees to become aware of the policies, rules, and regulations; the Company's business structure, organizational culture, and welfare and benefits initially; and for new employees entering a year. There is a new friend seminar for new employees to get to know their colleagues, seniors, employees, and executives, which will enhance good relationships between people in the Company and bond with the organization, including learning how to work together as a team.

In the past year, the Company has continuously supported the development of skills and ability to work by providing training at all levels, including internal training courses, inviting knowledgeable speakers to train in the Company, sending employees for training by various training institutions outside the Company, including training and visiting abroad

to increase the potential of employees' knowledge and ability to develop the organization to be a sustainable success.

Partners

The Company has established a Code of Conduct in business to be used as a policy to treat business partners appropriately. The selection of trading partners is based on equal and fair competition between each trading partner. There are criteria for selecting partners and contractual parties by considering qualifications, quality of work, past performance, experience, expertise in the business, stable financial condition, history of abandonment, and the ability to deliver work as scheduled for the best benefit of the Company. The Company has made an agreement or clearly contracted with partners. No unfair conditions are imposed on trading partners when purchasing goods and services from partners. The Company has treated its trading partners under the terms and conditions of the trade agreements, including payments for goods and services under agreed payment terms, which also builds a good relationship for mutual benefit. In addition, the Company has adopted a supply chain system for purchasing products to be more convenient, faster, and reduce the various documents used to communicate, which reduces costs and allows partners to prepare products in advance.

Creditors

The Company has strictly complied with the terms and conditions of the contract. There has never been any practice that violates the agreed terms or conceals information or facts that causes damage to creditors, which has always built confidence for creditors. Most loan agreements contain certain covenants and restrictions, such as the percentage of shareholding of major shareholders, change of directors, guaranteeing debts or aval promissory notes to any person or entity, dividend payment mergers, mergers with other companies, maintenance of certain financial ratios, notification to the lender in writing when there is a lawsuit affecting the ability to repay the loan, etc. In addition, the Company has some assets that are mortgaged as collateral for bank loans.

Customers

The Company is committed to improving the quality of products and services to meet standards, including the establishment of an agency to contact and listen to

suggestions or comments from customers to acknowledge the problems and customer demand and make improvements in order to provide customers with the highest confidence and satisfaction.

Competitors

The Company emphasizes behaving in accordance with the rules of competition with good ethics, professionalism, and transparency under the legal framework, not infringing on the confidentiality or knowing the trade secrets of competitors by fraudulent means, and adhering to the policies and treatment of competitors stated in the Business Ethics manual. In addition, the Company views competitors as trading partners by giving trade partners the opportunity to visit and see the work in the Company and Company computer systems to create a good relationship between them. In the past year, the Company has not had any disputes with competitors.

Communities, Society, and Environment

The Company has always been aware of the responsibility towards society, community, and the environment, which is embedded in the business's main work process from product design, proper selection of materials and resources, quality control of products and services, delivery time, and development of products for residents to have a better quality of life. In addition, the guidelines for reducing impacts in the environmental impact report are strictly followed. The Company operates and controls to strictly comply with relevant laws as well as promote the efficient use of resources. Various projects and activities for the social community are held continually. More details can be found on the topic: "Corporate Social Responsibility".

Intellectual Property or Copyright

The Company has the policy to comply with the laws related to non-infringement of intellectual property or copyright, including not encouraging employees to take actions that infringe the intellectual property or copyright of others without permission, which has been announced as a practice for employees to use computer networks for knowledge and communication through the Company's Intranet system.

Measures for whistleblowing and mechanisms to protect informers

The Company has the policy to protect all groups of stakeholders by setting up measures for whistleblowing and mechanisms to protect informers to accept complaints in the event of violations of rights from illegal acts or code of conduct, comments, or suggestions, including behaviors that may imply corruption or misconduct of individuals in the organization, both company employees and other stakeholders. The Company recognizes the importance of keeping such complaints confidential. The information will be recognized only in the work that has been assigned in order to build confidence for the complainant. In this regard, the matter can be directly submitted to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

Information Disclosure and Transparency

1. The Company realizes the importance of the disclosure of information sufficiently, accurately, completely, quickly, and transparently. Therefore, the Company has published important information about the Company, both financial and non-financial, on the websites of the Stock Exchange of Thailand (www.set.or.th) and the Securities and Exchange Commission (www.sec.or.th) according to the criteria set by the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the

Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, various information that the company has released to the public and stakeholders will be published on the company's website, www.mjd.co.th, with regular updates for users to receive information in a timely and easily accessible manner and get the most benefit.

2. Financial statements disclosed to stakeholders must be approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors first.
3. The Board of Directors has provided a report on the Board of Directors' responsibility for the financial reports, along with the auditor's report, in the annual report from the year 2002 onwards.
4. The Company has complied with the principles of Good Corporate Governance and has reported the approved Corporate Governance policies, summarizing the results of the implementation of such policies in the annual report and Company website starting from the 2007 annual report onwards.
5. The Company has disclosed about the roles and duties of the Board of Directors and sub-committees and the number of times each director attended the meeting under the topic: "Management Structure" and "Sub-Committees".



Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

1. Structure of the Board of Directors

The election of the Company's directors is in accordance with the resolutions of the shareholders' meeting, the rules, procedures, laws, and the Company's Articles of Association, with a term of office of 3 years. The 3 directors who have the longest term must retire by rotation in order to recruit new directors every year. On 31 December 2022, the Board of Directors consists of 7 members as follows:

Executive Director 4 Persons

Independent Director 3 Persons

Independent directors are independent of the Company's management and major shareholders, and are persons who do not have a business relationship with the Company in such a way as to limit the freedom of expression of opinion, as well as meet the definition of an independent director as mentioned in the topic: "Independent Directors".

Division of Job Responsibilities

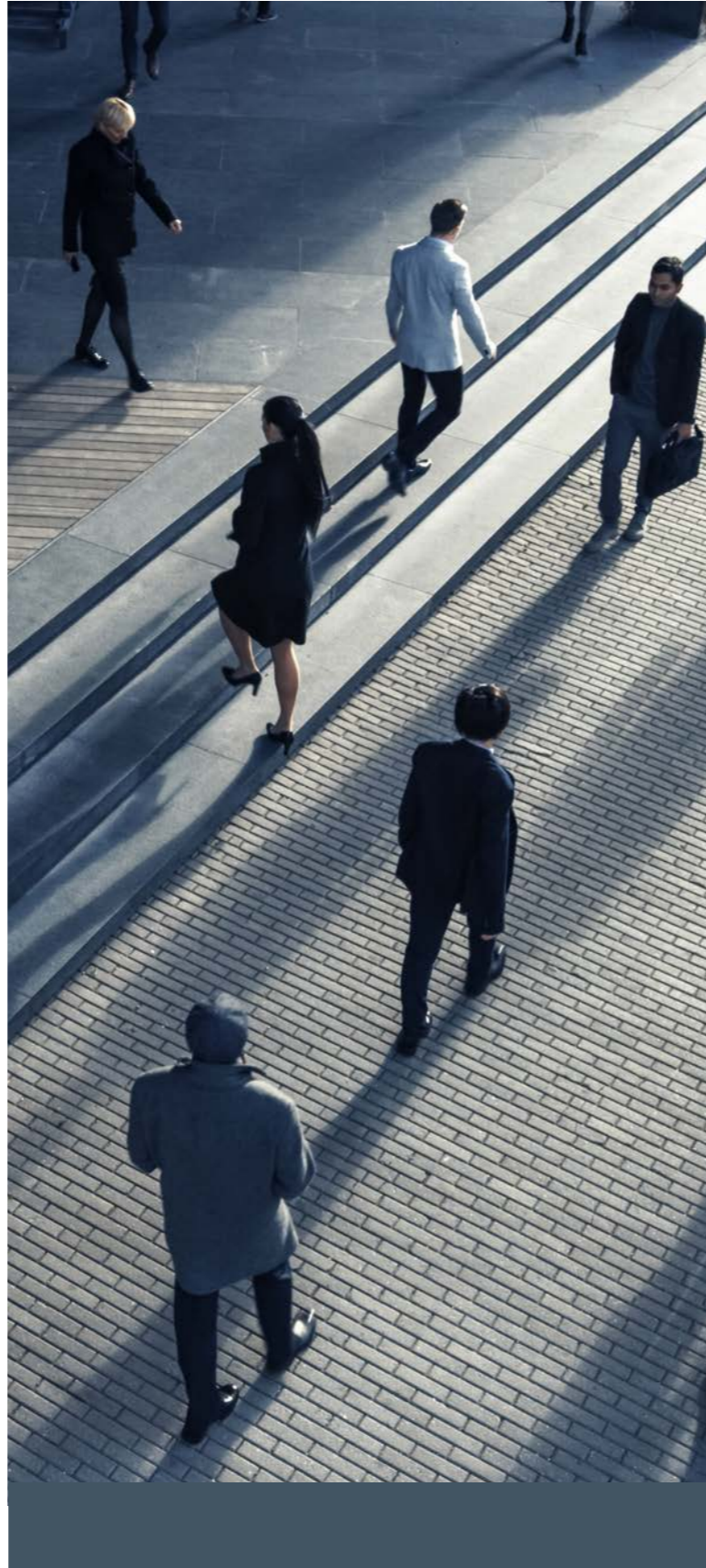
The Company has separated the roles and responsibilities between the Board of Directors and the Management. The Board of Directors is responsible for formulating policies and supervising the operations of the management, while the management is responsible for managing various tasks to be in accordance with the specified policies. The person who is the Chairman of the Board is separated from the person who is the Managing Director. The preparation of various reports, which is not the normal operation of the Company will be considered by the Board of Directors with at least one-third of the Board of Directors who are independent directors.

Composition of the Executive Committee

The current structure and composition of the Board of Directors consists of directors who are qualified in a variety of areas of knowledge and expertise, including engineering, accounting, business administration, economics, and law, with a variety of professions and experiences beneficial to the Company's operations and an appropriate balance of directors.

2. Sub-committees

The Board of Directors has established four sub-committees to help monitor and supervise operations more closely and report to the Board of Directors regularly, which



consists of the Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Risk Management Committee. The Board of Directors has clearly defined the powers, duties, and responsibilities of each sub-committee.

3. Roles and Duties of Board of Directors

3.1 The Board of Directors is knowledgeable, has a wide range of skills and experience, can use independent judgment, and has leadership, which is responsible for formulating strategies, directions, policies, goals, and missions of the Company, as well as following up on the operating results to achieve objectives, comply with policies, rules, laws, and related regulations, and manage risks to an appropriate level under the legal framework, objectives, and resolutions of the shareholders' meeting with honesty and caution, considering the best interests of the Company and being responsible to shareholders and all stakeholders. In addition, to ensure efficiency, effectiveness, transparency, and accountability, the Company has also provided an evaluation of the Board of Directors' performance.

3.2 The Board of Directors has provided a written policy on corporate governance of the Company, has approved such policy, and reviews it at least once a year.

3.3 Ethics Promotion Committee

The Company adheres to transparent, honest, and fair business practices and has issued a Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors, management, and staff in order for those involved to adhere to the guidelines for the performance of the Company's mission within the framework of the Company's laws and regulations on the basis of professional ethics. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct for employees to be published on the website: www.mjd.co.th and the Company's central database system and allows employees to practice The Company organizes activities to encourage compliance with the Code of Conduct, Good Corporate Governance culture, and effective communication of the Code of Conduct to all employees, such as

- Informing employees to be aware of employee's Code of Conduct.
- Providing new employee orientation with a topic on the principles of Good Corporate Governance and the employee's Code of Conduct for understanding and as a guideline.
- Communicating to employees about the Code of Conduct for employees via an electronic mail system.
- Organizing activities through the media in the electronic network system within the organization, especially public relations about the Code of Conduct and Corporate Governance principles on the welcome page.

The Company has annually followed up on the performance of the Code of Conduct. The Company has assigned the Audit Department to develop a system to monitor the practice under the audit work. The Audit Committee acknowledges the report of the results of the audit with recommendations for solutions.

3.4 Conflicts of Interest

The Company operates by adhering to the principles of Good Corporate Governance to eliminate conflicts of interest, which requires all employees to strictly adhere to.

4. Measures to Eliminate Conflicts of Interest

The Board of Directors has considered items that may have conflicts of interest, connected transactions, or appropriate related transactions under the framework of good ethics, through screening by the Audit Committee and ensuring compliance with the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and the Securities and Exchange Commission, as well as disclosing information about transactions that may have conflicts of interest to the public. The Company has set policy regulations and the process of approving transactions that may have conflicts of interest for executives, employees, and related parties to adhere to the main principles as follows:

- 4.1 If there are any transactions in which directors, employees, or connected persons benefit from the transaction with the Company, such directors or employees are prohibited from participating in the transaction's approval, and the price will be set appropriately as a transaction with any third party.
- 4.2 In pricing, for the prevention of conflicts of interest, the Company will set fair and reasonable prices, which are in accordance with general trading conditions.
- 4.3 In terms of compliance with the rules prescribed by the Stock Exchange of Thailand in making connected transactions, the connected transactions must be presented to the Audit Committee for consideration and opinion before being submitted for approval to the Board of Directors in accordance with the principles of Good Corporate Governance.
- 4.4 Disclosure of transactions that may have conflicts of interest or connected transactions or related-party transactions is subject to the rules prescribed by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Such transactions are in the annual registration statement (Form 56-1) and the annual report, including the disclosure of such related party transactions in the financial statements as stipulated by accounting standards.
- 5. Risk Management Policy**
- 5.1 The Board of Directors, executives, all employees, and all units are the owners of the risks and are responsible for conducting assessments, monitoring, and supporting effective risk management processes.
- 5.2 The Company's business unit must have a risk management process in place, as well as systematic and continuous evaluation and follow-up. The processes need to be adjusted to accommodate changes in business at least once a year.
- 5.3 Risk assessment is determined as a part of the annual work plan of all parties by considering all risks covering the entire organization considering both internal and external risk factors, including requiring risk management and creating appropriate warning signs.
- 5.4 The Risk Management Committee is responsible

for monitoring risk management and presenting opinions to the Board of Directors.

- 5.5 The Risk Management Committee creates an organizational culture that fosters mutual understanding and awareness of risks by building a knowledge base because the Company believes that the risk can be mitigated or acceptable when executives or officers in all departments are aware of the damage that will follow. Therefore, the Company aims to develop databases both inside and outside the organization by investing in IT and implementing modern technology in order for employees at all levels to have access to information and share experiences, which will lead to the development and improvement of the risk management process to be effective.

6. The Board of Directors Meeting

The Company has announced the Board of Directors' meeting schedule in advance to help directors allocate meeting time by revealing the number of times each director attended the meeting under the topic: "Report on Key Performance in Corporate Governance".

7. The Board of Directors' Performance Appraisal

The Company has the policy to provide the Board of Directors with a performance appraisal at least once a year to help the committee review the work issues and obstacles during the past year and increase the effectiveness of the Board's work. The performance appraisal of the Board of Directors is organized into 2 types as follows:

- 7.1 Performance appraisal of the whole committee: assessed in various aspects, as follows:
- (1) structure and qualifications of the Board
 - (2) roles, duties, and responsibilities of the Board
 - (3) meeting of the Board of Directors
 - (4) duties of directors
 - (5) relationship with the management
 - (6) director's self-development and executive development
- 7.2 Performance appraisal of individual committees:

assessed in various aspects, as follows:

- (1) the readiness of directors
- (2) strategy formulation and business planning
- (3) risk management and internal control
- (4) prevention of conflicts of interest
- (5) monitoring of financial and operating reports
- (6) Board's meetings
- (7) others.

In 2022, the Company Secretary sent the Board of Directors' performance appraisal form to the directors, which summarized the results of the assessment and was presented to the committee for consideration in order to achieve the objectives mentioned above.

8. Performance Appraisal of Sub-committees

The Board of Directors provides an annual performance appraisal of sub-committees such as the Audit Committee to serve as a framework for reviewing operations during the past year in order to be able to modify and increase work efficiency by presenting the results of the assessment to the Board of Directors' meeting for acknowledgment.

9. Remuneration

The Company sets a policy for directors' and managing director's remuneration clearly, which the Nomination and Remuneration Committee considers and screens. The Company's remuneration is at the same level as those of the same industries. The number of times each director attended the meeting is disclosed under the topic: "Management Structure".

10. Orientation for New Directors

The Company realizes the importance of performing the duties of new directors. Therefore, the Company has provided an introduction to the overall operating guidelines of the Company, the structure of subsidiaries, associated companies, and business-related companies to understand both the working method and the connected shareholding structure. In addition, the Company provides information that is important and necessary for the performance of the directors' duties, such as the structure of work within the Company, Articles of Association, Company's objectives, business Code of Conduct of the Board of Directors, director's manual of listed companies, Good Corporate Governance policy, related laws, financial statements, and notes to

financial statements, as well as organizes a meeting with the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Board of Directors, the Company's sub-committees to obtain information about the Company's business operations.

Business Code of Conducts

The Company has established a business ideology and a Code of Conduct for the Major Development Group. Company directors, executives, and all employees have a duty to follow the advice of the Code of Conduct and work practices as follows:

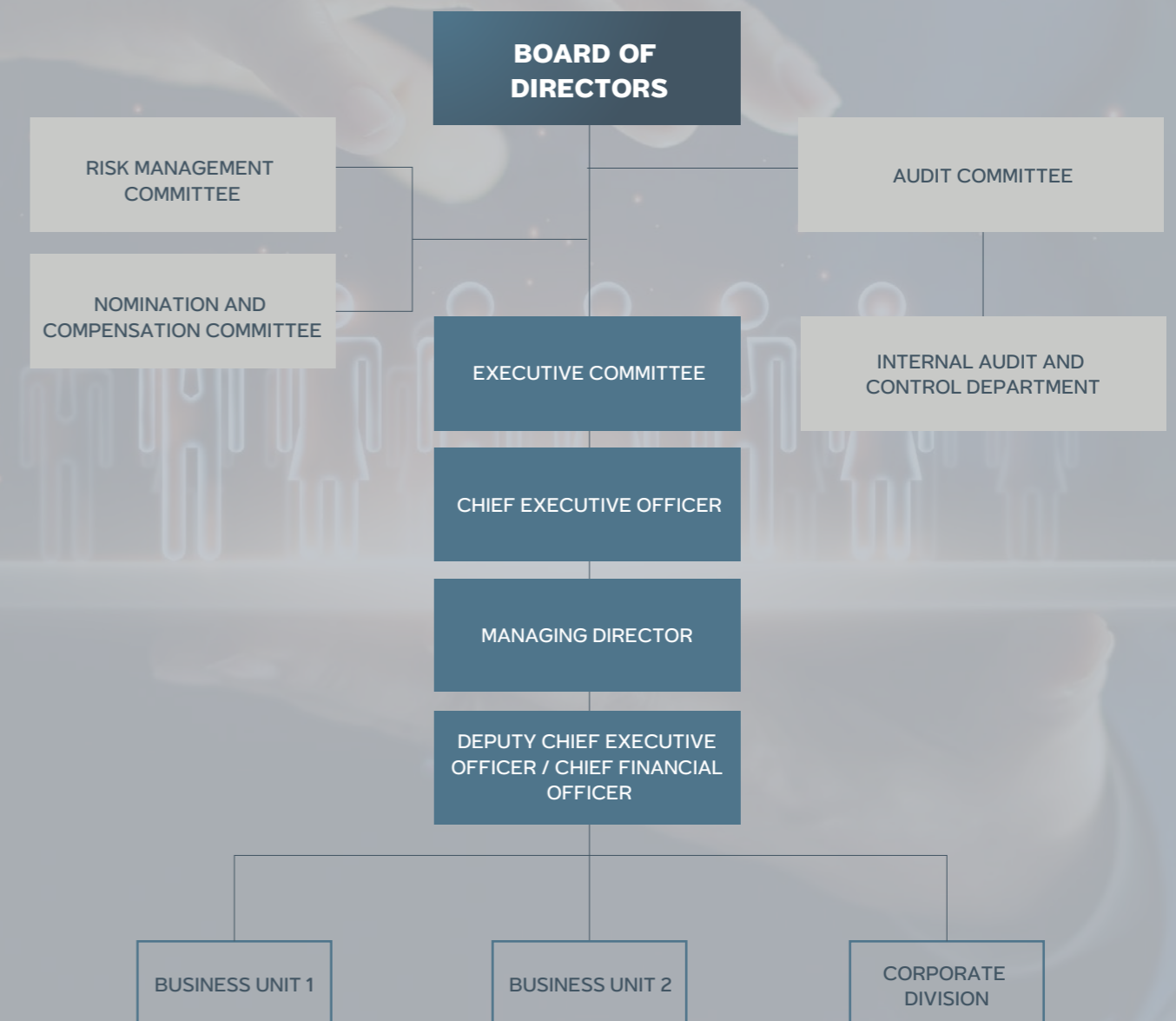
1. Understand and follow the contents of the Code of Conduct and work regulations, particularly the sections about their duties and responsibilities.
2. Review the knowledge and understanding of the contents of the Code of Conduct and work practices regularly.
3. Provide knowledge and understanding of the contents of the Code of Conduct and work regulations to others who have to perform duties related to the Company Group or may affect the Company Group.
4. Consult with the supervisor or a person designated by the Company to be responsible for monitoring compliance with the Code of Conduct and work practices when any doubts or questions arise.
5. Notify supervisors or responsible persons when seeing any violations or non-compliance with the Code of Conduct and work practices.
6. Cooperate in the investigation of various facts with agencies or persons that the Company is assigned to.

07

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE AND INFORMATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS, SUB-COMMITTEES, EXECUTIVES, EMPLOYEES AND OTHERS

Organizational structure

As of 31 December 2022



Information about the Boards of Directors

The management structure of the Company comprises of 5 sets of committees as follows: the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and Risk Management Committee. The Company's directors and executives consist of qualified persons under Section 68 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535 and the Notification of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Stock Exchange of Thailand No. Kor Jor.12/2000 regarding the request to an offer for sale of the newly issued shares dated 22 March 2000. The details of the Company's directors are as follows:

The Board of Directors

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has 7 company's directors as follows:

No.	Name	Position
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks	Chairman of the Board of Directors
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks	Director
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	Director
4	Ms. Natha Kittiaksom ⁽¹⁾	Director
5	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee
6	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Independent Director and the Audit Committee
7	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha ⁽²⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee
*	Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks ⁽³⁾	Chairman of the Board of Directors
*	Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont ⁽⁴⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee

Remark : (1) Ms. Natha Kittiaksom was appointed as Director, effective as from 12 May 2022 onwards.

(2) Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha was appointed as Independent Director and Audit Committee, effective as from 12 May 2022 onwards.

(3) Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks resigned from the positions of the Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, effective as from 5 May 2022 onwards.

(4) Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont resigned from the positions of Independent Director and the Audit Committee, effective as from 1 March 2022 onwards.

Mr. Preecha Piriyapanyaporn is the secretary of the Board of Directors.

Authorized Directors as follows:

Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks or Miss Petrada Poolvorlaks or Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks, 2 directors sign together with the Company's seal.

Scope of Authorities and Duties of the Board of Directors

1. Perform duties in compliance with laws, objectives, Comapany's regulations, and the resolutions from the shareholders' meeting, with the exception in the matter that requires approval in from the shareholders' meeting before proceeding, such as matters required by law to be resolved by the shareholders' meeting, connected transactions, and buying or selling important assets according to the rules of the Stock Exchange of Thailand or as specified by other government agencies, etc.
2. Consider an approval for business policies, goals, operation plans, business strategy, and the annual budget of the Company
3. Consider an approval for appointment of a person with qualifications and without prohibited characteristics as prescribed in the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535 and Securities and Exchange Law including announcements, regulations and/or regulations that are related to holding of the directorship position in the event that the director position becomes vacant for reasons other than retirement by rotation.
4. Consider an appointment of the Executive Committee by selecting from the directors of the Company as well as defining the scope of authorities, duties, and responsibilities of the Executive Committee
5. Consider an appointment of independent directors in the event that the directorship position becomes vacant for reasons other than retirement by rotation by considering from the qualifications and prohibited characteristics of independent directors as according to the law on securities and exchange including the announcement of regulations and/or related regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand or propose to the shareholders' meeting to consider an appointment of the Company's independent directors in the event of the reappointment of the independent director position.
6. Consider an appointment of the Audit Committee with qualifications under the law on securities and exchange as well as the announcements of rules and/or regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand
7. Consider and amending the name of the directors who have the authority to sign on behalf of the Company
8. Appoint other persons to operate the Company's business under the control of the Board of Directors or may authorize and/or within the period of time as the Board deems appropriate. The Board of Directors may annul, revoke or amend such authorities.
9. Consider an approval of the acquisition or disposition of assets unless such items must be approved by the shareholders' meeting. The approval shall be in accordance with the announcement, regulations, and/or related regulations of Stock Exchange of Thailand
10. Consider an approval of the connected transactions unless such transaction must be approved by the shareholders' meeting. Consideration of such approval will be in accordance with the announcement, regulations, and/or related regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand
11. Consider an approval for the payment of interim dividends to shareholders when anticipating that the Company is profitable enough to do so and report such dividend payment to the shareholders' meeting in the next shareholders' meeting.

In addition, the delegation of authorities, duties, and responsibilities of the Board of Directors must not be in the manner of the power of attorney or the delegation of power that allows the Board of Directors to approve the transactions that they or persons with possible conflicts of interest have a stake or may have any other conflicts of interest with the Company or its subsidiaries (according to the definition of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board Securities and Exchange Commission and/or The Stock Exchange of Thailand and/or related agencies). The approval of such transactions must be proposed to the Board of Directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting (as the case may be) to consider and approve such transactions as required by the subsidiary's regulations or related laws, except for normal trading transactions with general trading conditions stipulated by the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting.

Executive Committee

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has 4 Executive Committees as follows:

No.	Name	Position
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorakaks	Chairman of Executive Committee
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorakaks	Executive Committee
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorakaks	Executive Committee
4	Ms. Natha Kittiakson	Executive Committee

Remark: Ms. Natha Kittiakson was appointed as Director, effective as from 12 May 2022 onwards.

Scope of authorities and duties of the Executive Committee

1. Prepare and present business policies, goals, operation plans, business strategy, and the annual budget of the Company for the approval of the Board of Directors.
2. Determine business plan, budget, and administrative authorities of the Company for the approval of the Board of Directors
3. Monitor and supervise the Company's business operation to be in accordance with business policies, goals, operational plans, business strategy, and the budget approved by the Board of Directors
4. Have the authority to consider and approve the expenditure for investments, operations, borrowing, or applying for any credit from financial institution for the ordinary transactions of the Company and for the benefit of the implementation of the Company's objectives within the limit not exceeding 260 (two hundred and sixty) million baht or equivalent. Such action shall be subject to the Notification of the Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange of Thailand Re: Disclosure of Information and Other Acts of Listed Companies Concerning the Acquisition or Disposition of Assets B.E. 2547 and Re: Disclosure of Information and Acts of Listed Companies. in the Connected Transaction B.E. 2546
5. Determine the organizational structure and management authorities that cover details of selection, hiring, transferring, training, and termination of the Company's employees that are in the Executive Committee or top executives by assigning the Company's Chief Executive Officer to be authorized on behalf of the Company to sign an employment contracts
6. Supervise and approve matters related to the Company's operations and may appoint or assign person(s) to act on behalf of the Executive Committee as they deem appropriate and the Executive Committee may revoke, amend, or adjust such authorities
7. Perform any other duties as assigned by the Board of Directors

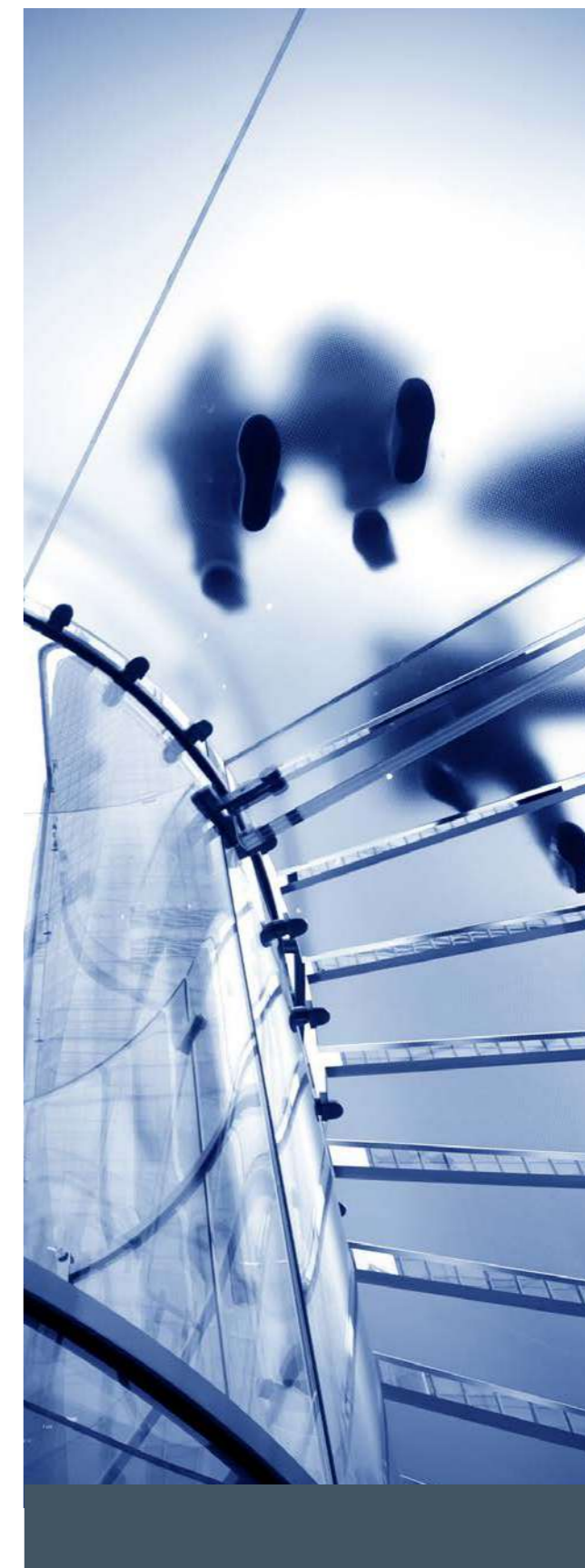
In addition, the delegation of authorities, duties, and responsibilities of the Executive Committee must not be in the manner of the power of attorney or the delegation of power that allows the Executive Committee to approve the transactions that they or persons with possible conflicts of interest have a stake or may have any other conflicts of interest with the Company or its subsidiaries (according to the definition of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board Securities and Exchange Commission and/or The Stock Exchange of Thailand and/or related agencies). The approval of such transactions must be proposed to the Board of Directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting (as the case may be) to consider and approve such transactions as required by the subsidiary's regulations or related laws, except for normal trading transactions with general trading conditions stipulated by the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting.

Company Secretary

The Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Preecha Piriypanyaporn, who has appropriate qualifications, qualifications and experiences, to served as the Company Secretary with roles and duties to:

- Provide legal advice and regulations that the Board of Directors must recognize and follow
- Prepare and keep meeting notice and report of shareholders' meetings and Board of Directors' meetings, as well as conducting meetings in accordance with the law, Articles of Association, and other practices
- Prepare and keep annual reports and registration of directors
- Keep reports on interests of directors and executives
- Coordinate with various regulatory agencies or relevant agencies as well as ensuring accuracy and completion of the disclosure of various information as required by law

Background and details of the Company Secretary is provided in the Attachment 1 (Details about directors, executives, persons with controlling authority and Company secretary)



Executive Officer

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has 4 Executive Officers as follows;

No.	Name	Position
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorakaks	Chairman of Executive Officer
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorakaks	Chief Executive Officer / Executive of Business Unit 2
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorakaks	Managing Director / Executive of Business Unit 1 / Executive Corporate Division
4	Ms. Natha Kittiakson	Deputy Chief Executive Officer / Chief Financial Officer

Scope of authorities and roles of the Chief Executive Officer

- Responsible for overseeing business operations and/or day-to-day management of the Company
- Coordinate with the internal audit department on accounting matters and disbursement of the Company that do not comply with the policy of the Company
- Organize an effective organizational structure and management in accordance with the guidelines that the Board of Directors of the Company may require, covering the selection, training, hiring, and termination of employees of the Company that are not in Executive Committee nor Top Executives. There will be an authorized person on behalf of the Company to sign an employment contract.
- Has the authority to consider and approve the use of funds for investments or operations, as well as to borrow or apply for credit from financial institutions for routine business transactions and for the purpose of operating in accordance with the Company's objectives, up to a maximum of 78 (seventy-eight) million Baht or equivalent. Such action shall be subject to the Notification of the Board of Governors of the Stock Exchange of Thailand Re: Disclosure of Information and Other Acts of Listed Companies Concerning the Acquisition and Disposition of Assets B.E.2547 and Re: Disclosure of Information and Acts of Listed Companies on Connected Transaction B.E.2546.
- Possess additional authority necessary for the Company's operation as determined by the Board of Directors and/or the Executive Committee of the Company.
- Contribute to the discussion of the budget with the Board of Directors and/or the Company's Board of Directors of the Company
- Negotiate, consider contract documents pertaining to the Company's normal operation, and make suggestions and recommendations on such matters for the Board of Directors and/or the Executive Board responsible for that matter to screen and draw conclusions.
- Assign one or more individuals to carry out an act on behalf by subcontracting and/or assigning them within the parameters of the provided authorization and/or as provided by the authorization letter and/or in accordance with the regulations or orders of the Board and/or the Executive Committee and/or the Company. The Chief Executive Officer has the authority to revoke, amend, or modify such sub-authorizations and/or assignments.

In addition, the delegation of authorities, duties, and responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer must not be in the manner of the power of attorney or the delegation of power that allows the Chief Executive Officer to approve the transactions that they or persons with possible conflicts of interest have a stake or may have any other conflicts of interest with the Company or its subsidiaries (according to the definition of the Notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board Securities and Exchange Commission and/or The Stock Exchange of Thailand and/or related agencies). The approval of such transactions must be proposed to the Board of Directors' meeting and/or the shareholders' meeting (as the case may be) to consider and approve such transactions as required by the subsidiary's regulations or related laws, except for normal trading transactions with general trading conditions stipulated by the Board of Directors and/or the shareholders' meeting.



Personnel

As of 31 December 2022, the Company has a total of 611 employees. The Company paid a total of 434.36 million Baht in remuneration to employees, which included salary, bonus, overtime pay, social security and provident fund contributions, and other benefits.

Group	Number (person)
Executive Employees	47
Managerial Level Employees	92
Operational Level Employees	472
Total employees	611
Compensation (Million Baht)	434.36

08

KEY PERFORMANCE REPORT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Performance of the Board of Directors

Assessment of the Performance of the Board of Directors

The Company has the policy to provide the Board of Directors with a performance appraisal at least once a year, by self-assessment method to help the Board of Directors in reviewing the performance, issues, and obstacles during the past year. This is to increase the effectiveness of the Board of Directors by using the assessment form that the Company has adjusted from the example of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Company has prepared 3 sets of assessment forms as follows:

- 1) Self-assessment of the Board of Directors as a whole
- 2) Self-assessment of the Audit Committee
- 3) Self-assessment of the Board of Directors individually

The criteria used in the performance assessment of the Board of Directors/Audit Committee/individual committees are as follows:

Criteria	The Board of Directors as a whole	The Audit Committee	The Board of Directors Individually
Structure and Qualifications of the Board of Directors.	✓	✓	✓
Roles, Duties, and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors	✓	✓	✓
The Board of Directors' Meetings	✓	✓	✓
Responsibilities of Directors	✓	X	X
Relationship with Management.	✓	X	X
Self-Development of the Board of Directors and Executives.	✓	X	X



The performance assessment results of the Board of Directors/Audit Committee/individual committee for 2022 are as follows:

Set 1 The assessment results of the Board of Directors 2022

Average score 90.58 %

Scores by assessment topics

1) Structure and Qualifications of the Board of Directors.	Average score	87.36 %
2) Roles, Duties, and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors	Average score	88.77 %
3) The Board of Directors' Meetings	Average score	91.43 %
4) Responsibilities of Directors	Average score	90.30 %
5) Relationship with Management	Average score	95.71 %
6) Self-Development of the Board of Directors and Executives	Average score	89.88 %

Set 2 The assessment results of the Audit Committee 2022

Average score 87.83 %

Scores by assessment topics

1) Structure and Qualifications of the Board of Directors.	Average score	88.09 %
2) The Board of Directors' Meetings	Average score	86.10 %
3) Roles, Duties, and Responsibilities of the Committee	Average score	89.28 %

Set 3 The assessment results of individual directors 2022

Average score 89.05 %

Scores by assessment topics

1) Structure and Qualifications of the Board of Directors.	Average score	85.71 %
2) The Board of Directors' Meetings	Average score	89.29 %
3) Roles, Duties, and Responsibilities of the Committee	Average score	92.14 %

Remark :

Assessment Criteria

Score of 85%

Very good

Score of 75-85%

Good

Score of 65-75%

Moderate

Score of 50-65%

Fair

Score of 50%

Improvement needed

Nomination of Directors

At the 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on April 27, 2022, there was an approval of the re-appointment of a former director who retired by rotation, i.e. Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlak as Chairman and Executive Director.

In addition, in 2022, there were 2 directors resigned, namely Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont, Independent Director and Audit Committee with effect from 1 March 2022 and

Mr. Chumroen Poolvaraluk, Chairman and Executive Director with effect from 5 May 2022. The Board of Directors' Meeting resolved to approve the appointment of 2 directors to replace those who resigned, namely Ms. Natha Kittiaksorn, Director and Executive Director, Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha, Independent Director and Audit Committee, and appointed Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlak as the Chairman of the Board with effect from 12 May 2022.

Meeting Attendance and Remuneration of the Board of Directors Individually

Attendance of the Shareholders' Meeting

The Company held the 2022 Annual General Meeting of shareholders at Maestro Chamber, 17th Floor, Major Tower, Thonglor, in the form of an electronic meeting. The details of the meeting attendance of the Board of Directors in 2020 - 2022 are as following

No.	Name	Position	Number of Attendance		
			2020	2021	2022
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlak	Chairman of the Board of Directors	1/1	0/1	0/1
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorlak	Director	1/1	1/1	1/1
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlak	Director	1/1	1/1	1/1
4	Ms. Natha Kittiaksorn ⁽¹⁾	Director	-	-	-
5	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee	1/1	1/1	1/1
6	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	1/1	1/1	1/1
7	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha ⁽²⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	-	-	-
*	Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlak ⁽³⁾	Chairman of the Board of Directors	1/1	0/1	0/1
*	Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont ⁽⁴⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	1/1	1/1	0/1

Attendance of the Board of Directors' Meeting

No.	Name	Position	Number of Attendance		
			2020	2021	2022
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlak	Chairman of the Board of Directors	11/11	12/16	0/6
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorlak	Director	11/11	16/16	6/6
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlak	Director	11/11	16/16	6/6
4	Ms. Natha Kittiaksorn ⁽¹⁾	Director	-	-	4/6
5	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee	11/11	15/16	6/6
6	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	11/11	16/16	6/6
7	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha ⁽²⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	-	-	3/6
*	Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlak ⁽³⁾	Chairman of the Board of Directors	11/11	12/16	0/6
*	Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont ⁽⁴⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	10/11	14/16	1/6

Directors and Executives' Remuneration

Director's Remuneration

	Name-Surname	Position	Amount (Baht)
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks	Chairman of the Board of Directors	218,220
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks	Director	180,000
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	Director	180,000
4	Ms. Natha Kittiakson ⁽¹⁾	Director	114,680
5	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee	240,000
6	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	180,000
7	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha ⁽²⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	114,680
*	Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks ⁽³⁾	Chairman of the Board of Directors	60,000
*	Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont ⁽⁴⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	45,000
		Total	1,332,580

Meeting Allowance

	Name-Surname	Position	Amount (Baht)
1	Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks	Chairman of the Board of Directors	-
2	Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks	Director	-
3	Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	Director	-
4	Ms. Natha Kittiakson ⁽¹⁾	Director	-
5	Mr. Chanin Roongsang	Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee	110,000
6	Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	110,000
7	Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha ⁽²⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	50,000
*	Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks ⁽³⁾	Chairman of the Board of Directors	-
*	Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont ⁽⁴⁾	Independent Director and the Audit Committee	20,000
		Total	290,000

Remark : (1) Ms. Natha Kittiakson has been appointed as Director effective on May 12, 2022 onwards.

(2) Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha has been appointed as Audit Committee effective on May 12, 2022 onwards.

(3) Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks has resigned from the positions of the Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company effective on May 12, 2022 onwards.

(4) Mr. Sanguankiat Lewmanomont has resigned from the positions of the Independent Director and Member of Audit Committee of the Company effective on March 1, 2022 onwards.

Other Remunerations

- none -

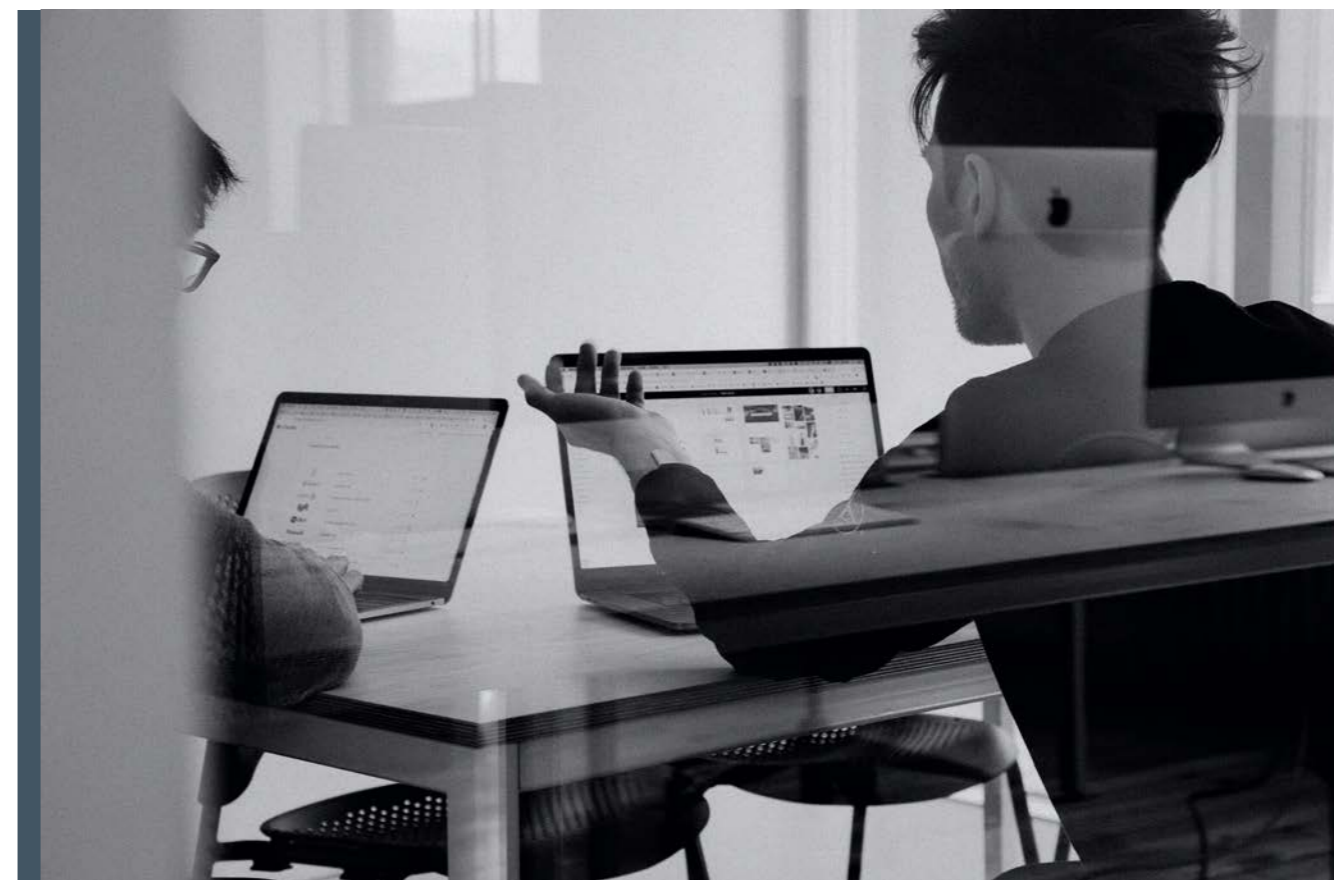
Executives' Remuneration

Monetary compensation of executives

Remuneration	2020		2021		2022	
	Number of persons	Amount (Million Baht)	Number of persons	Amount (Million Baht)	Number of persons	Amount (Million Baht)
Compensation	7	177.85	7	119.30	5	104.04
Bonus	3	3.49	-	-	1	0.66
Provident Fund	4	2.02	3	2.64	4	4.73
Other	5	0.47	3	0.29	2	1.24
Total	7	183.84	7	122.23	5	110.67

Report on the Performance of the Audit Committee

(The details are in Attachment 6 Audit Committee report)



09

INTERNAL CONTROL AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Internal Control and Risk Management

The Audit Committee is responsible for reviewing the operations to ensure compliance with the Company's policies and regulations as well as the laws, regulations, and requirements of regulatory agencies; encouraging the development of financial and accounting reporting systems to meet the generally accepted auditing standards; and reviewing the Company's internal control system, internal audit system, and risk management system to ensure they are concise, appropriate, modern, and efficient. The Audit Committee performs its duties and expresses opinions independently, with the Internal Audit and Corporate Governance as the operating unit reporting directly to the Audit Committee.

The Internal Audit and Corporate Governance are responsible for assessing internal controls following the guidelines set by the Audit Committee, incorporating a preventive audit policy that is beneficial to the agency, considering the credibility of the financial reports. This includes sufficient disclosure of information to ensure transparency, auditing according to good corporate governance guidelines, and increasing operational efficiency by adhering to international standard audit guidelines.

From the assessment of the Company's internal control system in 5 areas: organization and environment, risk management, operational control of the management department, the information and communication systems, and monitoring systems. The Board of Directors believes that the Company has a competent internal control system for transactions with major shareholders, directors, executives, or those related to such persons. As for internal control in other topics of the internal control system, the Board of Directors also believes that the Company has sufficient internal control. The Company's internal control system can be summarized as follows:



01 Organization and Environment

The Company has an appropriate organizational structure that helps the internal control system operate effectively. It also ensures that policies, action plans, and business goals are clear and measurable, as well as promotes and supports corporate governance policies and business ethics that are clear, transparent, and with sufficient and appropriate internal control systems. The policies, operational plans, and targets are based on fairness to employees, customers, and competitors, as well as the responsibility to shareholders, society, and the environment, to continuously create unified values and practices for employees in the organization. With restrictions for management and employees to act in a manner that may cause conflicts of interest with the business to drive the Company towards success in the future; Making written policies and procedures in place for financial, purchasing, and administrative transactions that are sufficient and can prevent fraud.

02 Risk Management

The Board of Directors attaches great importance to risk management. Therefore, the Company's risks have been determined and assessed, with measures to prevent and manage them, including those affecting the Company's operation have been established.

The Company's risk management is under the supervision of the Audit Committee, which is approved by the Board of Directors and provides policies for use as principles and guidelines. This will lead to readiness to deal with the changing situations appropriately and promptly through risk management policies and risk management as follows:

- The Management Board is in charge of conducting risk assessments, monitoring, and supporting an effective risk management process.
- The Company has a risk management and management process, as well as systematic evaluation and continuous monitoring, which requires constant improvement of the process to be suitable for business changes.
- The Audit Committee is responsible for assessing risk management and presenting its opinions to the Board of Directors.

The Company regularly assesses both external and internal risk factors that may affect its business operations by analyzing the causes and formulating management guidelines and measures to reduce risks, as well as overseeing and reviewing the risk management policy to ensure that the Company's risk management is at an appropriate level by informing the relevant employees to comply with the prescribed measures, including monitoring whether various departments have complied with the established risk management plans or not.

03 Control on Management's Operation

The Company has clearly defined the scope of duties and responsibilities, including the approval authority of each level of management, in writing, by clearly separating the responsibility of approving the recording of accounting entries, information, and assets to achieve balance and check each other appropriately.

The Company has business transactions or transactions with executives and directors under general trading conditions and according to the rights of the Company's employees. The Company has set up control measures for such transactions, which must be approved by the management, the Board of Directors, or shareholders according to the rules of the Stock Exchange of Thailand, as well as disclosure of information to comply with its rules and regulations. In addition, the approval of the transaction will be done by those who have no interest in it and will take into account the best interests of the Company as a transaction with a third party.

The Company monitors the operations of its subsidiaries and associated companies regularly, as well as determines the direction and operating guidelines for the people appointed by the Company to be directors or executives in such companies to follow. The Company has monitored the operations of the management to operate following the relevant laws, reduce risks in business operations, and maintain the Company's reputation.

04 Information and Communication

The Company provides information and reporting systems that are important to each level of management regularly, in a timely and sufficient manner for the executives to use in decision-making, including providing a link to information. This ensures that employees understand the policies and procedures and can communicate with each other at all levels.

In addition to the management, at the Board of Directors' meeting, directors will receive a meeting invitation letter and meeting documents stating necessary and sufficient information for consideration before the meeting, at least within the minimum period required by law. Except in the case of an urgent meeting, the minutes of the directors' meetings contain details that shareholders can examine to determine the suitability of the directors' duties.

The Company has a system to keep all documents supporting accounting records and accounts incomplete categories and has never been notified by the auditor that there is a defect in this matter. The Board of Directors has considered that the Company uses accounting policies following generally accepted accounting principles and is appropriate to the nature of the business.

05 Monitoring

The Company monitors and compares its performance to see whether it meets the business goals set forth or not. In the event of discrepancies, the Company will take corrective action within a reasonable period and analyze and investigate the causes of the discrepancies to use them as a means of prevention or further improvement. The Company provides compliance audits. The internal control system is also regularly placed. In the event of deficiencies, progress will be reported to the Board of Directors for improvement, and the Audit Committee has a policy for the management to report to the Board of Directors. In the event of fraud or suspected fraud, a violation of the law, or other unusual actions that may have a significant impact on the Company's reputation and financial position.

The Audit Committee reviewed the internal control system as assessed by the management and the Internal Audit Department and found that the Company's internal control system was sufficient and effective, without any significant problems or deficiencies.

Connected Transactions

Measures or Procedures Regarding the Approval of the Connected Transactions

The Board of Directors' Meeting No. 6/2006, held on 4 May 2006, resolved to prescribe measures to approve connected transactions as follows:

If there are related transactions between the Company and persons who may have conflicts of interest, the Audit Committee will give opinions on the necessity of entering into the transaction and the appropriateness of the transaction's price by considering various conditions following the normal business practices in the industry and comparing them with third party prices or market prices. If the Audit Committee does not have the expertise to consider related transactions that may occur, the Company will assign an independent expert or the Company's auditor to give opinions on the said connected transactions for use in the Board's decision-making. Whatever the case may be, the directors with conflict of interest will not have the right to vote on such items. In addition, the assignment of authority and responsibility of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, and Chief Executive Officer will not be in the manner of power of attorney or sub-commitment that allows the Board of Directors/ Executive Committee/Chief Executive Officer or the person authorized by the Board of Directors/Executive Committee/ Chief Executive Officer to approve any transaction that he or a person who may have a conflict of interest, has a stake in, has an interest in, or may have any other conflicts of interest with the Company or its subsidiaries (as defined in the Notification of the Securities and Exchange Commission), and/or the shareholders' meeting (as the case may be) to consider and approve such transactions in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Subsidiary or the relevant laws, except for normal trading transactions with general trading conditions specified by the Board of Directors and/or the meeting Shareholders will also disclose related party transactions in the notes to the financial statements audited or reviewed by the Company's auditor, as well as disclosed in the annual registration statement (Form 56-1) and annual report.

In addition, after becoming a listed company on the Stock Exchange of Thailand, the Company must strictly comply with the rules, regulations, and procedures of the Stock Exchange of Thailand regarding connected transactions and the acquisition or disposal of listed company assets.

Future Trend or Policy of Connected Transactions

Resolutions of the Board of Directors' Meetings No. 6/2006, held on 4 May 2006, and No. 6/200, on 14 May 2007, resolved to specify measures for approving connected transactions as follows:

In the future, the Company may enter into connected transactions as it deems appropriate. The Company will comply with the law on securities and exchange, regulations, announcements, orders, or requirements of the Stock Exchange of Thailand, including following accounting standards on disclosure of information about related persons or activities, determined by the Association of Certified Accountants and Auditors of Thailand.

In case of the connected transaction is an ordinary business

In the case of a transaction that is a normal transaction for the Company and is a recurring transaction in the future, the Company has set a framework for such a transaction that must be under the general trading nature regarding the price and general trading conditions that are fair and reasonable, can be examined, do not cause a transfer of benefits, and the framework for such transactions has been presented to the Audit Committee for approval for the management to be able to continue making transactions that are as per the stipulated framework. If the transaction of the Company complies with the above policy, the Company's management can proceed without having to submit such transaction to the Audit Committee for opinion. However, to comply with the principles of good corporate governance, the Company must bring the transactions that are normal company transactions that the Company has carried out following the specified framework and report them to the Audit Committee for acknowledgment every quarter.

The transaction that is a normal transaction of the Company must be a trade transaction, which must be per the definition of the Stock Exchange of Thailand that the Company normally does for its business. If the Company does not enter into a transaction with a connected person, it must do the same transaction with other people, such as the purchase of materials used in the construction and the hiring of a contractor for the construction. The said transaction must be a transaction with general commercial terms with fair prices and conditions that do not create a transfer of benefits, including trade conditions with prices and conditions as follows:

- 1) The prices and conditions received by the Company are the same as those given to the general public.
- 2) The prices and conditions received by the connected person are the same as those given to the general public.
- 3) The prices and conditions that the Company can show that other business operators are treated the same way as the general public.

In case of the connected transaction is not an ordinary business

In the case of entering into a related party transaction that is not normal, the Company must propose to the Audit Committee to approve the appropriateness of such a transaction on a case-by-case basis. If the Audit Committee does not have expertise in considering related transactions, the Company will assign a person with special expertise, such as an independent auditor or asset appraiser, to give opinions on related transactions. The opinion of the Audit Committee or persons with special expertise will be considered by the Board of Directors or shareholders, depending on the case, to ensure that entering into such a transaction will not result in the referral or transfer of benefits between the

Company and its shareholders. The Company will take into account the best interests of all shareholders.

As for personal guarantees of shareholders and/or directors against past and future loans from financial institutions, the Company will not pay any compensation for personal guarantees for such loans.

In the part where the Company borrows money from directors or shareholders who are people who have had conflicts with the Company in the past and that will occur in the future, the Company must propose to the Audit Committee to approve that such transactions are appropriate and necessary and must be approved by the Board of Directors on the aforementioned list. However, such transactions must be performed under the law on securities and exchange, regulations, announcements, orders, or requirements of the Stock Exchange of Thailand, including accounting standards on disclosure of personal information or related activities determined by the Association of Certified Accountants and Auditors of Thailand. In addition, the interest rate paid to the people with such conflicts must not be higher than the cost of borrowing money from the Company's financial institutions.



Connected Transactions with Individuals with possible conflict

Connected Transactions with individuals with possible conflicts as of December 31, 2022, are as follows:

Connected Transactions

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
MJP Property Company Limited (MJP)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cash Advance Loan Borrowing 	212.20 22.70 240.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company received a cash advance from MJP for business administration. The Company gave MJP a loan in the form of promissory notes in the amount of 22.70 million THB, due at call, with an interest rate of 6.9% per annum. The Company borrowed money from MJP in the form of promissory notes in the amount of 240.00 million THB, due at call, with an interest rate of 7.00% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company.
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accrued Interest Receivables Accrued Interest Payable 	0.97 7.69		
		Statement of Comprehensive Revenue <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earned Interests Interest Payable 	0.91 7.69		

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
MJR Development Company Limited (MJR)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loan Accrued Interest Receivables Borrowing Accrued Interest Payable 	842.00 42.12 220.00 300.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company gave MJR a loan according to the contract dated September 27, 2022, in the amount of 300 million THB, due in September 2026, and promissory notes in the amount of 542 million THB, due at call, with interest rates of 6.8% and 6.9% per annum, respectively. The Company borrowed money from MJR in the form of promissory notes in the amount of 220.00 million THB, due at call, with an interest rate of 7.00% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company.
		Statement of Comprehensive Revenue <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earned Interests Interest Payable 	26.68 4.09		

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
MJC Development Company Limited (MJC)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cash Advance Loan Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earned Interests 	99.00 31.00 0.32 0.32	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company received a cash advance from MJC for business administration. The Company gave MJC a loan in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 6.9% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company.
Major Development Estate Company Limited (MDE)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Debtor Loan Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earned Interests 	2.26 1,717.00 333.29 115.53	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company has hired MDE to manage the project for The Company. The Company gave MDE a loan in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 7.5% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
Major Development Commercial Company Limited (MDCM)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cash Advance Debtor Short-Term Loan Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earned Interests Land Rental Fee 	9.93 0.31 659.00 98.41 51.06 4.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company received a cash advance from MDCM for business administration. The Company gave MDCM a loan in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 7.5% per annum. The Company has entered into a land lease agreement with MDCM starting October 1, 2021-September 30, 2024, for 306,000 THB per month. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.
Major Development Residence Company Limited (MDR)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Borrowing Accrued Interest Payable Statement of Comprehensive Revenue <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interest Payable 	105.50 4.58 2.11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company borrowed money from MDR in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 2.00% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
MJD Residence Company Limited (MRD)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Borrowing	305.00	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company leased land to MRD at Manor Avenue Sanambinnam project at a rental rate of 100,000 THB per month. The lease period started on January 1, 2017-December 31, 2041. There was an appendix to adjust the land rental rate at a rental rate of 1.5 hundred thousand THB per month (the original contract was terminated on September 30, 2022 and a new contract was made at a rental rate of 1.5 hundred thousand THB per month. The lease started on October 1, 2022-September 30, 2025). The Company borrowed money from MRD in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 6.90% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.
		• Accrued Interest Payable	6.62		
		Statement of Comprehensive Revenue			
		• Land Rental Fee	1.50	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company rented sale office space in the Manor Avenue Sanambinnam project from MRD (the contract was terminated on September 30, 2022). 	
		• Interest Payable	5.74		
		• Rental fee	0.03		
		• Utility Costs (Services, Water, Electricity)	0.19		

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited (MJHR)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Loan • Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue • Earned Interest	178.50 22.66 9.81	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company gave MJHR a loan, due at call, with an interest rate of 6.90% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.
MJV2 Company Limited (MJV2)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Loan • Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue • Earned Interest	284.00 17.94 13.25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company gave MJV2 a loan in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 6.90% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company.
MJV4 Company Limited (MJV4)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 100% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Loan • Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue • Earned Interest	5.00 0.24 0.24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company gave MJV4 a loan in the form of promissory notes, due at call, with an interest rate of 6.90% per annum. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company.

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
Major Residences Company Limited (MRC)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 51% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Cash Advance • Loan • Accrued Interest Receivables • Debtor Statement of Comprehensive Revenue • Earned Interests • Fees	0.31 270.30 57.83 0.30 12.55 0.30	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company gave a cash advance to MRC for business administration. The Company gave MRC a loan for developing the Muiq Sukhumvit 23 project by averaging the MLR an interest rate of 4 major commercial banks minus 0.75, due within 4 years. The Company grants a condominium unit of Marque Sukhumvit project, No. 719/149, which is The Company's property, to be used as collateral for the case of MRC with an inter-company fee charged. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.
TMDC Construction Company Limited (TMDC)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 51% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Cash Advance • Accrued Interest Receivables	18.68 0.21	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company paid a cash advance to TMDC as collateral for the bank bond. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.

Individuals/Juristic Persons* with Possible Conflicts	Relationship	Transaction Characteristics	Information for the Year as of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Description	Opinion of the Audit Committee on the Necessity and Rationality
MJD-JV1 Company Limited (MJD-JV1)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 51% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Loan • Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue • Earned Interests	166.63 0.21 11.35	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In 2017, The Company gave MJD-JV1 a loan to develop the MNQL project by averaging the MLR an interest rate of 4 major commercial banks minus 0.75, due within 4 years. During the year, some of the principal and interest have been paid back. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.
MJV3 Company Limited (MJV3)	A subsidiary, in which at present, The Company holds 51% of the registered paid-up capital.	Statement of Financial Position • Loan • Accrued Interest Receivables Statement of Comprehensive Revenue • Earned Interest	243.20 31.38 17.08	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Company gave a loan to MJV3 to develop the MNQ-Prompong project at an interest rate of MLR by Tisco plus 0.50, due in 4 years. 	It is deemed appropriate to conduct such transactions as necessary for The Company and in accordance with general commercial terms.

* Subsidiaries/Joint Ventures/Directors/Individuals related to directors

FINANCIAL
STATEMENT



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Major Development Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and have also audited the separate financial statements of Major Development Public Company Limited for the same period.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Major Development Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2022, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards* issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matter is the matter that, in my professional judgement, was of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. This matter was addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on this matter.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report, including in relation to this matter. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matter below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matter and how audit procedures respond to such matter are described below.

Recognition of revenue from sale of real estate

Revenue from sale of real estate is the most significant amount in the statements of income and it is a key performance indication in the real estate industry on which the financial statements' users focus. In addition, there is an intense competition in the real estate business. There are therefore risks with respect to the occurrence of revenue from sale of real estate and timing of revenue recognition.

I have examined the recognition of revenue from sale of real estate of the Group by:

- Assessing and testing the Group's internal controls with respect to the cycle of revenue from sale of real estate by making enquiry of responsible executives, gaining an understanding of the controls and selecting representative samples to test the operation of the designed controls.
- Applying a sampling method to select sales agreements to assess whether revenue recognition was consistent with the conditions of the relevant agreements, and whether it was in compliance with the Group's policy.
- On a sampling basis, examining supporting documents for actual sales transactions occurring during the year and near the end of the accounting period.
- Performing analytical procedures on disaggregated data to detect possible irregularities in sales transactions throughout the period, particularly for accounting entries made through journal vouchers including reversal of revenue after the period-end.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matter. I describe this matter in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.



Manee Rattanabunnakit

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 5313

EY Office Limited

Bangkok: 27 February 2023

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2022

(Unit: Baht)

	Note	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	7	1,007,512,875	539,047,745	316,542,753	51,864,202
Trade and other receivables	6, 8	145,123,697	178,296,079	638,488,150	1,177,006,246
Short-term loans to related parties	6	-	-	3,439,200,000	2,435,285,416
Current portion of long-term loans					
to related parties	6	268,633,886	-	268,633,886	300,000,000
Real estate development cost	9	6,677,038,744	7,030,174,030	36,474,790	138,069,657
Advances for construction		213,315,808	95,620,881	14,186,548	44,642,424
Deposits for purchase of land		66,488,060	96,105,760	-	-
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	10	35,976,938	67,170,845	-	-
Other current assets		45,309,904	165,888,302	1,393,360	6,396,993
Total current assets		8,459,399,912	8,172,303,642	4,714,919,487	4,153,264,938
Non-current assets					
Restricted bank deposits	11	19,944,574	41,025,566	758,347	761,423
Prepayment for purchase of shares	12	796,419,330	546,236,254	-	-
Investments in subsidiaries	12	-	-	5,081,323,727	4,931,323,727
Investments in joint ventures	13	225,521,573	103,929,896	68,090,538	68,090,538
Long-term loans to related parties	6	398,624,758	790,891,290	711,500,000	829,700,000
Investment properties	14	4,126,744,393	3,785,439,738	832,501,000	819,314,000
Property, plant and equipment	15	2,063,236,882	2,222,931,014	44,924,555	49,802,570
Intangible assets	16	19,302,731	16,495,400	781,217	1,664,254
Deposits for purchase of land	33.5	87,500,000	87,500,000	-	-
Deferred tax assets	30	181,171,456	120,263,854	746,807	2,287,290
Other non-current assets		88,751,101	79,688,247	21,789,552	22,983,466
Total non-current assets		8,007,216,798	7,794,401,259	6,762,415,743	6,725,927,268
Total assets		16,466,616,710	15,966,704,901	11,477,335,230	10,879,192,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2022

(Unit: Baht)

	Note	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Liabilities and shareholders' equity					
Current liabilities					
Short-term loans	17	150,000,000	178,306,377	-	178,306,377
Trade and other payables	18	406,571,362	324,128,967	424,955,307	394,783,522
Retention payables		155,576,615	178,009,448	13,193,843	17,989,848
Deposits and advances from customers		282,621,951	341,558,954	21,430,611	21,599,563
Short-term loans from related parties	6	-	-	870,500,000	143,000,000
Current portion of long-term loans from financial institutions	20	619,018,941	736,601,253	-	-
Current portion of lease liabilities	22	8,933,443	11,311,442	490,401	703,386
Current portion of debentures	21	2,813,155,546	2,777,053,545	2,663,600,123	2,182,153,508
Income tax payable		19,154,892	263,189	-	-
Other current liabilities		125,438,828	243,954,854	88,623,838	210,429,767
Total current liabilities		4,580,471,578	4,791,188,029	4,082,794,123	3,148,965,971
Non-current liabilities					
Long-term bill of exchange	19	40,486,122	-	40,486,122	-
Long-term loans from financial institutions	20	3,511,482,985	2,203,905,980	-	-
Debentures	21	2,962,133,927	3,310,102,387	2,962,133,927	3,162,103,412
Lease liabilities	22	23,228,529	19,240,979	-	490,401
Provision for long-term employee benefits	23	51,086,996	52,142,466	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	30	299,384,722	250,339,323	144,249,953	141,612,553
Other non-current liabilities		38,419,081	29,898,906	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		6,926,222,362	5,865,630,041	3,146,870,002	3,304,206,366
Total liabilities		11,506,693,940	10,656,818,070	7,229,664,125	6,453,172,337

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2022

(Unit: Baht)

	Note	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital					
Registered					
1,050,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		1,050,000,000	1,050,000,000	1,050,000,000	1,050,000,000
Issued and paid-up					
860,411,939 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		860,411,939	860,411,939	860,411,939	860,411,939
Premium on ordinary shares		875,266,939	875,266,939	875,266,939	875,266,939
Retained earnings					
Appropriated - statutory reserve	24	105,000,000	105,000,000	105,000,000	105,000,000
Unappropriated		2,839,624,113	3,201,250,113	2,406,992,227	2,585,340,991
Other components of shareholders' equity	25	279,698,774	267,548,676	-	-
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		4,960,001,765	5,309,477,667	4,247,671,105	4,426,019,869
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		(78,995)	409,164	-	-
Total shareholders' equity		4,959,922,770	5,309,886,831	4,247,671,105	4,426,019,869
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		16,466,616,710	15,966,704,901	11,477,335,230	10,879,192,206

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Income statement

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Note	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		(Unit: Baht)			
Revenues					
Sales	26	2,371,711,239	4,010,881,963	125,972,829	304,447,343
Revenues from hotel operations		177,079,585	97,989,943	-	-
Management fee income		78,885,938	96,392,382	-	-
Rental income		132,740,587	92,679,939	5,172,000	4,872,000
Net gain from change in fair value of investment properties	14	134,483,676	39,117,821	13,187,000	16,552,000
Dividend income	12	-	-	52,500,000	-
Other income		87,067,950	106,352,902	4,782,914	14,677,183
Total revenues		2,981,968,975	4,443,414,950	201,614,743	340,548,526
Expenses					
Cost of sales		1,714,864,561	2,692,035,069	91,942,437	230,928,818
Cost from hotel operations		136,384,129	118,343,823	-	-
Cost of services		67,306,868	70,288,579	-	-
Cost of rental		40,663,268	31,273,520	-	-
Selling expenses		365,230,359	541,607,063	17,054,692	30,384,384
Administrative expenses		692,616,247	748,460,666	76,221,631	136,710,069
Total expenses		3,017,065,432	4,202,008,720	185,218,760	398,023,271
Operating profit (loss)		(35,096,457)	241,406,230	16,395,983	(57,474,745)
Share of profit from investments in joint ventures	13.2	147,525,145	6,081,132	-	-
Finance income	27	43,270,742	37,843,207	260,129,976	258,905,639
Finance cost	28	(504,310,718)	(587,292,082)	(450,696,840)	(479,118,946)
Loss before income tax expenses		(348,611,288)	(301,961,513)	(174,170,881)	(277,688,052)
Income tax expenses	30	(21,790,590)	(51,303,048)	(4,177,883)	(8,568,091)
Loss for the year		(370,401,878)	(353,264,561)	(178,348,764)	(286,256,143)
Loss attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		(369,913,719)	(353,073,625)	(178,348,764)	(286,256,143)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		(488,159)	(190,936)		
		(370,401,878)	(353,264,561)		
Loss per share					
Basic loss per share					
Loss attributable to equity holders of the Company		-0.43	-0.41	-0.21	-0.33

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	(Unit: Baht)			
Loss for the year	(370,401,878)	(353,264,561)	(178,348,764)	(286,256,143)
Other comprehensive income:				
<i>Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods</i>				
Actuarial gain (loss)	10,359,649	(13,805,068)	-	-
Less: Income tax effect	(2,071,930)	2,761,014	-	-
	8,287,719	(11,044,054)	-	-
Changes in revaluation of assets	15,187,623	25,116,383	-	-
Less: Income tax effect	(3,037,525)	(5,023,277)	-	-
	12,150,098	20,093,106	-	-
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods - net of income tax	20,437,817	9,049,052	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(349,964,061)	(344,215,509)	(178,348,764)	(286,256,143)
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Company	(349,475,902)	(344,024,573)	(178,348,764)	(286,256,143)
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	(488,159)	(190,936)		
	(349,964,061)	(344,215,509)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries
Statement of changes in shareholders' equity
For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Consolidated financial statements							(Unit: Baht)
	Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
	Issued and paid-up share capital	Premium on ordinary shares	Retained earnings		Other component of equity		Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	
Appropriated - statutory reserve			Unappropriated	Surplus on revaluation of assets	Equity attributable to non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	Total shareholders' equity		
Balance as at 1 January 2021	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	3,565,367,792	247,455,570	5,653,502,240	-	5,653,502,240
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(353,073,625)	-	(353,073,625)	(190,936)	(353,264,561)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(11,044,054)	20,093,106	9,049,052	-	9,049,052
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(364,117,679)	20,093,106	(344,024,573)	(190,936)	(344,215,509)
Additional investment in subsidiaries of non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	600,100	600,100
Balance as at 31 December 2021	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	3,201,250,113	267,548,676	5,309,477,667	409,164	5,309,886,831
Balance as at 1 January 2022	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	3,201,250,113	267,548,676	5,309,477,667	409,164	5,309,886,831
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(369,913,719)	-	(369,913,719)	(488,159)	(370,401,878)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	8,287,719	12,150,098	20,437,817	-	20,437,817
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(361,626,000)	12,150,098	(349,475,902)	(488,159)	(349,964,061)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	2,839,624,113	279,698,774	4,960,001,765	(78,995)	4,959,922,770

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries
Statement of changes in shareholders' equity (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Separate financial statements				(Unit: Baht)
	Retained earnings				
	Issued and paid-up share capital	Premium on ordinary shares	Appropriated - statutory reserve	Total shareholders' equity	
Balance as at 1 January 2021	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	2,871,597,134	4,712,276,012
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(286,256,143)	(286,256,143)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(286,256,143)	(286,256,143)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	2,585,340,991	4,426,019,869
Balance as at 1 January 2022	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	2,585,340,991	4,426,019,869
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(178,348,764)	(178,348,764)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(178,348,764)	(178,348,764)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	860,411,939	875,266,939	105,000,000	2,406,992,227	4,247,671,105

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	(Unit: Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities				
Loss before tax	(348,611,288)	(301,961,513)	(174,170,881)	(277,688,052)
Adjustments to reconcile loss before tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortisation	107,550,025	122,776,443	5,761,018	6,853,686
Allowance for expected credit losses	115,034	370,155	-	-
Loss (gain) on sale and write-off assets	39,657,455	23,767,565	38,350,395	(1,460,100)
Write-off of withholding tax deducted at source and value added tax	348,693	6,890,762	-	4,786,977
Write-off of construction cost estimation	(6,976,247)	-	(6,976,247)	-
Provision for long-term employee benefits (reversal)	9,304,179	(16,601,371)	-	-
Share of profit from investments in joint ventures	(147,525,145)	(6,081,132)	-	-
Net gain from change in fair value of investment properties	(134,483,676)	(39,117,821)	(13,187,000)	(16,552,000)
Dividend income	-	-	(52,500,000)	-
Finance income	(43,270,742)	(37,843,207)	(260,129,976)	(258,905,639)
Finance cost	476,487,292	555,986,267	428,015,581	452,208,563
Profit (loss) from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(47,404,420)	308,186,148	(34,837,110)	(90,756,565)
Operating assets (increase) decrease				
Trade and other receivables	21,013,390	(7,935,238)	648,068,335	(5,478,211)
Real estate development cost	1,025,055,943	1,722,964,870	91,942,437	229,140,140
Advances for construction	(148,150,803)	55,913,046	-	264,460
Deposits for purchase of land	(34,680,440)	124,473,439	-	37,076,903
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	31,193,907	153,261,977	-	-
Other current assets	9,040,500	(21,233,754)	5,724,949	17,367,649
Other non-current assets	(292,012)	(57,607,832)	(721,296)	(15,932,425)
Operating liabilities increase (decrease)				
Trade and other payables	73,797,963	(378,139,336)	203,486	95,591,347
Retention payables	(17,850,167)	(165,946,961)	(213,339)	(26,012,991)
Deposits and advances from customers	(58,937,003)	(551,472,781)	(168,952)	(11,557,376)
Other current liabilities	(118,516,026)	67,638,799	(121,805,929)	77,889,691
Other non-current liabilities	8,520,175	6,430,056	-	-
Cash flows from operating activities	742,791,007	1,256,532,433	588,192,581	307,592,622
Interest paid	(593,723,788)	(676,873,465)	(383,875,705)	(462,058,665)
Cash received from withholding tax deducted at source and value added tax	26,158,685	12,700,061	-	-
Corporate income tax paid	(48,441,827)	(123,092,381)	(4,091,553)	(5,555,245)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	126,784,077	469,266,648	200,225,323	(160,021,288)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of cash flows (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	(Unit: Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash flows from investing activities				
Decrease (increase) in restricted bank deposits	21,080,992	(8,499,679)	3,076	1,104,924
Acquisition of investment properties	(484,556,185)	(6,481,021)	-	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(25,750,940)	(19,284,453)	-	(60,726)
Cash received from sales of property, plant and equipment	2,274,139	394,783,341	1,801,529	1,558,313
Acquisition of intangible assets	(6,601,500)	(1,794,154)	-	(64,200)
Prepayment for purchase of shares	(250,183,076)	(148,331,254)	-	-
Cash payment for investments in subsidiaries	-	-	(150,000,000)	(1,999,700)
Cash payment for investment in joint ventures	-	(5,745,000)	-	-
Cash received from short-term loans to related parties	-	-	312,000,000	1,461,300,000
Cash payment for short-term loans to related parties	-	-	(1,315,914,584)	(1,127,785,416)
Cash payment for long-term loans to related parties	-	(328,500,000)	-	(328,500,000)
Cash received from long-term loans to related parties	149,566,114	-	149,566,114	-
Interest received	55,402,163	2,073,443	103,400,479	156,456,516
Dividend received	-	-	52,500,000	-
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(538,768,293)	(121,778,777)	(846,643,386)	162,009,711
Cash flows from financing activities				
Decrease in short-term loans	(32,000,000)	(60,000,000)	(182,000,000)	(60,000,000)
Cash received from short-term loans from related parties	-	-	918,450,000	102,000,000
Repayment of short-term loans from related parties	-	-	(144,350,000)	(65,000,000)
Cash received from long-term bill of exchange	44,000,000	-	44,000,000	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	(12,007,616)	(12,337,302)	(703,386)	(666,525)
Cash received from debentures	2,464,300,000	3,297,000,000	2,464,300,000	2,697,000,000
Repayment of debentures	(2,788,600,000)	(3,300,000,000)	(2,188,600,000)	(3,300,000,000)
Cash received from long-term loans from financial institutions	2,184,383,200	2,213,663,367	-	750,000,000
Repayment of long-term loans from financial institutions	(979,626,238)	(3,495,493,648)	-	(750,000,000)
Proceed in subsidiary's shares from non-controlling interests	-	600,100	-	-
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities	880,449,346	(1,356,567,483)	911,096,614	(626,666,525)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	468,465,130	(1,009,079,612)	264,678,551	(624,678,102)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	539,047,745	1,548,127,357	51,864,202	676,542,304
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,007,512,875	539,047,745	316,542,753	51,864,202

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of cash flows (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2022

(Unit: Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Supplemental cash flows information				
Non-cash items				
Acquisition of assets under lease agreement	4,616,934	9,500,000	-	-
Decrease in interest receivable from related parties by				
offset with short-term loans from related parties	-	-	46,600,000	-
Increase in assets under lease agreement and lease liability	9,000,233	-	-	-
Transferred investment properties to real estate development cost	489,560,000	-	-	-
Transferred property, plant and equipment to investment properties	125,707,320	-	-	-
Transferred deposit for purchase of condominium unit to				
investment properties	86,162,122	-	-	-
Transferred real estate development cost to property,				
plant and equipment	16,948,370	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Major Development Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Notes to consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. General information

Major Development Public Company Limited (“the Company”) is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The Group is principally engaged in the development of properties for sales, hotel business and properties rental and service business. The registered office of the Company is at 141 Soi Sukhumvit 63 (Ekamai), Sukhumvit Road, Klongton Nua, Wattana, Bangkok.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Professions Act B.E. 2547 and their presentation has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department of Business Development, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Major Development Public Company Limited (“the Company”) and the following subsidiary companies (“the subsidiaries”) (collectively as “the Group”):

Company's name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Percentage of shareholding	
			2022	2021
			Percent	Percent
<u>Direct shareholding</u>				
Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited	Hotel	Thailand	100	100
Major Development Residences Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
MJR Development Company Limited	Development of properties for sales and properties rental	Thailand	100	100
MJP Property Company Limited	Development of properties for sales and hotel	Thailand	100	100
MJC Development Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100

Company's name	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Percentage of shareholding	
			2022	2021
			Percent	Percent
MJD Residences Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
Major Development Property Partners Company Limited	Condominium juristic person management	Thailand	100	100
Major Development Estate Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
Major Development Commercial Company Limited	Hotel and properties rental	Thailand	100	100
MDPC Company Limited	Agent, representative and real estate advisor business	Thailand	100	100
MJV2 Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
MJV4 Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
<u>Indirectly owned by subsidiaries</u>				
MJ One Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
Major SPV One Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	100	100
Peoplescape Co., Ltd.	Provision of organisational development and management consulting services	Thailand	90	90
Healthscape Co., Ltd.	Accommodation of health business	Thailand	90	90

Details of changes in the structure of the Group during the current year are presented in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

- b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.
- f) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2.3 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures under the cost method.

3. New financial reporting standards

3.1 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2022. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and, for some standards, providing temporary reliefs or temporary exemptions for users.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

4. Significant accounting policies

4.1 Revenue and expense recognition

a) Revenue from sales of real estate

Revenue from sales of land and houses and residential condominium units is recognised at the point in time when control of the real estate is transferred to the customer, generally upon transfer of the legal ownership/delivery of the goods. Revenue from sales of real estate is measured at the amount of the consideration received after deducting discounts and considerations payable to the customer. The terms of payment are in accordance with the payment schedule specified in the customer contract. Considerations received before transferring control of the real estate to the customer are presented under the caption of "Advances received from customers" in the statement of financial position.

b) Revenue from hotel operations

Revenues from hotel operations comprise room sales, food and beverage sales and other related services, from which income are recognised when services have been rendered and are presented at the invoiced value, excluding value added tax, after deducting discounts.

c) Rendering of services

Service revenue is recognised at a point in time upon completion of the service.

d) Rental income

Rental of area in buildings is recognised on an accrual basis over the period of contract.

e) Interest income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis. The effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, unless the financial assets subsequently become credit-impaired when it is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (net of the expected credit loss allowance).

f) Cost of real estate sales

In determining the costs of land and house sold, and cost of residential condominium units sold, the anticipated total development costs (taking into account actual costs incurred to date) are attributed to land and houses and residential condominium units on the basis of the selling price and saleable area.

Cost of real estate sales includes cost of other goods, such as furniture and fixtures, that are considered part of the house or residential condominium unit and transferred to a customer in accordance with the contract.

Selling expenses directly associated with projects, such as specific business tax and transfer fees, are recognised as expenses when the sale occurs.

g) Finance cost

Interest expense from financial liabilities at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.

h) Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the dividends is established.

4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

4.3 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method.

4.4 Real estate development costs

Real estate development costs are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost consists of the cost of land, land improvement costs, design fees, utilities, construction costs, capitalised borrowing costs and other related expenses, as well as estimated project development costs.

The Group recognises losses on diminution in value of projects (if any) in profit or loss.

4.5 Cost to obtain a contract

The Group recognises a commission paid to obtain a customer contract as an asset and amortises it to expenses on a systematic basis that is consistent with the pattern of revenue recognition. An impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of an asset recognised exceeds the remaining amount of the consideration that the entity expects to receive less direct costs.

4.6 Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures

a) Investments in joint ventures are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

b) Investments in subsidiaries and joint ventures are accounted for in the separate financial statements using the cost method.

4.7 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the value of investment properties are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

On disposal of investment properties, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period when the asset is derecognised.

4.8 Property, plant and equipment/Depreciation

Land is stated at revalued amount. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Land is initially recorded at cost on the acquisition date, and subsequently revalued by an independent professional appraiser to its fair values. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value at the end of reporting period.

Differences arising from the revaluation are dealt with in the financial statements as follows:

- When an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation of the Group's assets, the increase is credited directly to the other comprehensive income and the cumulative increase is recognised in equity under the heading of "Revaluation surplus". However, a revaluation increase is recognised as income to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease in respect of the same asset previously recognised as an expense.
- When an asset's carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation of the Group's assets, the decrease is recognised in profit or loss. However, the revaluation decrease is charged to the other comprehensive income to the extent that it does not exceed an amount already held in "Revaluation surplus" in respect of the same asset.

Depreciation of building and equipment is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Temporary buildings and building improvement	5 and 10 years
System and utilities work	15 years
Hotel building and condominium units	20 - 50 years
Furniture and office equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

Depreciation is included in determining income.

No depreciation is provided on land and construction in progress.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

4.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

4.10 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any).

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on the straight-line basis over the economic useful life and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

Amortisation of intangible assets, which are computer software, is calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 3, 5 and 10 years.

No amortisation is provided on computer software under installation.

4.11 Lease

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group as a lessee

The Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. At the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use), the Group recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease less any lease incentives received.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets are calculated by reference to their costs on the straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease term.

Land	20, 60	years
Equipment	5	years
Motor vehicles	5	years

If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

Right-of-use assets are presented as part of property, plant and equipment in the statement of financial position.

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees. Moreover, the lease payments include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The Group discounted the present value of the lease payments by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

A lease that has a lease term less than or equal to 12 months from commencement date or a lease of low-value assets is recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group as a lessor

A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to a lessee. Lease receivables from operating leases is recognised as income in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying assets and recognised as an expense over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

4.12 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Company, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Company.

They also include associates, and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, directors, and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Company's operations.

4.13 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Group's functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary asset and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in determining income.

4.14 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of the property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, investments and intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. In determining value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by a valuation model that, based on information available, reflects the amount that the Group could obtain from the disposal of the asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. However, in cases where land was previously revalued and the revaluation was taken to equity, a part of such impairment is recognised in equity up to the amount of the previous revaluation.

In the assessment of asset impairment except for good will if there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The increased carrying amount of the asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the assets is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal, which exceeds the carrying amount that would have been determined, is treated as revaluation increase.

4.15 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Post-employment benefits and other long-term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group's contributions are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law and other employee benefit plans. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan. In addition, the Group provides other long-term employee benefit plan, namely long service awards.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan and other long-term employee benefit plans is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from other long-term benefits are recognised immediately in profit and loss.

Past service costs are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs.

4.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

4.17 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while it recognises deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

4.18 Financial instruments

The Group initially measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component, are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the accounting policy relating to revenue recognition.

Classification and measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost. The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (“EIR”) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Except for derivative liabilities, at initial recognition the Group’s financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any discounts or premiums on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) for all debt instruments not held at FVTPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure (a lifetime ECL).

The Group considers a significant increase in credit risk to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 60 days past due and considers a financial asset as credit impaired or default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to have a significant increase in credit risk and to be in default using other internal or external information, such as credit rating of issuers.

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. ECLs are calculated based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

4.19 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure its assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

Level 1 - Use of quoted market prices in an active market for such assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly

Level 3 - Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

5. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures; and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

Investment properties

The Group presents investment properties at the fair value estimated by an independent appraiser, and recognises changes in the fair value in profit or loss. The independent appraiser valued some items of the investment properties using the income approach, because there is no market price that could be used to apply a comparative approach. The key assumptions used in estimating the fair value are described in Note 14.

Property plant and equipment/Depreciation

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of the plant and equipment and to review estimate useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

The Group measures land at revalued amounts. Such amounts are determined by the independent valuer using the market approach for land. The valuation involves certain assumptions and estimates.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis and record impairment losses when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

The Company will record impairment loss on investments in subsidiaries when the objective evidence of impairment exists. The determining impairment of investments in subsidiaries require the management judgement with respect to its projections of future performance of the subsidiaries.

Litigations

The Group has contingent liabilities as a result of litigations. The management has used judgement to assess of the results of the litigations and has recorded the contingent liabilities with reasonable loss estimated as at the end of reporting period.

6. Related party transactions

The relationships between the Company, subsidiaries and joint ventures are summarised as described in Notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the relationships between the Company and other related parties and summarised below.

Name of related parties	Relationship
Must International Trading PTE Ltd.	Shareholder of Major Residences Company Limited, MJD-JV1 Company Limited and MJV3 Co., Ltd.
GMM Singapore Real Estate PTE Ltd.	Shareholder of Major Residences Company Limited, MJD-JV1 Company Limited and MJV3 Co., Ltd.
DANYA CEBUS LTD.	Shareholder of TMDC Construction Company Limited
GRG Global Investment Limited	Shareholder of TMDC Construction Company Limited, Major Residences Company Limited, MJD-JV1 Company Limited and MJV3 Co., Ltd.

During the years, the Group had significant business transactions with related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, arose in the ordinary course of business and were concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Group and those related parties.

	(Unit: Million Baht)				Transfer pricing policy
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial statements	financial statements	financial statements	financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
<u>Transactions with subsidiaries</u>					
(Eliminated from the consolidated financial statements)					
Interest income	-	-	218	222	6.80% to 7.50% per annum
Land rental income	-	-	5	5	Cost plus margin
Interest expense	-	-	20	3	2.00% to 7.00% per annum (2021: 2.00 to 6.90% per annum)
Commission expenses	-	-	-	4	Percentage of revenue
<u>Transactions with related parties</u>					
Interest income	41	36	41	36	Rate based on MLR per annum
Management fee income	-	17	-	-	Cost plus margin
Purchase of a condominium unit	86	-	-	-	Close to the price charged to other customers of the same project
Purchase of intangible assets	6	-	-	-	Market price
Service fee	4	-	-	-	Market price

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of the accounts between the Group and those related parties are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Other receivables - related parties (Note 8)				
Subsidiaries	-	-	528,441	1,046,600
Joint ventures	109,959	139,365	108,915	124,467
Total other receivables - related parties	109,959	139,365	637,356	1,171,067
Deposit for purchase of a condominium unit (presented in other current assets)				
Joint venture	-	86,829	-	-
Total deposit for purchase of a condominium unit	-	86,829	-	-
Other payables - related parties (Note 18)				
Subsidiaries	-	-	334,361	319,443
Joint ventures	1,392	1,394	1,392	1,392
Director	32	-	-	-
Total other payable - related parties	1,424	1,394	335,753	320,835

Loans to related parties and loans from related parties

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the balances of loans between the Group and those related companies and the movements are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	Balance as at		Balance as at	
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
Short-term loans to	2021	Increase	Decrease	2022
Major Development Estate Company Limited	1,480,000	383,000	(146,000)	1,717,000
Major Development Commercial Company Limited	679,000	113,000	(133,000)	659,000
Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited	135,000	63,500	(20,000)	178,500
MJV2 Co., Ltd.	130,200	163,800	(10,000)	284,000
MJR Development Company Limited	5,400	536,600	-	542,000
MJP Property Company Limited	5,685	17,015	-	22,700
MJC Development Company Limited	-	31,000	-	31,000
MJV4 Co., Ltd.	-	5,000	-	5,000
MJ One Company Limited	-	3,000	(3,000)	-
Total	2,435,285	1,315,915	(312,000)	3,439,200

Short-term loans to related parties carry interests between 6.90 - 7.50% per annum and are due at call.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			
	Balance as at		Balance as at	
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
Long-term loans to	2021	Increase	Decrease	2022
Major Residences Company Limited	270,300	-	-	270,300
MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	316,200	-	(149,566)	166,634
MJV3 Co., Ltd.	243,200	-	-	243,200
Total	829,700	-	(149,566)	680,134
Less: Allowance for impairment loss from investment in joint venture	(38,809)			(12,875)
Total	790,891			667,259
Less: Current portion	-			(268,634)
Long-term portion	790,891			398,625

Long-term loans to related parties carry interests at the rate based on MLR per annum and are due for payment within December 2023 to November 2025.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	Balance as at		Balance as at	
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
Long-term loans to	2021	Increase	Decrease	2022
Major Residences Company Limited	270,300	-	-	270,300
MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	316,200	-	(149,566)	166,634
MJV3 Co., Ltd.	243,200	-	-	243,200
MJR Development Company Limited	300,000	-	-	300,000
Total	1,129,700	-	(149,566)	980,134
Less: Current portion	(300,000)			(268,634)
Long-term portion	829,700			711,500

As at 31 December 2022, long-term loans to related parties carry interests at the rate of 6.8% per annum and at the rate based on MLR per annum and are due for payment within December 2023 to September 2026 (2021: due for payment within September 2022 to November 2025).

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Short-term loans from	Separate financial statements			
	Balance as at		Balance as at	
	31 December		31 December	
	2021	Increase	Decrease	2022
Major Development Residences Company Limited	106,000	-	(500)	105,500
MJD Residences Company Limited	37,000	458,450	(190,450)	305,000
MJP Property Company Limited	-	240,000	-	240,000
MJR Development Company Limited	-	220,000	-	220,000
Total	143,000	918,450	(190,950)	870,500

As at 31 December 2022, short-term loans from related parties carry interests between 2.00 - 7.00 per annum (2021: 2.00 - 6.90 per annum) and are due at call.

Directors and management's benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had employee benefit expenses payable to its directors and management as below.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	111	124	3	10
Post-employment benefits	3	2	-	-
Total	114	126	3	10

Guarantee obligations with related parties

The Company has obligations in respect of guarantees of related parties obtained from banks as described in Note 33.2 to the financial statements, for which no guarantee fee has been charged.

7. Cash and cash equivalents

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Cash	2,173	7,485	58	96
Bank deposits	1,005,340	531,563	316,485	51,768
Total	1,007,513	539,048	316,543	51,864

As at 31 December 2022, bank deposits in saving accounts and fixed deposits carried interests between 0.10% and 0.40% per annum (2021: 0.05% and 0.25% per annum).

8. Trade and other receivables

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
<u>Trade receivables - unrelated parties</u>				
Aged on the basis of due dates				
Past due				
Up to 3 months	16,118	15,493	-	-
3 - 6 months	544	121	-	-
6 - 12 months	-	827	-	-
Over 12 months	2,658	3,508	-	-
Total	19,320	19,949	-	-
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(910)	(794)	-	-
Total trade receivables - unrelated parties, net	18,410	19,155	-	-
<u>Other receivables</u>				
Other receivables and advances - related parties	20,332	37,606	31,789	675,629
Other receivables and advances - unrelated parties	16,755	19,776	1,132	5,939
Interest receivables - related parties	89,627	101,759	605,567	495,438
Total other receivables	126,714	159,141	638,488	1,177,006
Total trade and other receivables, net	145,124	178,296	638,488	1,177,006

Set out below is the movements in the allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated	
	financial statements	
	2022	2021
Beginning balance	794	424
Provision for expected credit losses	116	370
Ending balance	910	794

9. Real estate development cost

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Land and construction under development	4,783,789	3,418,003	-	-
Developed land and construction	1,893,250	3,612,171	36,475	138,070
Total	6,677,039	7,030,174	36,475	138,070

During the year, subsidiaries capitalised interest amounting to Baht 145 million (2021: Baht 105 million) to the land and construction under development. The capitalisation rates of interest are based on the borrowing costs of the specific loans, as described in Note 20 to the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group has mortgaged some real estate development cost as collateral against credit facilities received from banks and short-term loan from third party, guaranteed as collateral against the issuance of the debentures and at the Court. Their net book values are as follows:

	(Unit: Million Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net book values of real estate development cost that have been pledged as collateral	6,199	5,508	-	-
Net book values of real estate development cost that have been guaranteed at the court	-	52	-	52

10. Costs to obtain contracts with customers

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net book value at beginning of year	67,171	220,433	-	-
Additions	55,744	84,913	2,738	11,233
Amortisation	(86,938)	(238,175)	(2,738)	(11,233)
Net book value at end of year	35,977	67,171	-	-

11. Restricted bank deposits

These represent bank deposits to secure credit facilities from banks and the issuance of bank guarantees in respect of certain performance bonds as required in the normal course of business.

12. Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in the separate financial statements are as follows:

Company's name	Paid-up capital		Shareholding		Cost		Allowance for impairment		Carrying amounts	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(%)	(%)			of investments		based on cost method-net	
Major Development Hotels and										
Resorts Company Limited	400,000	400,000	100	100	399,999	399,999	(239,800)	(239,800)	160,199	160,199
Major Development Residences										
Company Limited	100,000	100,000	100	100	99,999	99,999	-	-	99,999	99,999
MJR Development Company Limited	750,000	600,000	100	100	750,000	600,000	(363,623)	(363,623)	386,377	236,377
MJP Property Company Limited	600,000	600,000	100	100	600,000	600,000	-	-	600,000	600,000
MJC Development Company Limited	600,000	600,000	100	100	600,000	600,000	-	-	600,000	600,000
MJD Residences Company Limited	750,000	750,000	100	100	750,000	750,000	-	-	750,000	750,000
Major Development Property										
Partners Company Limited	2,750	2,750	100	100	2,750	2,750	-	-	2,750	2,750
Major Development Estate										
Company Limited	1,520,000	1,520,000	100	100	1,520,000	1,520,000	-	-	1,520,000	1,520,000
Major Development Commercial										
Company Limited	900,000	900,000	100	100	900,000	900,000	-	-	900,000	900,000
MDPC Company Limited	10,000	10,000	100	100	9,999	9,999	-	-	9,999	9,999
MJV2 Co., Ltd.	50,000	50,000	100	100	50,000	50,000	-	-	50,000	50,000
MJV4 Co., Ltd.	2,000	2,000	100	100	2,000	2,000	-	-	2,000	2,000
Total					5,684,747	5,534,747	(603,423)	(603,423)	5,081,324	4,931,324

During the year 2022, MJD Residences Company Limited ("subsidiary") announced the interim dividend payment of Baht 7 per share. The Company received dividend amounted to Baht 52.5 million.

Movements of the investments in subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

Direct investment

MJR Development Company Limited

On 4 November 2022, the Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders of MJR Development Company Limited (“subsidiary”) passed a resolution to increase the registered share capital from Baht 600 million to Baht 750 million, by issuing 15 million additional ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 10. The Company fully paid the above share capital and the subsidiary registered the increase with the Ministry of Commerce on 11 November 2022.

Indirect investment by subsidiary

Major Development Estate Company Limited (“subsidiary”)

In November 2019, the subsidiary entered into a to sell and to purchase share agreement to acquire 400,000 ordinary shares of a company including any new shares in the future, representing 100% of the shareholding in such company, with a contract value of Baht 1,653 million. The agreement required that such company shall not have any trade payable, liability and responsibility except when allowed by the subsidiary and the outstanding liability shall be deducted from the purchase price. The subsidiary made advance payment of Baht 165 million to the seller. The share transfer will be registered in July 2020.

In 2020, such company increased its share capital from 400,000 ordinary shares to 2,000,000 ordinary shares at the same purchase price. In March and August 2020, the subsidiary entered into 2 addenda of to sell and to purchase share agreement to amend share transfer date to 31 December 2021 and to pay additional compensation due to the postponement at rate MLR of a financial institution calculating from 1 January 2021 until the transfer date.

In June 2022, the subsidiary entered into the addenda to extend the payment and amend share transfer date to 30 June 2023.

In 2021 and 2022, the subsidiary made additional advance payments of Baht 148 million and Baht 250 million, respectively, to the seller (cumulative advance payment of Baht 796 million).

13. Investments in joint ventures

13.1 Details of investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures represent investments in entities which are jointly controlled by the Company and other companies. Details of these investments are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Joint ventures	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Consolidated financial statements						
			Shareholding percentage		Cost		Carrying amounts based on equity method		
			2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
			(%)	(%)					
Major Residences Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	51	51	12,750	12,750	15,896	54,215	
TMDC Construction Company Limited	Construction service	Thailand	51	51	81,599	81,599	43,542	44,101	
MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	51	51	510	510	160,409	-	
MJV3 Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	51	51	5,100	5,100	-	-	
Techscape Co., Ltd.	Development and design of application platform	Thailand	51	51	5,745	5,745	5,674	5,614	
Total					105,704	105,704	225,521	103,930	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Joint ventures	Nature of business	Country of incorporation	Separate financial statements							
			Shareholding percentage		Cost		Allowance for impairment of investments		Carrying amounts based on cost method - net	
			2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
			(%)	(%)						
Major Residences Company Limited	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	51	51	12,750	12,750	-	-	12,750	12,750
TMDC Construction Company Limited	Construction service	Thailand	51	51	81,599	81,599	(31,869)	(31,869)	49,730	49,730
MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	51	51	510	510	-	-	510	510
MJV3 Co., Ltd.	Development of properties for sales	Thailand	51	51	5,100	5,100	-	-	5,100	5,100
Total					99,959	99,959	(31,869)	(31,869)	68,090	68,090

13.2 Share of profit or loss

During the years, the Company recognised its share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures in the consolidated financial statements as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Joint ventures	Consolidated financial statements	
	Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures during the year	
	2022	2021
Major Residences Company Limited	(38,319)	(2,887)
TMDC Construction Company Limited	(559)	(2,289)
MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	196,285	19,337
MJV3 Co., Ltd.	(9,942)	(7,949)
Techscape Co., Ltd.	60	(131)
Total	147,525	6,081

13.3 Summarised financial information about material jointly controlled entity

Summarised information about financial position

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Major Residences Company Limited		MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Cash and cash equivalents	8	2	62
Real estate development cost	1,072	1,282	943	2,205
Advances for construction	23	22	11	25
Other current assets	21	76	101	31
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	1	1	3	36
Other non-current assets	60	29	24	33
Total assets	1,185	1,412	1,144	2,437
Current portion of long-term loan	589	156	167	-
Deposits and advances from customers	4	32	344	463
Other current liabilities	298	222	105	286
Long-term loans	183	814	161	1,690
Total liabilities	1,074	1,224	777	2,439

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Major Residences Company Limited		MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net assets	111	188	367	(2)
Shareholding percentage (%)	51	51	51	51
Net assets in proportion of shareholding percentage	57	96	187	(1)
Elimination entries	(41)	(42)	(27)	(35)
Carrying amounts of joint ventures based on equity method	16	54	160	(36)

Summarised information about comprehensive income

(Unit: Million Baht)

	For the years ended 31 December			
	Major Residences Company Limited		MJD-JV1 Co., Ltd.	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue	256	266	1,792	439
Other income	24	5	29	1
Cost of sales	(211)	(189)	(1,218)	(306)
Selling and administrative expenses	(88)	(38)	(143)	(31)
Finance cost	(41)	(43)	(28)	(3)
Income tax expenses	(22)	-	(84)	(39)
Profit (loss)	(82)	1	348	61
Shareholding percentage (%)	51	51	51	51
Profit (loss) in proportion of shareholding percentage	(42)	1	177	31
Elimination entries	4	(4)	19	(12)
Share of profit (loss) from investments in joint ventures	(38)	(3)	196	19

14. Investment properties

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements				
	Land awaiting for sale and land for rent project under construction	Land and building for rent	Condominium units for rent	Construction in progress	Total
Net book value as at 1 January 2021	762,164	1,812,726	5,520	1,163,385	3,743,795
Additions	740	5,741	-	-	6,481
Transferred from (to) property, plant and equipment	-	50	-	(2,727)	(2,677)
Transfers in (out)	(309,408)	1,444,483	-	(1,135,075)	-
Adjust	-	(1,198)	-	-	(1,198)
Disposals	-	(80)	-	-	(80)
Gain from change in fair value	1,304	37,815	-	-	39,119
Net book value as at 31 December 2021	454,800	3,299,537	5,520	25,583	3,785,440
Additions	481,126	89,592	-	-	570,718
Transferred to real estate development cost	-	(489,560)	-	-	(489,560)
Transferred from property, plant and equipment	-	125,707	-	-	125,707
Adjust	-	(45)	-	-	(45)
Gain from change in fair value	-	134,484	-	-	134,484
Net book value as at 31 December 2022	935,926	3,159,715	5,520	25,583	4,126,744

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements		
	Land awaiting for sale and land for rent project	Condominium units for rent	Total
Net book value as at 1 January 2021	797,242	5,520	802,762
Gain from change in fair value	16,552	-	16,552
Net book value as at 31 December 2021	813,794	5,520	819,314
Gain from change in fair value	13,187	-	13,187
Net book value as at 31 December 2022	826,981	5,520	832,501

The fair value of the above investment properties has been determined based on valuation performed by an accredited independent valuer. The fair value of the land awaiting for sale, land for rent project under construction and condominium units for rent have been determined based on market prices, while that of land and building for rent projects has been determined using the income approach.

Key assumptions used in the valuation of land and office building for rent are summarised below:

	Consolidated financial statements		Result to fair value whereas an increase in assumption value
	2022	2021	
Occupancy rate (%)	24 - 94	11 - 90	Increase in fair value
Discount rate (%)	10	10	Decrease in fair value
Rental rate (Baht/m ²)	400 - 770	400 - 770	Increase in fair value

Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rental income				
Fixed rental income	106,663	76,055	5,172	4,872
Rental income relating to variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate	26,078	16,625	-	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) of investment property that generated rental income	4,991	1,788	-	-
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) of investment property that did not generate rental income	806	37	-	-

The Group has mortgaged investment properties with carrying values as at 31 December 2022 amounting to Baht 3,606 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 714 million) (2021: Baht 3,637 million, Separate financial statements: Baht 814 million) with commercial banks as collateral against credit facilities received from banks and guarantee as collateral at the Court and the issuance of the debentures.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	Cost basis			
	Buildings, and building improvements	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
Cost:				
1 January 2021	79,985	34,186	28,036	142,207
Additions	-	61	-	61
Disposals	-	(573)	(10,526)	(11,099)
Write-off	-	(128)	-	(128)
31 December 2021	79,985	33,546	17,510	131,041
Disposals	-	(36)	(6,249)	(6,285)
Write-off	-	(89)	-	(89)
31 December 2022	79,985	33,421	11,261	124,667
Accumulated depreciation:				
1 January 2021	27,755	33,089	25,268	86,112
Depreciation for the year	3,864	787	770	5,421
Depreciation on disposals	-	(476)	(10,526)	(11,002)
Depreciation on write-off	-	(128)	-	(128)
31 December 2021	31,619	33,272	15,512	80,403
Depreciation for the year	3,856	252	770	4,878
Depreciation on disposals	-	(36)	(6,249)	(6,285)
Depreciation on write-off	-	(89)	-	(89)
31 December 2022	35,475	33,399	10,033	78,907
Allowance for impairment loss:				
1 January 2021	835	-	-	835
31 December 2021	835	-	-	835
31 December 2022	835	-	-	835
Net book value:				
31 December 2021	47,531	274	1,998	49,803
31 December 2022	43,675	22	1,228	44,925
Depreciation for the year				
2021 (included in administrative expenses)				5,421
2022 (included in administrative expenses)				4,878

In September 2021, a subsidiary entered into a sale and purchase agreement to sell land and hotel construction with a local company (“a purchaser”), amounting to Baht 389 million, net of related selling expenses. The ownership was transferred to the purchaser on 25 October 2021.

The Group arranged for an independent professional valuer to appraise the value of land in 2022 on an asset-by-asset basis using the market approach.

The Group had the lands been carried in the financial statements on a historical cost basis, their net book value as of 31 December 2022 and 2021 would have been approximately Baht 466 million and Baht 509 million, respectively.

As at 31 December 2022, certain building and equipment items were fully depreciated but are still in use. The gross carrying amount before deducting accumulated depreciation and allowance for impairment loss of those assets amounted to Baht 209 million (2021: Baht 170 million).

Land, buildings and building improvements of the Group with carrying values as at 31 December 2022 amounting to Baht 1,619 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 34 million) (2021: Baht 1,778 million, Separate financial statements: Baht 36 million) have been mortgaged with local commercial banks as collateral against credit facilities received from banks and guarantee at the Court.

16. Intangible assets

The net book value of intangible assets as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 is presented below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			Separate financial statements		
	Computer software	Computer software under installation	Total	Computer software	Computer software under installation	Total
	As at 31 December 2022					
Cost	39,483	7,304	46,787	7,520	597	8,117
Less Accumulated amortisation	(27,484)	-	(27,484)	(7,336)	-	(7,336)
Net book value	11,999	7,304	19,303	184	597	781
As at 31 December 2021						
Cost	39,838	597	40,435	7,520	597	8,117
Less Accumulated amortisation	(23,940)	-	(23,940)	(6,453)	-	(6,453)
Net book value	15,898	597	16,495	1,067	597	1,664

A reconciliation of the net book value of intangible assets for the years 2022 and 2021 is presented below.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net book value at beginning of year	16,495	19,636	1,664	3,033
Acquisition of computer software	6,602	1,794	-	64
Disposals	-	(86)	-	-
Amortisation	(3,655)	(4,849)	(883)	(1,433)
Adjust	(139)	-	-	-
Net book value at end of year	19,303	16,495	781	1,664

17. Short-term loans

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Bills of exchange	-	182,000	-	182,000
Loans from unrelated parties	150,000	-	-	-
Total	150,000	182,000	-	182,000
Less: Prepaid interest expenses	-	(3,694)	-	(3,694)
Short-term loans - net	150,000	178,306	-	178,306

Short-term loans carry interests at the rate of 6.75% per annum and are due for payment within July to September 2023.

The subsidiary has mortgaged the real estate development cost with unrelated parties to secure the loans from unrelated parties.

18. Trade and other payables

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Trade and other payables - unrelated parties	266,985	234,297	27,697	33,429
Advances received from related parties	1,424	1,394	312,765	316,985
Advances received from unrelated parties	810	5,526	-	2,643
Accrued interest expenses - related parties	-	-	22,988	3,850
Accrued interest expenses - unrelated parties	59,703	42,844	56,140	37,095
Accrued expenses - unrelated parties	77,649	40,068	5,365	782
Total	406,571	324,129	424,955	394,784

19. Long-term bill of exchange

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated/Separate	
	financial statements	
	2022	2021
Long-term bill of exchange	44,000	-
Less: Prepaid interest expenses	(3,514)	-
Bill of exchange - net	40,486	-

This represents unsecured bill of exchange which carry interests at the rate of 6.20% per annum and are due for payment within May 2024.

20. Long-term loans from financial institutions

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Long-term loans from financial institutions	4,130,502	2,940,507	-	-
Less: current portion	(619,019)	(736,601)	-	-
Long-term portion	3,511,483	2,203,906	-	-

Movements of the long-term loans account for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year	2,927,790	4,222,337	-	-
Add: Additional borrowings	2,184,383	2,213,663	-	750,000
Less: Amortisation of financial fees	(2,045)	-	-	-
Repayment	(979,626)	(3,495,493)	-	(750,000)
Balance at end of year	4,130,502	2,940,507	-	-

Long-term loans of the Group have principal repayment conditions with the rates stipulated in the loan agreements when the collaterals mortgaged with the banks are redeemed. Interest is charged at rate based on MLR. Full settlement of these loans is to be made within 2023 - 2033.

The Group has placed deposits at banks and mortgaged the real estate development cost, investment properties and the land, buildings and building improvements, with banks to secure the long-term loans. In addition, long-term loans of subsidiaries are guaranteed by the Company.

Certain loan agreements contain covenants that, among other things, require the Group to maintain a debt-to-equity ratio. Debt is defined all interest-bearing debt and equity includes shareholder's equity and loan from related parties.

As at 31 December 2022, the subsidiaries had credit facilities which have not drawn down of Baht 3,898 million (2021: Baht 5,529 million).

21. Debentures

The Company issued unsecured and unsubordinated bearer debentures to be offered to institutional investor and/or high net worth investors with the term of interest payment on quarterly basis. The issuance of such debentures is a part of a total issue of Baht 10,000 million which was approved by Annual General Meeting of the shareholders on 27 April 2016 and 27 April 2017.

The debentures contain term of issue relating to the transfer or disposal of assets, no declaration of dividend if debenture issuer makes default in principal and/or interest repayment and the maintenance of a certain financial covenant that, among other things, require the Company to maintain a debt-to-equity ratio not exceeding 3.5:1 for the consolidated financial statements. Debt is defined as all interest bearing debt and excludes loan from related parties and equity is defined as shareholder's equity.

The outstanding balance of long-term debentures as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are detailed below.

Year of issuance	Interest rate (% p.a.)		Terms (years)		(Unit: Million Baht)			
					Consolidated		Separate	
					financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
2019	-	6.8	-	2.5	-	700	-	700
2020	6.8	6.8	2 - 2.8	2 - 2.8	650	2,139	500	1,989
2021	6.4 - 6.8	6.4 - 6.8	1.5 - 2.5	1.5 - 2.5	2,697	3,297	2,697	2,697
2022	6.25 - 6.95	-	1.5 - 2.5	-	2,464	-	2,464	-
Total long-term debentures - at face value					5,811	6,136	5,661	5,386
Less: Prepaid interest expenses					-	(6)	-	(6)
Less: Unamortised costs relating to the issuance of the debentures					(36)	(43)	(36)	(36)
Long-term debentures - net					5,775	6,087	5,625	5,344
Less: Portion due within one year					(2,813)	(2,777)	(2,663)	(2,182)
Portion due over one year					2,962	3,310	2,962	3,162

As at 31 December 2022, the debentures of Baht 150 million are secured by the mortgage of the subsidiaries' investment properties.

As at 31 December 2021, the debentures of Baht 1,100 million, were secured by the mortgage of the subsidiaries' real estate development cost, land and building and investment properties.

22. Leases

22.1 The Group as a lessee

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has lease contracts used in its operations. Leases generally have lease terms between 4 - 30 years (2021: 1 - 14 years) one of the contracts provides an option to extend the lease term.

a) Right-of-use assets

Movement of right-of-use assets for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	Land	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
As at 1 January 2021	10,345	6,704	25,597	42,646
Additions	-	-	9,500	9,500
Disposals	-	-	(2,752)	(2,752)
Depreciation for the year	(837)	(3,236)	(6,441)	(10,514)
As at 31 December 2021	9,508	3,468	25,904	38,880
Additions	19,000	3,201	2,179	24,380
Depreciation for the year	(802)	(3,629)	(7,716)	(12,147)
As at 31 December 2022	27,706	3,040	20,367	51,113

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Separate financial statements	
	Motor vehicles	
As at 1 January 2021	2,768	
Depreciation for the year	(770)	
As at 31 December 2021	1,998	
Depreciation for the year	(770)	
As at 31 December 2022	1,228	

b) Lease liabilities

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Lease payment	34,183	33,123	500	1,251
Less: Deferred interest expenses	(2,021)	(2,571)	(9)	(57)
Total	32,162	30,552	491	1,194
Less: Portion due within one year	(8,933)	(11,311)	(491)	(703)
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	23,229	19,241	-	491

Movements of the lease liability account during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Balance at beginning of year	30,552	36,714	1,194	1,861
Additions	13,617	6,175	-	-
Disposal	-	(2,150)	-	-
Accretion of interest	1,379	1,291	48	84
Repayments	(13,386)	(11,478)	(751)	(751)
Balance at end of year	32,162	30,552	491	1,194

A maturity analysis of lease payments is disclosed in Note 35 under the liquidity risk.

c) Expenses relating to leases that are recognised in profit or loss

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Depreciation expense of right-of-use assets	12,147	10,514	770	770
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,379	1,291	48	84

22.2 Group as a lessor

The Group has entered into operating leases for its investment property portfolio consisting of land, office building and community mall (see Note 14) of the lease terms are between 1 - 3 years.

The Group has future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Within 1 year	158	74	5	5
Over 1 and up to 5 years	306	52	6	11
Over 5 years	-	-	-	18
Total	464	126	11	34

23. Provision for long-term employee benefits

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated	
	2022	2021
Provision for long-term employee benefits at beginning of year	52,142	54,939
Included in profit or loss:		
Current service cost	7,882	7,984
Interest cost	766	639
Actuarial gain arising from:		
Financial assumptions changes	(43)	-
Experience adjustments	(398)	-
Included in other comprehensive income:		
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from:		
Demographic assumptions changes	3,118	(86)
Financial assumptions changes	(11,818)	3,728
Experience adjustments	(1,660)	10,163
Adjustment	1,098	(25,225)
Provision for long-term employee benefits at end of year	51,087	52,142

As at 31 December 2022, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefit is 8 - 21 years (2021: 14 - 27 years).

Significant actuarial assumptions are summarised below.

	(Unit: percent per annum)	
	Consolidated	
	financial statements	
	2022	2021
Discount rate	2.63 - 4.15	1.49 - 3.07
Salary increase rate	3 - 7	3 - 7
Staff turnover rate	1.91 - 57.30	4.87 - 57.30

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the long-term employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Increase 1.0%	Decrease 1.0%	Increase 1.0%	Decrease 1.0%
Discount rate	(3,204)	3,603	(4,216)	4,851
Salary increase rate	4,090	(3,696)	4,512	(4,023)
Staff turnover rate	(5,819)	7,246	(7,238)	9,440

24. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside to a statutory reserve at least 5% of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10% of its registered share capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. At present, the statutory reserve has fully been set aside.

25. Revaluation surplus

This represents surplus arising from revaluation of property. Movements of revaluation surplus account for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated	
	financial statements	
	2022	2021
Balance - beginning of year	267,548	247,455
Add: Revaluations	15,188	25,116
Less: Income tax effect	(3,038)	(5,023)
Balance - end of year	279,698	267,548

The revaluation surplus can neither be offset against deficit nor used for dividend payment.

26. Revenue from contracts with customers

26.1 Disaggregated revenue information

Type of goods:	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue from land and houses sales	120,500	180,000	-	-
Revenue from residential condominium units sales	2,251,211	3,830,882	125,973	304,447
Total revenue from contracts with customers	2,371,711	4,010,882	125,973	304,447

26.2 Revenue to be recognised for the remaining performance obligations

As at 31 December 2022, revenue totaling Baht 1,990 million (2021: Baht 918 million) is expected to be recognised in the future in respect of performance obligations under contracts with customers that are unsatisfied. The Group expects to satisfy these performance obligations within 1 - 3 years.

27. Finance income

Finance income consists of interest income on debt instruments measured at amortised cost and the majority of finance income is the interest income from loans to related parties.

28. Finance cost

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Interest expenses on bills of exchange	15,061	35,251	15,061	35,251
Interest expenses on borrowings	22,229	76,262	19,632	3,509
Interest expenses on debentures	437,866	443,182	393,276	414,251
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	1,379	1,291	48	84
Front-end fee	27,776	31,306	22,680	26,024
Total	504,311	587,292	450,697	479,119

29. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses by nature are as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Purchase of land and payment of construction during the year	1,202,774	467,652	-	1,789
Changes in real estate development cost	512,090	2,224,383	91,942	229,140
Salary, wages and other employee benefits	540,385	497,545	2,232	7,743
Depreciation and amortisation	107,550	122,776	5,761	6,854
Commission expenses	86,938	238,175	2,738	11,233
Advertising and promotion expenses	117,824	106,897	1,609	2,700
Specific business tax	87,900	144,650	6,282	12,481

30. Income tax

Income tax expenses for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are made up as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current income tax:				
Current income tax charge	38,762	26,101	-	-
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	(16,971)	25,202	4,177	8,568
Income tax expenses reported in profit or loss	21,791	51,303	4,177	8,568

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated	
	financial statements	
	2022	2021
Deferred tax on actuarial gain (loss)	2,071	(2,761)
Deferred tax on gain from revaluation of land	3,038	5,023
Total	5,109	2,262

The reconciliation between accounting loss and income tax expense is shown below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Accounting loss before tax	(348,611)	(301,962)	(174,171)	(277,688)
Applicable tax rate	20%	20%	20%	20%
Accounting loss before tax multiplied by income tax rate	(69,722)	(60,392)	(34,834)	(55,538)
Previously deductible temporary differences and unrecognised tax losses that is used to reduce current tax expense	(13,865)	(18,378)	(13,768)	(14,645)
Unrecognised deferred tax assets (unused tax losses)	110,361	110,742	61,025	62,461
Reversal of previously recognised deferred tax assets	11,646	-	-	-
Effects of:				
- Non-deductible income and expenses	13,081	22,699	(8,322)	16,723
- Share of profit from investments in joint ventures	(29,505)	(1,216)	-	-
- Others	(205)	(2,152)	76	(433)
Total	(16,629)	19,331	(8,246)	16,290
Income tax expenses reported in profit or loss	21,791	51,303	4,177	8,568

The components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Statements of financial position			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Deferred tax assets				
Accrued expenses	6,782	6,041	747	2,230
Provision for long-term employee benefits	9,654	9,874	-	-
Unearned income	546	629	-	57
Unused tax losses	162,891	102,460	-	-
Loss on change in fair value of investment properties	1,299	1,260	-	-
Total	181,172	120,264	747	2,287
Deferred tax liabilities				
Cost to obtain contracts with customers	7,195	13,434	-	-
Gain on change in fair value of investment properties	200,420	150,095	144,250	141,613
Surplus on revaluation of land	89,848	86,810	-	-
Lease	1,922	-	-	-
Total	299,385	250,339	144,250	141,613

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses totaling Baht 1,592 million (2021: Baht 1,069 million), on which deferred tax assets have not been recognised as it believes future taxable profits may not be sufficient to allow utilisation of the temporary differences and unused tax losses. This unused tax losses will expire by 2023 - 2027.

31. Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and services and has three reportable segments as follows:

- The property development business segment, which engages in the development of land and houses and residential condominium units for sale
- The hotel business segment, which engages in the provision of services relating to rooms, food and beverages and other services related to accommodation and travel
- The rental and service business segment, which engages in the rental of spaces in office buildings

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and total assets on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss and total assets in the financial statements.

The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments is consistent with that for third party transactions.

The following tables present revenue, profit and total assets information regarding the Group's operating segments for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

	For the years ended 31 December						(Unit: Million Baht)				
	Development of properties for sales		Hotel business		Rental business			Elimination		Consolidated financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenue from external customers	2,540	4,186	177	98	104	65	-	-	2,821	4,349	
Inter-segment revenue	16	14	-	-	30	30	(46)	(44)	-	-	
Total revenue	2,556	4,200	177	98	134	95	(46)	(44)	2,821	4,349	
Cost of sale and services	(1,827)	(2,802)	(136)	(118)	(41)	(33)	45	41	(1,959)	(2,912)	
Gross profit	729	1,398	41	(20)	93	62	(1)	(3)	862	1,437	
Gain from change in fair value of investment properties	27	26	-	-	107	13	-	-	134	39	
Operating expenses	(1,016)	(1,269)	(71)	(51)	(19)	(15)	48	45	(1,058)	(1,290)	
Segment operation profit (loss) before share of profit from investments in joint ventures	(260)	155	(30)	(71)	181	60	47	42	(62)	186	
Share of profit from investments in joint ventures	148	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	148	6	
Segment operating profit (loss)	(112)	161	(30)	(71)	181	60	47	42	86	192	
Finance income	337	310	-	-	-	-	(294)	(272)	43	38	
Finance cost	(657)	(729)	(41)	(39)	(102)	(90)	296	271	(504)	(587)	
Dividend income	52	-	-	-	-	-	(52)	-	-	-	
Other income	41	54	2	2	2	1	(19)	(2)	26	55	
Income tax expenses	15	(43)	(2)	-	(38)	(11)	3	3	(22)	(51)	
Profit (loss) for the year	(324)	(247)	(71)	(108)	43	(40)	(19)	42	(371)	(353)	
Depreciation and amortisation	(39)	(41)	(61)	(74)	(8)	(8)	-	-	(108)	(123)	
Timing of revenue recognition											
Revenue recognised at point in time									2,540	4,182	
Revenue recognised over time									281	167	

(Unit: Million Baht)

	As at 31 December									
	Development of properties for sales		Hotel business		Rental business		Elimination		Consolidated financial statements	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Segment total assets										
Trade and other receivables	1,156	1,626	1	8	269	231	(1,281)	(1,687)	145	178
Real estate development cost	6,704	7,056	-	-	-	-	(27)	(26)	6,677	7,030
Investment properties	1,588	1,824	-	-	3,205	2,622	(666)	(661)	4,127	3,785
Property, plant and equipment	116	248	786	780	964	994	197	201	2,063	2,223
Investments in joint ventures accounted by the equity method	226	104	-	-	-	-	-	-	226	104
Others	13,564	10,936	48	313	27	18	(10,410)	(8,620)	3,229	2,647
Total	23,354	21,794	835	1,101	4,465	3,865	(12,187)	(10,793)	16,467	15,967

Segment total assets

Trade and other receivables
Real estate development cost
Investment properties
Property, plant and equipment
Investments in joint ventures accounted by the equity method
Others
Total

Geographic information

The Group operates in Thailand only. As a result, all of the revenues and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain exclusively to this geographical reportable segment.

For the years 2022 and 2021, the Group has no major customer which revenue of 10% or more of an entity's revenues.

32. Provident fund

The subsidiaries and its employees have jointly established provident funds in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. Both employees and the subsidiaries contribute to the fund monthly at rates of 3% to 10% of basic salary. The funds, which are managed by Thai Military Bank Public Company Limited and Tisco Asset Management Company Limited, will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. During the year 2022, the subsidiaries recognised the contributions to the fund amounting to approximately Baht 10 million (2021: Baht 6 million) as expense.

33. Commitments and contingent liabilities**33.1 Capital commitments**

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had capital commitments as follows.

	(Unit: Million Baht)	
	Consolidated financial statements	
	2022	2021
<u>Subsidiaries</u>		
Construction agreements related to projects development	1,401	69
Construction agreements related to office building for rental	16	16
Sell and purchase of land agreements	378	746
Sell and purchase of share agreement	1,015	1,284
<u>Joint ventures</u>		
Construction agreements related to project development	15	15

33.2 Bank guarantees

- (1) As at 31 December 2022, the Company has guaranteed bank credit facilities of related parties amounting to Baht 11,420 million (2021: Baht 11,622 million).
- (2) As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were outstanding bank guarantees issued by the banks on behalf of the Group in respect of certain performance bonds as required in the normal course of business as follows.

	(Unit: Million Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements	financial statements	financial statements	financial statements
	2022	2021	2022	2021
Bank guarantees for electricity use	3	3	1	1
Bank guarantees for public utility	64	64	-	-
Bank guarantees for payments due to creditors	-	3	-	-
Total	67	70	1	1

As at 31 December 2022, the Group placed deposits at banks of Baht 1.8 million (Separate financial statements: Baht 0.8 million) (2021: Baht 5.3 million, Separate financial statements: Baht 0.8 million) and mortgaged the land and construction of condominium projects with the banks to secure the issuance of bank guarantees.

33.3 Servitude

As at 31 December 2022, subsidiaries had servitude over land approximately 7 rai (2021: 2 rai). Cost of servitude over land is included in real estate development cost, investment properties, and property, plant and equipment.

33.4 Long-term service commitment

In September 2013, a subsidiary has entered into management agreement with a local company whereby the latter will provide the hotel management services to the subsidiary. The term of the management agreement is 10 years, starting from the hotel renovation is completed. Under the terms of the above agreement, the subsidiary commits to pay a management fee and incentive fee, at the rates indicated in the agreement.

33.5 Litigations

As at 31 December 2022, significant lawsuits of the Group and joint ventures are as follows:

- a) The Group has been sued by third parties in lawsuits related to breach of contracts, contract termination, refunds and damages in 34 cases, claiming damages of Baht 271 million. Currently, the cases are being heard by the Court of First Instance, Court of Appeal and Supreme Court and have not been finalised. The Group's management and its legal consultant have determined the possible losses from the litigations and recorded provision amounting to Baht 89 million in its accounts.
- b) A subsidiary filed a lawsuit against a land seller for the repayment of land deposits amounting to Baht 100 million as the seller could not transferred the ownership to the subsidiary. In January 2021, the Court of First Instance ordered the seller to pay the land deposit to the subsidiary with interest at the rate of 7.5% per annum starting from 5 January 2017. Currently, the seller is in the process of filing an appeal with the Appeal Court. However, the Group's management and its legal consultant are of the opinion that the subsidiary is likely to win the case at the Appeal Court. Consequently, the Company's management assessed recoverable amount of such deposit and recorded Baht 13 million allowance for doubtful debts.
- c) A joint venture filed, a notice demanding the portion of construction service fees and claimed for the damages incurred from the termination of contract due to the unfair event with a customer, with the Thai Arbitral Tribunal for the claim amount of Baht 144 million. However, the customer countersued the joint venture on the grounds that the joint venture failed to deliver the work within the agreed deadline and demanded compensatory damages for the work delay of Baht 202 million. In June 2021, the Arbitral Tribunal rendered an award that the customer must pay the total claim of Baht 84 million to the joint venture. Subsequently, in October 2021, the customer filed a plaint with the Civil Court against the award of the Arbitral Tribunal. However, in December 2021, the joint venture filed a plaint with the Civil court, requesting the enforcement of the award that the customer must pay the total claim to the joint venture. Currently, the case is being investigated. The joint venture has not recorded the estimated losses of relevant assets or provision in its accounts.

- d) A joint venture was sued by third party on ground of seeking breach of construction contract and refunds accrued payment of construction claiming damages of Baht 218 million. However, a joint venture countersued on the ground that third party failed to deliver the work within the agreed deadline and demanded compensatory damages for the work delay of Baht 422 million. Currently, the case is being investigated. The Group's management and its legal consultant have determined the possible losses from the litigations and recorded provision amounting to Baht 25 million in its accounts.
- e) A joint venture filed a lawsuit against a third party related to breach of construction contract and claiming damage of Baht 248 million. However, the third party countersued the joint venture to pay the remaining service fee amounting to approximately Baht 79 million. In September 2022, the Court of First Instance ordered the joint venture to pay the fee amounting to Baht 72 million and interest. Currently, the joint venture is in the process of filing an appeal with the Appeal Court. The Group's management and its legal consultant have determined the possible losses from the litigations and recorded provision amounting to Baht 51 million in its accounts.

34. Fair value hierarchy

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group had the assets that were measured at fair value and liabilities which fair value was disclosed using different levels of inputs as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)				
Consolidated financial statements				
As at 31 December 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Land (under property, plant and equipment account)	-	805	-	805
Investment properties	-	1,834	2,293	4,127
Financial liability measured at fair value				
Debentures	-	5,821	-	5,821

(Unit: Million Baht)				
Consolidated financial statements				
As at 31 December 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Land (under property, plant and equipment account)	-	890	-	890
Investment properties	-	1,600	2,185	3,785
Financial liability measured at fair value				
Debentures	-	6,144	-	6,144

(Unit: Million Baht)				
Separate financial statements				
As at 31 December 2022				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Investment properties	-	833	-	833
Financial liability measured at fair value				
Debentures	-	5,671	-	5,671

(Unit: Million Baht)				
Separate financial statements				
As at 31 December 2021				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Investment properties	-	819	-	819
Financial liability measured at fair value				
Debentures	-	5,394	-	5,394

35. Financial instruments

35.1 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans to related parties, investments, bills of exchange, short-term loans from related parties, long-term loans from financial institutions, and debentures. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed are described below.

Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade receivables, loans lending, deposits with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts as stated in the statement of financial position.

Trade receivables

The Group manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. Outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored and subject to enforcement activity based on cost-benefit subjection.

Financial instruments and cash deposits

The Group manages the credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions by making investments only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed by the financial management, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of the management. The limits are set to minimise the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through a counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

The credit risk on debt instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Market risk

There are market risks comprising interest rate risk and currency risk.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its long-term loans to related parties, long-term loans from financial institutions, bills of exchange, and debentures. Most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities bear fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements						
2022						
Fixed interest rates		Floating	Non-	Total	Interest rate	(% p.a.)
within	over 1 year	interest	interest			
1 year	to 5 years	rate	bearing			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	951	57	1,008	0.10 - 0.40
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	145	145	-
Restricted bank deposits	-	-	19	-	19	0.10 - 0.38
Loans to related parties	-	-	667	-	667	MLR
	-	-	1,637	202	1,839	
Financial liabilities						
Short-term loans	150	-	-	-	150	6.75
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	407	407	-
Debentures	2,813	2,962	-	-	5,775	6.25 - 6.95
Long-term bill of exchange	-	40	-	-	40	6.20
Long-term loans from financial institutions	-	-	4,131	-	4,131	MLR
	2,963	3,002	4,131	407	10,503	

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements						
2021						
Fixed interest rates		Floating	Non-	Total	Interest rate	(% p.a.)
within	over 1 year	interest	interest			
1 year	to 5 years	rate	bearing			
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	460	79	539	0.05 - 0.25
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	178	178	-
Restricted bank deposits	-	-	41	-	41	0.05 - 0.38
Loans to related parties	-	-	791	-	791	MLR
	-	-	1,292	257	1,549	
Financial liabilities						
Bills of exchange	178	-	-	-	178	6.75
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	324	324	-
Debentures	2,777	3,310	-	-	6,087	6.40 - 6.80
Long-term loans from financial institutions	-	-	2,941	-	2,941	MLR
	2,955	3,310	2,941	324	9,530	

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements						
2022						
Fixed interest rates		Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total	Interest rate	
within 1 year	over 1 year to 5 years					
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	293	24	317	0.10 - 0.40
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	638	638	-
Restricted bank deposits	-	-	1	-	1	0.10 - 0.38
Loans to related parties	3,708	-	712	-	4,420	6.80 and MLR
	<u>3,708</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,006</u>	<u>662</u>	<u>5,376</u>	
Financial liabilities						
Bills of exchange	-	40	-	-	40	6.20
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	425	425	-
Debentures	2,664	2,962	-	-	5,626	6.25 - 6.95
	<u>2,664</u>	<u>3,002</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>425</u>	<u>6,091</u>	

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements						
2021						
Fixed interest rates		Floating interest rate	Non-interest bearing	Total	Interest rate	
within 1 year	over 1 year to 5 years					
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	48	4	52	0.05 - 0.13
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	1,177	1,177	-
Restricted bank deposits	-	-	1	-	1	0.05 - 0.38
Loans to related parties	2,735	-	830	-	3,565	6.80 and MLR
	<u>2,735</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>879</u>	<u>1,181</u>	<u>4,795</u>	
Financial liabilities						
Bills of exchange	178	-	-	-	178	6.75
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	395	395	-
Debentures	2,182	3,162	-	-	5,344	6.40 - 6.80
	<u>2,360</u>	<u>3,162</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>395</u>	<u>5,917</u>	

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's profit before tax to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of floating rate loans affected as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

2022		2021	
Increase/decrease	Effect on profit before tax	Increase/decrease	Effect on profit before tax
(%)	(Thousand Baht)	(%)	(Thousand Baht)
+0.1	(4,145)	+0.1	(2,941)
-0.1	4,145	-0.1	2,941

The above analysis has been prepared assuming that the amounts of the floating rate loans and all other variables remain constant over one year. Moreover, the floating legs of these loans are assumed to not yet have set interest rates. As a result, a change in interest rates affects interest payable for the full 12-month period of the sensitivity calculation. This information is not a forecast or prediction of future market conditions and should be used with care.

Foreign currency risk

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group does not consider themselves exposed to foreign currency risk because they have no significant foreign currency transactions.

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors the risk of a shortage of liquidity through the use of bank overdrafts, bills of exchange, debentures, bank loans and lease contracts. The Group's policy is to maintain debt-to-equity ratio not exceed 2.5:1. Approximately 31% of the Group's debt will mature in less than one year at 31 December 2022 (2021: 35%) (the Company only: 37%, 2021: 39%) based on the carrying value of borrowings reflected in the financial statements. The Group has assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Group has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 based on contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	(Unit: Million Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022			
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Short-term loans	150	-	-	150
Interest on short-term loans	6	-	-	6
Long-term bill of exchange	-	44	-	44
Interest on long-term bill of exchange	3	1	-	4
Trade and other payables	407	-	-	407
Debentures	2,813	2,962	-	5,775
Interest on debentures	342	172	-	514
Lease liabilities	9	18	5	32
Long-term loans	619	3,512	-	4,131
Interest on long-term loans	208	679	219	1,106
Total non-derivatives	4,557	7,388	224	12,169

	(Unit: Million Baht)			
	Consolidated financial statements			
	2021			
	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Bills of exchange	182	-	-	182
Trade and other payables	324	-	-	324
Debentures	2,777	3,310	-	6,087
Interest on debentures	375	205	-	580
Lease liabilities	12	12	7	31
Long-term loans	737	2,204	-	2,941
Interest on long-term loans	143	351	160	654
Total non-derivatives	4,550	6,082	167	10,799

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	2022			
	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Long-term bill of exchange	-	-	44	44
Interest on long-term bill of exchange	-	3	1	4
Trade and other payables	-	425	-	425
Short-term loans from related parties	871	-	-	871
Interest on short-term loans from related parties	55	-	-	55
Debentures	-	2,664	2,962	5,626
Interest on debentures	-	307	172	479
Lease liabilities	-	1	-	1
Total non-derivatives	926	3,400	3,179	7,505

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	2021			
	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives				
Bills of exchange	-	182	-	182
Trade and other payables	-	395	-	395
Short-term loan	143	-	-	143
Interest on short-term loans	9	-	-	9
Debentures	-	2,182	3,162	5,344
Interest on debentures	-	327	200	527
Lease liabilities	-	1	-	1
Total non-derivatives	152	3,087	3,362	6,601

35.2 Fair values of financial instruments

Since the majority of the Group's financial instruments are short-term in nature or carrying interest at rates close to the market interest rate, their fair values are not expected to be materially different from the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

The estimated fair value of financial instruments, in comparison with the related amounts carried in the statement of financial position, is as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial liability				
Debentures	5,775	5,821	6,087	6,144

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements			
	2022		2021	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial liability				
Debentures	5,626	5,671	5,344	5,394

The methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

- For fixed rate debentures, their fair value is estimated by discounting expected future cash flow by the current market interest rate of the loans with similar terms and conditions.

During the current period, there was no transfer within the fair value hierarchy.

36. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it has an appropriate financial structure in order to support its business and maximise shareholder value and it meets financial covenants attached to the loan agreements. The Group has complied with these covenants throughout the reporting periods.

In managing its capital position, the Group refers to its debt-to-equity ratio, in order to ensure compliance with a condition of long-term loan agreements with financial institutions and also debentures issuance as discussed in Notes 20 and 21. As at 31 December 2022, the Group's debt-to-equity ratio was 2.04:1 (2021: 1.74:1) and the Company's was 1.33:1 (2021: 1.28:1).

37. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 27 February 2023.

ATTACHMENT



Attachment 1

Details of Directors, Executives, Controlling Persons and the Company's Secretary

Mrs. Prathin Poolvaralaks (Age 81)

Chairman of the Board of Directors / Chairman of Executive Committee

Date of appointment as Director/Executive	Work experience		
2 December 2005	2022 - Present	Chairman of the Board of Directors Chairman of Executive Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
Graduation/Course of Training	1999 - 2022	Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors Vice Chairman of Executive Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
• More than 15 years of real estate business experience	2021 - Present	Director	MJ ONE Company Limited
• Director Diploma, Director Accreditation Program 50/2006, (DAP) (IOD)	2020 - Present	Director	Major SPV One Company Limited
_____	2020 - Present	Director	MJV3 Company Limited
_____	2020 - Present	Director	MJV2 Company Limited
_____	2017 - Present	Director	MJD-JV1 Company Limited
_____	2016 - Present	Director	MDPC Company Limited
_____	2013 - Present	Director	Major Residences Company Limited
Shareholding (as of 31 December 2022)	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Commercial Company Limited
170,000,000 shares (19.76%)	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Estate Company Limited
Family Relationship with Directors and Executives	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Property Partners Company Limited
Mother of Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks and Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	2013 - Present	Director	MJD Residences Company Limited
_____	2011 - Present	Director	MJP Property Company Limited
_____	2011 - Present	Director	MJC Development Company Limited
Illegal record in the last 10 years	2010 - Present	Director	MJR Development Company Limited
None	2008 - Present	Director	Major Development Residences Company Limited
_____	2008 - Present	Director	Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited

Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks (Age 57)

Director / Executive Director / Risk Management Committee / Chief Executive Officer

Date of appointment as Director/Executive	Work experience		
2 December 2005	2021 - Present	Chief Executive Officer	Major Development Public Company Limited
Graduation/Course of Training	2013 - Present	Risk Management Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
• Master of Business Administration (MBA), Illinois State University	2005 - Present	Director	Major Development Public Company Limited
• Bachelor of Marketing, Illinois State University	1999 - Present	Executive Officer	Major Development Public Company Limited
• Director Diploma, Director Accreditation Program 49/2005, (DAP) (IOD)	2021 - Present	Director	MJP Property Company Limited
_____	2021 - Present	Director	MJC Development Company Limited
_____	2021 - Present	Director	MJR Development Company Limited
_____	2021 - Present	Director	MJ ONE Company Limited
_____	2020 - Present	Director	Major SPV One Company Limited
_____	2016 - Present	Director	MDPC Company Limited
_____	2013 - Present	Director	Major Residences Company Limited
_____	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Commercial Company Limited
Shareholding (as of 31 December 2022)	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Estate Company Limited
115,603,000 shares (13.44%)	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Property Partners Company Limited
Family Relationship with Directors and Executives	2013 - Present	Director	MJD Residences Company Limited
Daughter of Mrs. Prathin Poolvaralaks	2008 - Present	Director	Major Development Residences Company Limited
Older sister of Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	2008 - Present	Director	Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited
Illegal record in the last 10 years			
None			

Remark:

Mrs. Prathin Poolvorlaks was pointed as Chairman of the Board replacing Mr. Chumroen Poolvorlaks, who has resigned from the position, effective as from 12 May 2022 onwards.

Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks (Age 48)

Director / Executive Director / Risk Management Committee / Managing Director

Date of appointment as	Work experience		
Director/Executive	2013 - Present	Risk Management Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
19 September 2006	2006 - Present	Director	Major Development Public Company Limited
		Executive Director	
		Managing Director	
Graduation/Course of Training			
• Doctor of Philosophy, Economics, University of Southern California (USC)	2021 - Present	Director	MJP Property Company Limited
	2021 - Present	Director	MJC Development Company Limited
• Master of Sciences, Economics, Boston University	2021 - Present	Director	MJR Development Company Limited
	2021 - Present	Director	MJ ONE Company Limited
• Bachelor of Economics, Faculty of Economics, Chulalongkorn University	2020 - Present	Director	Major SPV One Company Limited
	2020 - Present	Director	MJV3 Company Limited
	2020 - Present	Director	MJV2 Company Limited
• Director Diploma, Director Accreditation Program 59/2006, (DAP) (IOD)	2017 - Present	Director	MJD-JV1 Company Limited
	2013 - Present	Director	Major Residences Company Limited
	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Commercial Company Limited
	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Estate Company Limited
	2013 - Present	Director	Major Development Property Partners Company Limited
Shareholding (as of 31 December 2022)	2013 - Present	Director	MJD Residences Company Limited
104,962,000 shares (12.20%)	2008 - Present	Director	Major Development Residences Company Limited
Family Relationship with Directors and Executives	2008 - Present	Director	Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited
Son of Mrs. Prathin Poolvaralaks			
Younger brother of			
Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks			
Illegal record in the last 10 years			
None			

Mr. Chanin Roongsang (Age 57)

Independent Director / Chairman of Audit Committee /

Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee / Risk Management Committee

Date of appointment as	Work experience		
Director/Executive	2013 - Present	Chairman of the Selection and Remuneration Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
2 December 2005		Risk Management Committee	
Graduation/Course of Training	2008 - Present	Chairman of Audit Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
• M.A. (Political Science), Kasetsart University	2005 - Present	Independent Director	Major Development Public Company Limited
• B.B.A Bangkok University	2019 - Present	Adviser Committee to the Minister of Agriculture and Cooperatives	Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives
• Certificate in Mini MPA, Thammasat University	2007 - 2013	Members of the House of Representatives	The House of Representatives
• Certificate in State Budget Management University of California, Los Angeles (UCLA)	2011	Chairperson of the Committee on Economic Development	The House of Representatives
• Diploma, National Defence College, The National Defence Course Class 63	2010	Ad-hoc Committee and Spokesman Ad-hoc Committee of Annual Appropriations Bill Year 2011	The House of Representatives
• Director Diploma, Thailand Energy Academy Leadership Program	2006	BMA. Spokesman and Adviser to Governor of Bangkok	The Bangkok Metropolitan
• Director Diploma, Capital Market Academy Leadership Program, The Stock Exchange of Thailand	2002 – 2006	Vice-Chairman of the Bangkok Metropolitan Council	The Bangkok Metropolitan Council
• Director Diploma, Chief Executive Course for Urban Development Management, class 1, Urban Green Development Institute Bangkok	1994 – 2006	Members of The Bangkok Metropolitan Council	The Bangkok Metropolitan Council
	2000	The Advisor Committee for the Plan Development Bangkok 6 th	The Bangkok Metropolitan
	2000	Chairman of the Committee on Monetary Affairs, Finance	The Bangkok Metropolitan Council
• Director Diploma, Executives Program, The King Prajadhipok's Institute			
• Director Diploma, Director Accreditation Program 50/2006, (DAP) (IOD)			

Shareholding (as of 31 December 2022)
None

Family Relationship with Directors and Executives
None

Illegal record in the last 10 years
None

Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch (Age 57)

Independent Director / Audit Committee / Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Date of appointment as Director/Executive	Work experience		
20 March 2019	2019 - Present	Board of Director Audit Committee Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
Graduation/Course of Training	2019 – 23 June 2022	Independent Director	Nation International Edutainment Public Company Limited
• Master of Accounting, Thammasat University	2022	Chairman of Audit Committee	NCA Holdings Company Limited
• Bachelor of Accounting, Thammasat University	2019 - 2021	Director	Smart Bus Company Limited
• Executive Program in Capital Market CMA-26/2018, Capital Market Academy	2019 - 2020	Chairman of Director Independent Director Audit Committee	Mith-Mitree Medical Company Limited
• Executive Program in Urban Management 2/2017, Navamindradhiraj University	2018 - 2029	Director	Mith-Mitree Medical Company Limited
• Director Certificate Program 216/2016, (DCP), Thai IOD	2017- 2018	Chairman of Executive Board Managing Director	Thai Listed Company Association
• Academy of Business Creativity (ABC) 3/2015, Sri Pathum University	2016 - 2018	Director	Master Ad Public Company Limited
• TLCA Executive Development Program (EDP) 11/2014, Thai Listed Company Association	2016 - 2018	Director	Master and more Company Limited
	2016 - 2018	Director	Greed Ad Company Limited
	2016 - 2018	Director	InkJet Images (Thailand) Company Limited
	2016 - 2018	Director	Landy Development Company Limited
	2016 - 2018	Director	Open Plays Company Limited
	2016 - 2018	Director	MACO Outdoor Sdn.Bhd.
	2016 - 2018	Director	Eyeball Channel Sdb.Bhd.
	2016 - 2018	Director	VGI Global Media Public Company Limited

Shareholding
(as of 31 December 2022)
None

Family Relationship with
Directors and Executives
None

Illegal record in the last 10 years
None

Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha (Age 48)

Independent Director / Audit Committee / Nomination and Remuneration Committee / Risk Management Committee

Date of appointment as Director/Executive	Work experience		
12 May 2022	2022 - Present	Director Audit Committee Nomination and Remuneration Committee Risk Management Committee	Major Development Public Company Limited
Graduation/Course of Training	2022 – Present	Independent Director	AEON Thana Sinsap (Thailand) Pcl.
• LL.M., University of Minnesota-Twincities, United States	2022 – Present	Audit Committee	Global Consumer Pcl.
• Master of Comparative Law, Indiana University-Bloomington, United States	2022 – Present	Independent Director Audit Committee	Global Consumer Pcl.
• LL. B, Thammasat University, Bangkok	Jan 2019 - Present	Partner	IAS Advisory Co., Ltd.
• Ranked as a Leading Lawyer for Real Estate in Chamber & Partners in 2022, 2023	2013 -2022	Partner	Blumenthal Richter & Smelted Co., Ltd.
• Recognized as a Recommended Lawyer for Corporate and M&A in The Legal 500 in 2019, 2020 and 2022	2007 - 2013	Managing Partner	Legal Connect Co., Ltd.
• Ranked in the A-List Top 100 Lawyers in Thailand by Asia Business Law Journal, Vantage Asia Publishing Limited in 2019, 2023	2005 - 2007	Partner	Gilberte, Reed & Co., Ltd.
	2005 – 2007	Vice President, Administration and Management	Thai Artist's Right Co., Ltd.

Shareholding
(as of 31 December 2022)
None

Family Relationship with
Directors and Executives
None

Illegal record in the last 10 years
None

Remark:

Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha was appointed as Independent Director and Audit Committee, effective as from 12 May 2022 onwards.

Ms. Natha Kittiakson (Age 53)

Director / Executive Director / Deputy Chief Executive Officer / Chief Financial Officer

Date of appointment as Director/Executive	Work experience
28 February 2022	2022 – Present Director Executive Director Deputy Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Major Development Public Company Limited
Graduation/Course of Training	
• Master of Science in Economics (Honors Credited), California State Polytechnic University (CAL POLY), Pomona California USA.	2021 - present Director 2021 - present Director 2021 - present Director 2019 - present Deputy Chief Executive Officer 2007 – 2019 Chief Financial Officer (CFO) 2002 – 2007 Chief Financial Officer (CFO) 1996 – 2002 Vice President. ALM/ALCO, Corporate Healthscape Company Limited Techscape Company Limited Peoplescape Company Limited Major Development Estate Company Limited Pace Development Corporation Public Company Limited Major Development Public Company Limited Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited
• Bachelor of Arts in Economics, University of California Los Angeles (UCLA), Los Angeles California USA.	

Shareholding
(as of 31 December 2022)
None

Family Relationship with Directors and Executives
None

Illegal record in the last 10 years
None

Mr. Preecha Piriyapanyaporn (Age 43)

President (Legal & Compliance Department) / Company Secretary

Date of appointment as Director/Executive	Work experience
4 November 2019	2019 - present Vice President (Legal & Compliance Department) and Company Secretary Major Development Public Company Limited
Graduation/Course of Training	
• Barrister-at-law, Institute of Legal Education Thai Bar Association	2019 Vice President (Corporate Support Division) and Company Secretary Proud Real Estate Public Company Limited
• Bachelor of Law (LLB.), Thammasat University	2018 – 2019 Vice President (Legal Department) Major Development Public Company Limited
• Company Secretary Program (CSP), Class 105/2020, During 20-21 January 2020	2014 – 2018 Vice President (Legal Department) Pace Development Corporation Public Company Limited

Shareholding
(as of 31 December 2022)
None

Family Relationship with Directors and Executives
None

Illegal record in the last 10 years
None

Remark:

Ms. Natha Kittiakson was appointed as the Director, effective as from 12 May 2022 onwards.

Attachment 2

Details of the Directors of Subsidiaries

Directors' Name	Company	Subsidiaries							
	MJD	MJHR	MDR	MJR	MJP	MJC	MRD	MDP	MDE
1. Mrs. Prathin Poolvaralaks	X,O	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///
2. Ms. Petrada Poolvorlaks	/,//,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///
3. Mr. Suriya Poolvorlaks	/,//,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///
4. Mr. Chanin Roongsang	/								
5. Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch	/								
6. Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha	/								
7. Mr. Preecha Piriyapanyaporn	///								
8. Ms. Natha Kittiakson	///								///
9. Mr. Nuthapon Luckkanalawan									///

Subsidiaries (Continuous)								Joint Venture			
MDCM	MDPC	MJ1	MJV2	MSPV	MJV4	PPS	HSC	MRC	MJV1	MJV3	TSC
/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///			/,///	/,///	/,///	
/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///			/,///			
/,///		/,///	/,///	/,///	/,///			/,///	/,///	/,///	
						/,///	/,///				/,///
						/,///	/,///				/,///

>>

X = Chairman of the Board of Directors

O = Chairman of Executive Director

/ = Director

// = Executive Director

/// = Executive Officer

Remark**MJHR** Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited**MDR** Major Development Residences Company Limited**MJR** MJR Development Company Limited**MJP** MJP Property Company Limited**MJC** MJC Development Company Limited**MRD** MJD Residences Company Limited**MDP** Major Development Property Partners Company Limited**MDE** Major Development Estate Company Limited**MDCM** Major Development Commercial Company Limited**MDPC** MDPC Company Limited**MJ1** MJ ONE Company Limited**MJV2** MJV2 Company Limited**MSPV** Major SPV One Company Limited**MJV4** MJV4 Company Limited**PPS** Peoplescape Company Limited**HSC** Healthscape Company Limited**MRC** Major Residences Company Limited**MJV1** MJD-JV1 Company Limited**MJV3** MJV3 Company Limited**TSC** Techscape Company Limited

- MJ ONE Company Limited held by 3 Subsidiaries; MJR Development Company Limited 33.33%, MJP Property Company Limited 33.33%, MJC Development Company Limited 33.33%
- Major SPV One Company Limited held by a Subsidiaries; Major Development Estate Company Limited 99.99%, Peoplescape Company Limited holding 90% by Major Development Estate Company Limited (Subsidiary of MJD)
- Healthscape Company Limited holding 90% by Major Development Estate Company Limited (Subsidiary of MJD)
- Techscape Company Limited holding 51% by Healthscape Company Limited (Subsidiary of MJD)

Attachment 3

Details of the Heads of the Audit and Compliance Units

Miss Pannapa Niramolnurak

Secretary of Audit Committee

Internal Audit Manager

Education

- Master of Science Taxation The University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce
- Bachelor of Accountancy, The University of the Thai Chamber of Commerce

Experiences

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| 2013 – 2022 | Internal Audit Specialist
SC Asset Corporation PCL |
| 2006 – 2013 | Senior Auditor
AST MASTER Company Limited |

Training

- Integrated Audit of Revenues and Receivables
- Master of One Page Summary
- The Occupational Health and Safety Act in the Work Environment for Employee
- Systematic Problem Solving
- Fraud Audit

Attachment 4

Operating Assets

The Main Assets of The Company

As of December 31, 2022, The Company and its subsidiaries' main assets used in the business of The Company and its subsidiaries consist of land and real estate development costs, investment properties, and property, plant, and equipment with a net book value of 12,867 million THB, divided into encumbered assets of 11,424 million THB and non-encumbered assets of 1,443 million THB, with details as follows:

Records	Net Book Value As of December 31, 2022 (Million THB)	Ownership Type	Encumbrance
1. Land and Real Estate Development Cost	6,677	Owner	Some part of encumbrances
2. Investment Property	4,127	Owner	Some part of encumbrances
3. Property, Plant, and Equipment	2,063	Owner	Some part of encumbrances
Total	12,867		

Land and Project Cost under Construction

(Unit: Million THB)

	December 31, 2022
Land and Plant under Development	4,784
Developed Land and Plant	1,893
Net	6,677

Net Real Estate Development Cost According to the Book of Projects for Sale as of December 31, 2022

Name/Location	Asset Type	Ownership	Book Value (Net) (Million THB)	Encumbrance
Aguston Sukhumvit 22	Residential Condominium	MJD	12	No encumbrance
Reflection Jomtien Beach Pattaya	Residential Condominium	MJD	16	No encumbrance
Manor Sanambinnam	Residential Condominium	MJD	8	No encumbrance
Marvest Hua Hin	Residential Condominium	MJC	220	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
M Jatujak	Residential Condominium	MDE	163	No encumbrance
Maestro 01 Yenakat	Residential Condominium	MDE	149	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Malton 08 Ari	Detached House	MDE	159	No encumbrance
Maestro 19 Ratchada 19 - Vipha	Residential Condominium	MDE	49	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Metris Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng	Residential Condominium	MDE	102	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Metris Ladprao	Residential Condominium	MDE	121	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Metris Pattanakarn - Ekkamai	Residential Condominium	MDE	615	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
MARU Ladprao	Residential Condominium	MRD	87	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
MARU Ekkamai	Residential Condominium	MRD	204	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Mayfield Ramintra - Khubon	Land	MJR	814	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Malton Gates - Krungthep Kreetha	Land and Work under Construction	MDE	914	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Metris District Ladprao	Land and Work under Construction	MSPV1	955	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Mayfield Lane Ratchada - Ladprao	Land	MJV2	193	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Mayfield Pinklao	Land	MJV2	312	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution

Name/Location	Asset Type	Ownership	Book Value (Net) (Million THB)	Encumbrance
Future Project (Charoen Mueang Road)	Deposit Payment for Land	MJV4	10	No encumbrance
Future Project (Phaholyothin - Ari Road)	Land	MDE	1,045	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Future Project (Phayathai)	Deposit Payment for Land	MDE	18	No encumbrance
Future Project (Ramkhamhaeng 53)	Land	MJR	511	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
		Total	6,677	

As of December 31, 2022, The Company and its subsidiaries have investment properties with the details as follows:

Name/Location	Asset Type	Ownership	Book Value (Million THB)	Encumbrance
Marrakesh Hua Hin Project	Condominium for Rent	MJD	6	No encumbrance
Land near Sanambinnam	Land	MJD	113	No encumbrance
Land near Sukhumvit Road	Land	MJD	57	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Future Project (Phaholyothin-Ari Road)	Land	MDCM	903	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Chic Ramkhamhaeng 53	Commercial Building	MJR	383	No encumbrance
Marche Krungthep Kreetha	Commercial Building	MJP	265	Debenture guarantee
Major Tower Thonglor	Office building for rent	MDCM	780	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Major Tower Rama 9 - Ramkhamhaeng	Office building for rent	MDCM	1,512	Mortgage as collateral to a financial institution
Manor Avenue Sanambinnam	Commercial Building	MRD	108	No encumbrance
		Total	4,127	

The book value of property, plant, and equipment of The Company and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

Records	Book Value (Million THB)	Encumbrance
Land and Land Improvements	832	Loan guarantee to a financial institution
Buildings, Condominiums, and Building Improvements	1,166	Loan guarantee to a financial institution
Furnishings and Equipment	44	No encumbrance
Vehicles	21	Hire purchase contract guarantee
Total	2,063	

Investments in Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures

As of December 31, 2022, The Company had investments in 20 subsidiaries and joint ventures as follows:

Subsidiary	Characteristic of Business	Shareholding Proportion	Registered Capital
Major Development Hotels and Resorts Company Limited	Operating hotel, resort, and spa business	100%	400,000,000
Major Development Residences Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	100,000,000
MJR Development Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	600,000,000
MJP Property Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	600,000,000
MJC Development Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	600,000,000
MJD Residences Company Limited (MJD)	Developing real estate for sale	100%	750,000,000
Major Development Property Partners Company Limited	Consulting, management, real estate agents/rental business management	100%	8,000,000
Major Development Estate Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	2,500,000,000
Major Development Commercial Company Limited	Operating hotel, Office building for rent	100%	900,000,000
MDPC Company Limited	Consulting, management, real estate agents/rental business management	100%	10,000,000
MJ One Company Limited ^{/1}	Developing real estate for sale	100%	15,000,000
MJV2 Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	50,000,000
Major SPV One Company Limited ^{/2}	Developing real estate for sale	100%	100,000,000

Subsidiary	Characteristic of Business	Shareholding Proportion	Registered Capital
PeopleScape Company Limited ^{/3}	Consulting and providing services on organization development and management	90%	1,000,000
MJV4 Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	100%	2,000,000
HealthScape Company Limited ^{/3}	Supporting health business	90%	5,000,000
Joint Venture			
Major Residences Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	51%	25,000,000
MJD-JV1 Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	51%	1,000,000
MJV3 Company Limited	Developing real estate for sale	51%	10,000,000
TechScape Company Limited ^{/4}	Developing and designing applications and platforms	51%	1,000,000

หมายเหตุ : /1 MJ One Company Limited is held by subsidiaries namely MJR Development Company Limited at 33.33%, MJP Property Company Limited at 33.33%, and MJC Development Company Limited at 33.33%.

/2 Major SPV One Company Limited is held by a subsidiary, Major Development Estate Company Limited at 99.99%

/3 PeopleScape Company Limited and HealthScape Company Limited are held by a subsidiary, Major Development Estate Company Limited at 90%.

/4 TechScape Company Limited is held by a subsidiary, HealthScape Company Limited at 51%.

Attachment 5

Corporate Governance and Business Ethics Policy and Practice Guidelines

Corporate Governance Policy

The Company has created the good corporate governance principles in compliance with the Stock Exchange of Thailand's requirements in order to provide an effective, transparent, and auditability and build the confidence of shareholders, investors, and stakeholders. This principle adds value to the Company and fosters long-term success. The following are vital organizational governance policies:

The Company protects shareholders' rights and encourages shareholders to exercise their fundamental rights in accordance with applicable legislation, such as, having a share in the profits of a business, trading or transferring shares, obtaining sufficient Company news and information, attending the shareholders' meeting to exercise the right to vote at the shareholders' meeting to appoint or remove directors, determining the directors' remuneration, appointing auditors and determining audit fees and matters that affect the Company.

The Company provides a website that contains essential information and news, such as financial reports, annual performance, annual reports and the shareholders' meeting minutes. The Company arranges for meeting locations that are easily accessible and provide for appropriate meeting time. Shareholders are given equal opportunities to express their thoughts and ask questions during the meeting. The Company has recorded shareholder concerns, questions, comments, and suggestions in the meeting's minutes.

Chapter 01

The Rights of Shareholders



Chapter

02

Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

The Company has a policy of treating shareholders equally and facilitating their attendance, receiving information, and exercise of voting rights at shareholders' meetings. When calling for the shareholder's meeting, the Company will send an invitation letter containing the Board of Directors' opinion and supporting information for each agenda to shareholders at least 7 days prior to the meeting date. (or according to the SEC and the Stock Exchange of Thailand) Additionally, the notice of the meeting invitation is published in a newspaper at least 3 days prior to the meeting date without including the agendas that is not notified to shareholders in advance, to allow shareholders sufficient time to consider and study the information necessary to attend and vote at the meeting.

In the event that shareholders are unable to attend the meeting, they may appoint another person as proxy. This provides shareholders with an alternative choice by proposing independent directors to attend the meeting and vote in accordance with the shareholders' wishes. The approved directors' names will be provided on the proxy form attached to the invitation letter to the meeting.

The Company has been able to maintain control over the use of internal information. The Company prohibits the directors, executives, managers, and employees from exploiting non-public knowledge about the Company's stock price for personal gain and for securities trading. If the Company discovers that the shareholders, directors, executives, managers, or employees breach this prohibition, the Company will take legal action and punish violators.

Chapter

03

Roles of Stakeholders

The Company has adopted the following framework for Code of Conduct:

1. Code of Conduct for Conflicts of Interest

The Company urges directors and staff to avoid situations with conflict of interest with the Company. The details can be summarized as follows:

- Conflicts of interest includes an attempt to expose sensitive information of the Company to other parties during or after the employee's employment.
- Directors and employees must avoid having conflict of interests with the Company while engaging with the government, government agencies, trading partners, and other relevant parties.
- Directors and employees are forbidden from utilizing internal information for their personal or other's benefits.
- While employed by the Company and after termination of employment, directors and employees must refrain from disclosing information deemed confidential to the Company for the advantage of any others.
- Directors and employees of the Company shall avoid taking positions as directors or advisors of other companies that could create conflicts of interest and interfere with the Company's activities unless disclosed to the executives or shareholders of the Company (as the case may be).
- Directors and employees must use the Company's resources to the Company's maximum benefit not for their personal gain.
- Directors or employees must report the Company in writing promptly if their family members are participating in another business that could create a conflict of interest.
- Employees serving as directors or advisors in a company, organization, or other business association must not have a direct conflict of interest or execution of tasks and must first receive approval from the Board of Directors.
- Directors and employees must devote their time and attention to the Company's activities to the greatest extent possible, without performing any other work that is personal or unrelated to their duties.

2. Code of Conduct towards Shareholders

Any activities, decisions, and actions taken by the Company's directors and personnel are solely for the benefit of the shareholders.

The Company is committed to respecting shareholders' rights to acquire necessary information. The Company will provide the shareholders with timely and accurate information about the Company's management, financial condition, and performance according to the criteria set by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

At the shareholders' meeting, the Company will treat all shareholders equally.

3. Code of Conduct towards Customers

The Company strives to look for ways to meet customers' demands more efficiently and effectively at all times, and has established the following policies and procedures:

1. Delivering high-quality products and services that fulfill customer needs
2. Providing customers with accurate, sufficient, and timely information about products and services without embellishing facts that contribute to buyers' misperceptions about that product / service.
3. Dealing with consumers in a courteous, efficient, and trustworthy manner and establishing a systematic method. The customers can file complaints about a product, with appropriate time to take action and to response to the customer.
4. Maintaining the confidentiality of the customers and not using it for their personal gain or the benefit of those engaged.
5. Providing recommendations on the Company's products and services to ensure they are as effective and useful to the consumer as possible.

4. Code of Conduct towards Business Partner

The Company's products and services must be procured to the highest standards in order to preserve and establish positive and stable relationships with suppliers, government agencies, and the Company's partners. Directors and employees of the Company are forbidden from taking personal advantages from suppliers, government agencies, and the Company's partners.

5. Code of Conduct towards Trade Competitors

The Company has a policy to compete fairly with determination and tenacity. The Company will not seek competitive advantage through unlawful or immoral method as well as prohibits the stealing or utilization of sensitive commercial information or trade secrets without authorization. Furthermore, the Company prohibits deceiving or behaving in any way to induce a former or current employee of other companies to provide sensitive information to the Company.

6. Code of Conduct towards receivables

The Company has a policy of strictly adhering to the borrowing conditions set forth in the contract with all receivables.

7. Code of Conduct towards Employees

The Company shall prevent workplace accidents, injuries, and illnesses through the cooperation of all employees. The Company will never cease researching and controlling potential workplace concerns.

The Company will provide tools, equipment, and training to ensure the safety of the employees and property. In the case of an emergency or accident resulting from operations, the Company will respond promptly and effectively.

The Company shall rigorously adhere to applicable laws and regulations as well as design and perform training to ensure that all employees understand and have adequate knowledge about the workplace environment, work processes, and procedures to avoid occupational illness.

8. Code of Conduct towards Environmental Protection

The Company has a policy to conduct business according to the environmental laws and regulations.

Chapter

04

Disclosure and
Transparency

The Company has a policy of disclosing material information honestly, completely, and on a timely basis in line with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Stock Exchange of Thailand through various channels and Company website in Thai and English so that all users of information have equal access to information. In the past, the Company has disclosed information in the annual registration statement (Form 56-1) and Annual Report (Form 56-2) according to the regulations of the SEC and the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

Chapter

05

Responsibilities of
the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors has 7 members, consisting of 4 executive directors and 3 independent directors. The Board of Directors is composed of individuals who possess knowledge, abilities, experiences, and expertise in a variety of professions that are beneficial to the Company's business operations and who are qualified to serve as a director of a listed company in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and applicable law.

The Board of Directors shall establish policy, review and approve vision, mission, strategy, goals, business plans, and budgets. Furthermore, the Board of Directors shall supervise the management to ensure that the policies are implemented efficiently and effectively.

The Board of Directors is accountable for the Company's critical business activities and corporate governance, including the financial statements and financial information made public in the annual registration statement (56-1) and annual report (56-2). Such financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with Thailand's accepted accounting principles and shall be audited by a certified accountant recognized by the SEC Office, with an emphasis on selecting an appropriate accounting policy, implementing it consistently, and exercising prudent discretion. Additionally, the notes to the financial statements contain sufficient disclosure of material information.

The Board of Directors has established an effective internal control system to ensure the accuracy and completeness of accounting records and to prevent fraud or material irregularities. The Audit Committee, comprising sufficient independent and non-executive directors, is responsible for the quality of financial reports and internal control systems. Additionally, there is a supervisory and internal audit that monitors and audits the Company's various business operations to ensure compliance with official regulations and Company specifications, as well as to enable such agencies to be self-sufficient and capable of performing full checks and balances. The Internal Audit shall report directly to the Audit Committee, have effective risk management procedures in place, and conduct frequent follow-up on such problems.

Business Code of Conducts

Definition of Business Code of Conduct

Code of Conduct for Major Development Group means

Best business practices that comply to the Major Group Development's ideology, referred to as the "Code of Conduct" hereinafter.

Code of Conduct and Practices

Directors, executives and employees of Major Development Group must comply with the code of conduct and practices.

Code of Conduct

Directors, executives and employees should practice with regard to the Company, customers and consumers, business competitors, business partners, government agencies, society, environment, health, safety, anti-corruption, and Company's property and information. It is classified into 13 categories as follows,

- Section 1 Code of Conduct for the Company
- Section 2 Code of Conduct of the Board of Directors
- Section 3 Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors, Executives and Investor Relations
- Section 4 Code of Conduct for Executives
- Section 5 Code of Conduct for Supervisors, Subordinate and Co-workers
- Section 6 Code of Conduct for Employees
- Section 7 Code of Conduct for Customers and Consumers
- Section 8 Code of Conduct for Competitors
- Section 9 Code of Conduct for Business Partners
- Section 10 Code of Conduct for Government Agencies
- Section 11 Code of Conduct for Society, Environment, Health and Safety
- Section 12 Code of Conduct for Anti-Corruption and Corruption
- Section 13 Code of Conduct for Company Information and Assets

Section
01
Code of Conduct for the Company

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carrying out responsibilities responsibly to the utmost extent possible, with due consideration for truth, honesty, and the Company's interest. 2. Carrying out responsibilities by utilizing knowledge, abilities, experiences, and capabilities including the developing and improving work expertise in order to increase efficiency in terms of time and business movement. 3. Upholding the values of justice and equity, refraining from engaging in transactions that could result in a conflict of interest with the Company or its subsidiaries, and strictly adhering to the Company's applicable transactional measures and procedures. | <p>Directors, executives, or employees with conflict of interest must abstain from examining and approving the aforementioned connected transactions.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Adhering strictly to the rules governing the usage of internal information and not using the opportunity or information obtained as a director, executive, or employee for personal gain, and/or for competing enterprises or businesses affiliated to the Company and its subsidiaries. 5. Avoiding working or engaging in any personal business, whether directly or indirectly, that interferes with the Company's benefits and results in damage and disadvantage. |
|---|--|

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. Directors, executives, and employees who engage in activities or hold positions such as directors, executives, consultants, or employees in other organizations, must ensure that their activities do not create conflicts of interest with the company or its subsidiaries, either directly or indirectly, and should not impair their ability to perform their duties. 7. Maintaining the confidentiality of the Company's information, supervising | <p>the documents containing confidential information about the Company not to be published to outsiders, either directly or indirectly, which may cause damage or tarnish the reputation of the Company.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8. Shall not disclosing salary information to others, which the Company regards as sensitive information as it may affect the management. 9. Adhering strictly to the Company's rules, regulations, and policies. |
|---|---|

Section
02
Code of Conduct of the Board of Directors

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Carrying out responsibilities with honesty and integrity and refraining from obtaining benefits that conflict with the Company's and society's interests. 2. Treating employees equally, respecting employees' rights and freedoms and not discriminating on the basis of age, disability, national origin, sex, race, political beliefs, sexual orientation and religion. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Encouraging employees to improve their skills and abilities in order to grow their careers. 4. Encouraging and promoting employee to be role models for the benefit of society and the nation. 5. Committed to safety, occupational hygiene and working environment for the benefit of all employees in the Company. |
|--|---|

Section
03
Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors, Executives and Investor Relations

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Performing duties with integrity and professionalism 2. Disclosing required information completely and equality between shareholders and stakeholders 3. Providing access and inquiry channels for stakeholders 4. Maintaining the confidentiality of the Company and refraining from using inside | <p>information for personal advantage</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Shall not held meeting with investors or analysts 21 (calendar) days before the performance announcement date 6. The Board of Directors, management, and investor relations are forbidden from purchasing or selling the Company's shares 21 (calendar) days before and 1 (calendar) day after the performance announcement date |
|--|--|

Section
04
Code of Conduct for Executives

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adhering to the principles regarding to responsibility towards the public with transparency, fair and auditability. 2. Being responsible for the stakeholders from business operations 3. Being professional in operations and emphasizing the important on efficiency on their work output. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Building confidence to all stakeholders 5. Managing internal and external risks that may be from internal and external factors that are controllable or uncontrollable effectively. |
|---|---|

Section
05**Code of Conduct
for Supervisors,
Subordinate and
Co-workers**

1. Supervisors should conduct human resource management according to moral standards and listen to the opinions of subordinates and co-workers.
2. Supervisors should develop their subordinates by encouraging them to participate in training to acquire information, skills, and expertise that will enable them to work more efficiently and improve their careers.
3. Supervisors are responsible for establishing and maintaining a safe work environment and the comfort of life and property.
4. Supervisors should exercise kindness and foster a positive work environment. Supervisors should look out for their employees' well-being, quality of life with equality and fairness.
5. Supervisors should consider fairness when appointing, transferring, and rewarding employees who act in good faith and on the basis of their knowledge, competence, and suitability.
6. Supervisors should conduct themselves with dignity and serve as a good role model.
7. Subordinates should show respect to their supervisors and adhere strictly to their instructions and suggestions, avoiding any behaviors that might be considered disrespectful.
8. Subordinates must immediately notify the supervisor of any emergency, problem, or event that could result in damage to the Company in order to avert any potential damage.
9. Supervisors, subordinates, and coworkers should create and sustain positive relationships and unity among persons within and across organizations, promoting teamwork and mutual assistance.

6.1 Privacy Protection

1. All employees' rights and freedoms are respected in accordance with human rights principles to avoid infringing on their privacy.
2. Protect the privacy of personal documents relating to work, health, and medical information.
3. Employees' personal data will be disclosed or transferred only to those who have a legal or beneficial purpose to know and act in good faith, or with the employee's consent to disclose, unless it is disclosed for legal or public advantageous reasons.

6.2 Treating All Employees Equally

1. Emphasizing and recognizing human rights in accordance with human rights principles, without discriminating against anybody on the basis of physical or mental similarities or differences, color, nationality, religion, gender, age, educational institutions, or any other issue that can cause conflict.
2. The process of hiring, developing, and promoting personnel must be conducted properly and fairly.

6.3 Respecting and Combating Sexual Harassment

1. Harassment and bullying of any kind, including psychological and sexual harassment, are all forbidden.
2. Working with respects to one another by listening to others' comments when appropriate and not criticizing or imitating other people's work.

6.4 Political Actions

1. Maintaining a politically neutral stance, without endorsing any political party or candidate during corporate activity, while respecting individual political beliefs.
2. Refraining from making political comments at work or during work hours.
3. Respecting employees' right to exercise political rights, such as voting for elections etc.

6.5 Receiving or Giving Property, Presents, Keepsakes, or any other Inducement to Make a Decision

1. It is against the law to receive or give any property or benefit that could be used to reward unethical decision-making.
2. Not soliciting or providing money, property, or other benefits to business associates or any person who intends to induce or refrain from doing wrong actions (when you perform the duties of a buyer or seller of Major Development Group)
3. Ensure that throughout business operations that is no suspicions or accusations that will tarnish the Company's reputation.
4. Receiving or giving a gift or souvenir from/to a business associate is allowed in accordance with local norms and traditions. However, the present shall not be too valuable.
5. If an employee receives a gift or souvenir worth more than 1,500 Baht, the gift or souvenir must be delivered to the purchasing department so that the purchasing department can hold a drawing to distribute gifts to employees. This reduces the incentive for employees to make unfair decisions as a result of accepting gifts or souvenirs.
6. Despite the tradition of exchanging gifts on numerous occasions, it is inappropriate to give gifts to superiors or accept gifts from subordinates.
7. Keeping track of any expenditures that demonstrate the value of a present or souvenir for future reference.

Section
06**Code of
Conduct for
Employees**Section
07**Code of Conduct
for Customers and
Consumers**

1. Enhancing the quality of a product or project (residential projects, hotels) and providing high-quality services that are reasonably priced, satisfy applicable norms and specifications, and also meet the expectations of customers
2. Provide accurate and consistent information regarding housing projects and services, such as price, design, materials, construction equipment quality, and characteristics of housing project facilities, for the benefit of customers and consumers' decisions.
3. Has a system in place to regulate building standards, quality of goods and services, and the establishment and enforcement of fair contracts with customers and consumers.
4. Communicating with customers politely and with fast and efficient work that can be trusted by customers.
5. Provide fast support to handle the complaints or conflicts for the customers and consumers.
6. Educating and raising consumer and customer awareness in order to promote ethical and sustainable consumption.
7. Protecting information in order to protect customers' and consumers' rights and privacy.
8. Marketing communications, whether in the form of product display or advertising services via media such as radio, television, newspapers, or the Internet, must be true and fair to all parties.
9. Guidelines for marketing communication are evaluated and updated on a regular basis.

Section
08Code of Conduct
for Competitors

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not bullying, attacking or insulting competitors directly or indirectly, not conducting trade barrier in a way that unfairly reduces competitors' opportunities 2. Maintain relationships to competitors with carefulness because they can be customers of the Group 3. Not disclose information about the Company's pricing policies, contract terms, land location, products or projects, market research, real estate development plans, or any other | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> intellectual property or sensitive information to competitors. 4. Not infringing on the legal rights of competitors. 5. Not making any arrangements with competitors or any other party that might decrease or restrict trade competition. 6. Not obtaining sensitive information about competitors through dishonest or improper ways, and not releasing or failing to protect the Company's secrets from competitors. |
|---|--|

Section
09Code of Conduct
for Business Partners

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Procurement must adhere to and operate in compliance with the Company's rules, regulations, and policies. 2. Selecting business partners fairly by evaluating partners and/or contractual parties on the basis of their credentials, work quality, experience, past performance, and business competence, financial stability and the ability to deliver on time. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. Selecting business partners and/or contract parties that are competitive in terms of price, technology services with the records for future review. 4. Regarding recruiting, juristic persons must be recruited first unless individual expertise is required (or for the Company's business operations benefits) |
|---|---|

Section
10Code of Conduct
for Government
Agencies

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Conducting business with government agencies in an ethical manner and carrying out the duties in a direct and polite manner as with regular customers. 2. Avoiding certain activities may incentivize the state or government employees to act in a wrongful manner. 3. Abstaining from cooperating with and supporting government officials in conduct that appear to be corrupt. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Not providing presents or gifts to government officials for business purposes except for the case of tradition. The present must be of reasonable value and not excessive in accordance with accepted business practices and carried out in accordance with the limit of authority of the Company. 5. Collaborating with government agencies to support community and social initiatives. |
|---|---|

Section
11Code of Conduct
for Society,
Environment, Health
and Safety

11.1 Society and Environment

1. Support and provide necessary support to the communities surrounding the workplace in order to create jobs for the community, creating income and uplift living standards.
2. Providing opportunities for the community and stakeholders to comment on projects that may have an impact on the community, as well as any comments or complaints originating from the Company's operations.
3. Adhering to international standards or agreements on issues pertaining to the prevention or reduction of environmental damage.

4. Improving the quality of housing projects and services by mitigating negative social and environmental repercussions.
5. Product design, material selection, and manufacturing processes that promote energy efficiency and environmentally friendly products.
6. Making efficient use of natural resources and equipment.
7. Assessing the risks and implications on the environment and safety prior to investing in any business.

11.2 Health and Safety

1. Minimizing the danger of occupational hazards and ensuring that one's physical health is in good condition prior to performing work.
2. Individuals who perform work that puts their lives or health at risk must obtain information about possible dangers or hazards and adhere to Major Development Group's safety measures.
3. When operating procedures with risks, if the result is unsure, employees must stop or slowdown the operations and consult with experts immediately.
4. Notifying superiors immediately of any workplace anomalies that may jeopardize health and safety.

Section
12Code of Conduct
for Anti-Corruption
and Corruption

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Adhering to applicable rules, regulations, and codes when communicating with or conducting business with government and private agencies. 2. Recording and keeping operations procedures and documents as evidence for investigations. 3. Directors, executives, and employees are prohibited from committing any act relating | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> to corruption of any kind, whether directly or indirectly, toward government agencies or private agencies, contractors and other related contractors, whether by offering or making promises, making claims, or requesting or accepting monetary or non-monetary bribes. 4. Procurement must be transparent and verifiable, following the Company's regulatory standards. |
|---|--|

Section
13Code of Conduct
for Company
Information and
Assets

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Recording the reports, and preserves internal information accurately, completely, and factually in compliance with the Company's timeline and requirements established under the laws. 2. Utilizing electronic devices, electronic data, and various information technologies must be in line with the Company's information technology policy and laws and not for personal gain or any other political benefit. 3. Keeping passwords secure and not allowing others to use them to access the Company's information systems. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Without obtaining consent, the Company has the right to monitor the use of electronic devices, electronic data, and information technology, including data transfer and storage. 5. Ensuring that the Company's intellectual property is protected and maintained against unlawful use or distribution. 6. All works resulting from the fulfillment of responsibilities are the Company's property unless the Company has been expressly permitted to regard the work as of the thinker, inventor, researcher, or otherwise. |
|---|---|

7. Employees are responsible for safeguarding reports, internal data, formulae, statistics, programs, methods, processes, and facts that represent the Company's intellectual property.
8. Employees must return to the Company all intellectual property upon termination of employment or upon the Company's request.
9. Complying with intellectual property rules in the countries in which the Company conducts business by consulting with the Company's intellectual property experts.
10. Not disclosing internal information to outsiders or non-related parties that could affect the Company's stock price.
11. Not providing trading advice on the Company's securities unless it relates to the Company's allocated duties.
12. Employees and others who have access to confidential information are prohibited from disclosing or sending confidential information or secrets to unrelated parties, such as family members, relatives, or friends.

Complaint Policy

Major Group Development anticipates that Major Group Development's personnel will collaborate and comply with corporate governance and business ethics, as well as the Company's work practices. There is assistance available to answer queries about the Company's code of conduct and work standards. The Company provides all employees with the ability to register complaints about improper behavior or violations of the Company's Code of Conduct, as well as to asking questions at Internal Audit and Human Resources departments.

Recommendations for Dealing with Ethical and Work-Related Issues

Reporting violations or non-compliance with the Code of Conduct. Those who witness violations or non-compliance with the Code of Conduct may direct questions or concerns to the following individuals via telephone, e-mail, letter, or personal notification:

1. Director
2. Supervisor
3. Secretary of the Board of Directors
4. Director of Human Resources Department
5. Internal Audit Manager

After the complaints have been filed, the Managing Director must be notified within 24 hours. Major Development Group will conduct an investigation into any complaints as fast as possible and in the strictest confidence. Major Group Development expects employees to comply with authorized investigations into allegations of Code of Conduct and Work Conduct violations or non-compliance.

Protection and Mitigation of Damage to Whistleblowers, Complainants, and Anyone Who Assist in Reporting the Violation or Non-compliance of the Code of Conduct.

Whistleblowers, complainants or others who assist in investigations will be protected in accordance with the Company's policy. They have the option to disclose themselves. Whistleblowers, complainants or informants should make themselves available to the Company's investigators for the purpose of the investigation. The Company will treat the information reported or complained about as confidential or may release it to the extent necessary without prejudice to the whistleblowers, complainants, or others with appropriate protection. If the whistleblowers, complainants, or others believe that they are not safe, they will be adequately compensated for any damages.

Actions that Fall under the Purview of the Code of Conduct

1. Failing to comply or suggesting others not to comply with the Code of Conduct
2. Ignoring when others violate the Company's Code of Conduct
3. Failing to cooperate with an investigation of a violation of the Code of Conduct
4. Corruption at all levels of the Company
5. Failing to adhere to accounting regulations
6. Failing to comply with regulations of the Stock Exchange for staffs, managers and employees.
7. Inability to adhere to professional or industry standards.

Penalties

The Company has established the following consequences for people who violate the Code of Conduct:

1. Verbal warning
2. Written warning
3. Salary deduction or unpaid leave
4. Termination

The Company shall assess penalties in light of the severity of the offense committed, as well as the offender's history of behavior and intents, and may penalize an offender under one or more of the following items concurrently without resorting to the descending sequence specified above.

Attachment 6

Report of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of Major Development Public Company Limited consists of 3 independent directors who are qualified and experienced in law, business administration, accounting, and management with Mr. Chanin Roongsang as the chairman, Mr. Ittinant Suwanjutha and Mrs. Suparanan Tanviruch as members.

The Audit Committee has performed its duties within the scope of its power as assigned by the Board of Directors, including adhering to the charter of the Audit Committee which complies with the requirements of the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET) which has important duties such as reviewing to ensure The Company has the accurate financial reporting and adequate information disclosure and reviewing to ensure that The Company has an appropriate and sufficient internal control system. In 2022, there were a total of 5 meetings, which can be summarized as follows:

1. Review and approve the quarterly financial statements and the 2022 financial statements before proposing them to the Board of Directors for approval. The Audit Committee consulted with The Company's certified public audit to confirm the accuracy and completeness of the financial statements, important accounting adjustments, sufficiency of recording methods, audit scope account, disclosure of accurate, complete, and adequate information, and the independence of the auditor. The Audit Committee ensures that The Company's financial statement preparation process is accurate and in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards and practices consistently and such important information is disclosed in a sufficient and timely manner.
2. Review inter-company transactions, connected transactions, or transactions that may have a conflict of interest between The Company and its subsidiaries to ensure that the inter-company transactions were carried out according to normal business conditions and disclose information completely and sufficiently. The Audit Committee confirmed that The Company's inter-company transactions are appropriate and for the benefit of The Company and its shareholders.
3. Review the internal control system by considering the audit report of the internal audit department and report the observations from the auditor's audit and report to the Board of Directors to ensure that the observations on internal control are improved and corrected accurately in a timely manner. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that The Company has an internal control system that is sufficient.
4. Review the Company's compliance with relevant laws and rules, including the requirements of the Stock Exchange of Thailand, obligations that The Company has with third parties, and important transactions with related parties which are disclosed in the financial statements and remark to the financial statements according to requirements of the Stock Exchange of Thailand. The Audit Committee agrees with the auditor that the business transactions are in accordance with the agreed criteria in normal business operations.
5. Review the adequacy and suitability of the structure of the internal audit department, including considering the scope of operations, audit plan, internal audit report, and follow-up on corrections for the independence of the internal audit department. The audit operation is in accordance with the objectives and plans that establish operation methods to be in accordance with auditing standards.
6. The appointment of the auditor for the year 2023 by considering the appointment of EY Company Limited as the auditor of The Company for another year, including the auditor's remuneration for the year 2023, by proposing to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval at the shareholders' meeting for the year 2022. The Audit Committee has an opinion that The Company has prepared financial statements accurately and has good business operations with an appropriate internal control system and in compliance with laws, rules, and regulations related to business operations of The Company as well as the disclosure of inter-company transactions under good governance that emphasizes transparency and credibility.



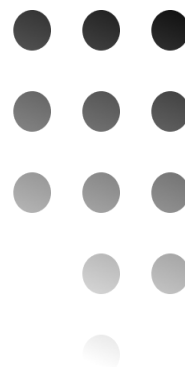
Mr. Chanin Roongsang
Chairman of the Audit Committee



MAJOR
DEVELOPMENT

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www.mjd.co.th



Annual Registration Statement / Annual Report

Form 56-1 One Report

(Structured Data Report)

MAJOR DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Fiscal Year End 31 December 2022



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Group Structure and Operations

Group Structure and Operations

Business Overview and Policies (1.1)

Company Information (1.1.5)

Company Name : MAJOR DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Symbol : MJD

Address : 141 Major Tower, 16th Floor, Soi Thonglor 10 (Sukhumvit 55),
Klongton Nua, Wattana

Province : Bangkok

Postcode : 10110

Business : The Company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the development of properties for sales and hotel business, focusing in high end condominium that emphasizes on luxurious and exclusive lifestyles.

Registration Number : 0107548000692

Telephone : 0-2030-1111

Fax (if applicable) : 0-2030-1122

Website : www.mjd.co.th

Email : ir@mjd.co.th

Total Shares Sold (shares)

Common Stock : 860,411,939

Preferred Stock : 0

Business Operations (1.2)

Revenue Structure (1.2.1)

By Product Line or Business Grouping*

	2020	2021	2022
Total (Thousand baht)	7,443,808.99	4,443,414.95	2,981,968.98
property (Thousand baht)	6,677,503.36	4,010,881.96	2,371,711.24
Hotel (Thousand baht)	155,704.07	97,989.94	177,079.59
Real Estate Management (Thousand baht)	89,924.64	96,392.38	78,885.94
Office and Commercial Area (Thousand baht)	87,946.64	92,679.94	132,740.59
Other income (Thousand baht)	432,730.28	145,470.73	221,551.62

	2020	2021	2022
Total (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
property (%)	89.71	90.27	79.54
Hotel (%)	2.09	2.21	5.94
Real Estate Management (%)	1.21	2.17	2.65
Office and Commercial Area (%)	1.18	2.09	4.45
Other income (%)	5.81	3.27	7.43

By Geographical Area or Market*

	2020	2021	2022
Total (Thousand baht)	7,443,808.99	4,443,414.95	2,981,968.98
Domestic (Thousand baht)	7,443,808.99	4,443,414.95	2,981,968.98
International (Thousand baht)	0.00	0.00	0.00

	2020	2021	2022
Total (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
Domestic (%)	100.00	100.00	100.00
International (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00

*Excluding the profit margins in the associated companies

Information on Products and Services (1.2.2)

Product/Service Information and Business Innovation Development (1.2.2.1)

Research and Development (R&D) Policy : No

(Unit : Thousand baht)	2020	2021	2022
R&D expenses in the past 3 years	0.00	0.00	0.00

Sustainable Development

Sustainable Development

Sustainability Management Policy and Targets (3.1)

Sustainability Management Policy and Targets

Corporate Sustainability Policy : No

Environmental Aspect (3.3)

Policy and Guideline on Environmental Aspect (3.3.1)

Environmental Policy and Practice : Yes

Company environmental guideline : Renewable/Clean Energy Management, Waste Management

Results with Respect to the Environmental Aspect (3.3.2)

Greenhouse gas management

• Greenhouse gas emissions

	2020	2021	2022
GHG emission target	N/A	N/A	N/A
Scope 1 (Tons of carbon dioxide equivalents)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Scope 2 (Tons of carbon dioxide equivalents)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Scope 3 (Tons of carbon dioxide equivalents)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total (Tons of carbon dioxide equivalents)	N/A	N/A	N/A

• Verification of greenhouse gas emissions over the past year

Third-party verification : No

Social Aspect (3.4)

Policy and Guideline on Social Aspect (3.4.1)

Human Rights Policy : Yes

Company human right guideline : Employee Rights, Migrant Workers, Child Labor, Consumer Rights, Community and Environment Rights, Safety and Occupational Health at Work, Non-discrimination

Results with Respect to the Social Aspect (3.4.2)

Information about employees

• Total number of employees

	2020	2021	2022
Number of male employees (persons)	394	286	287
Number of female employees (persons)	352	319	324
Total (persons)	746	605	611

• Employee remuneration

	2020	2021	2022
Employee remuneration (baht)	626,414,235.00	513,926,742.00	434,359,354.00

• Employee development and training

	2020	2021	2022
Average training hours of employees (hour / person / year)	26	26	24
Employee development and training expenses (baht)	1,704,552.35	1,714,048.00	1,102,211.00

• Health, safety and work environment

	2020	2021	2022
Number of employee work injuries leading to employee absence (times)	0	0	0

• **Employee retention**

	2020	2021	2022
Percentage of employees who voluntarily resigned (%)	32.98	46.12	51.88

• **Significant labor dispute**

	2020	2021	2022
Significant labor dispute	No	No	No

Corporate Governance Policy

Corporate Governance Policy

Overview of the Corporate Governance Policy and Guideline (6.1)

Corporate Governance Policy

Corporate Governance Policy : Yes

Policy and Guideline Related to the Board of Directors (6.1.1)

Policy and guideline related to the board of directors

Company policy and guideline : Nomination of Directors, Compensation, Independence of the Board of Directors, Director Development, Board Performance Evaluation, Corporate Governance of Subsidiaries and Associated Companies

Code of Conduct (6.2)

Establishing a Code of Conduct

Establishing a Code of Conduct

Code of Conduct : Yes

Policy and Guideline related to the Code of Conduct

Company policy and guideline : Preventing of Conflicts of Interest, Preventing the Misuse of Inside Information, Anti-corruption, Whistleblowing

**Corporate Governance Structure
and Significant Information Regarding
the Board of Directors, Subcommittees,
Management,
Employee and Other Information**

Corporate Governance Structure and Significant Information Regarding the Board of Directors, Subcommittees, Management, Employee and Other Information

Board of Directors (7.2)

Composition of the board of directors (7.2.1)

	Number of persons	Percentage (%)
Total number of directors	7	100.00
Number of male directors	3	42.86
Number of female directors	4	57.14
Number of executive directors	4	57.14
Number of non-executive directors	3	42.86
Number of independent directors	3	42.86

Information on the board of directors and persons with authority to control the company (7.2.2)

List of directors

General information	Position	Date position was assumed	Experience and expertise
1. Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS Gender: Female Age: 80 years old Highest level of education: Below a bachelor's degree Major: - Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Chairman of the board (Executive) Director type: Original director	12 May 2022	Property Development

2.	Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS Gender: Female Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Business Administration Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Executive)	2 Dec 2005	Property Development
3.	Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Doctoral degree Major: Economics Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Executive)	1 Sep 2006	Property Development
4.	Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG Gender: Male Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Political Science Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Non-executive, Independent director)	2 Dec 2005	Law, Corporate Management, Negotiation
5.	Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH Gender: Female Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Accounting Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Non-executive, Independent director)	20 Mar 2019	Corporate Management, Finance, Internal Control, Accounting, Media & Publishing

6.	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Law Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Non-executive, Independent director) Director type: Newly appointed director to replace ex-director	12 May 2022	Law, Negotiation, Corporate Management, Leadership, Strategic Management, Governance/ Compliance
7.	Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN Gender: Female Age: 53 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Economics Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Executive) Director type: Newly appointed director to replace ex-director	12 May 2022	Finance, Property Development, Economics

List of directors who resigned/vacated their position during the year

General information	Position	Tenure	Replacement Director
1. Mr. CHUMROEN POOLVORALAKS Gender: Male Age: 91 years old Highest level of education: Below a bachelor's degree Major: - Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Chairman of the board (Executive)	Date position was assumed: 2 Dec 2005 Date directorship ended: 5 May 2022	No replacement director
2. Mr. SANGUANKIAT LEWMANOMONT Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Computer Science Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Non-executive, Independent director)	Date position was assumed: 2 Dec 2005 Date directorship ended: 1 Mar 2022	No replacement director

Other Information pertaining to committees

The Chairman is an independent director : No

The Chairman and the manager are the same person : Yes

The Chairman and the manager are members of the same family : Yes

The company appoints at least one independent director to determine the agenda
of the Board of Directors' meetings : No

Sub-committees (7.3)

Information about sub-committees (7.3.2)

Audit Committee

List of audit committee members

General information	Position	Date position was assumed	Experience and expertise
1. Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG [1] Gender: Male Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Political Science Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Chairman of the audit committee (Non-executive, Independent director) Director type: Original director	2 Dec 2005	Law, Corporate Management, Negotiation
2. Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH [1] Gender: Female Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Accounting Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Audit committee (Non-executive, Independent director) Director type: Original director	20 Mar 2019	Corporate Management, Finance, Internal Control, Accounting, Media & Publishing
3. Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Law Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Audit committee (Non-executive, Independent director) Director type: Newly appointed director to replace ex-director	12 May 2022	Law, Negotiation, Corporate Management, Leadership, Strategic Management, Governance/ Compliance

[1] A director with the accounting expertise needed to review financial statements

List of audit committee who resigned/vacated their position during the year

General information	Position	Tenure	Replacement Director
1. Mr. SANGUANKIAT LEWMANOMONT Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Computer Science Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Audit committee (Non-executive, Independent director)	Date position was assumed: 2 Dec 2005 Date directorship ended: 1 Mar 2022	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA Date position was assumed: 12 May 2022

[1] A director with the accounting expertise needed to review financial statements

Executive Committee

List of executive committee members

General information	Position	Date position was assumed
1. Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS Gender: Female Age: 80 years old Highest level of education: Below a bachelor's degree Major: - Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Chairman of the executive committee	2 Dec 2005
2. Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS Gender: Female Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Business Administration Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Member of the executive committee	27 Mar 2021

3.	Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Doctoral degree Major: Economics Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Member of the executive committee	1 Sep 2006
4.	Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN Gender: Female Age: 53 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Economics Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Member of the executive committee	12 May 2022

List of executive committee members who resigned/vacated their position during the year

General information	Position	Tenure	Replacement Director
1. Mr. CHUMROEN POOLVORALAKS Gender: Male Age: 91 years old Highest level of education: Below a bachelor's degree Major: - Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Chairman of the executive committee	Date position was assumed: 2 Dec 2005 Date directorship ended: 5 May 2022	Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS Date position was assumed: 12 May 2022

Other sub-committees

Sub-committees information

Name of sub-committees	List of directors	Position
Risk Management Committee	Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS	Chairman
	Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS	Member
	Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG	Member
	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA	Member

Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG	Chairman
	Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS	Member
	Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH	Member
	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA	Member
	Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS	Member

Roles of Sub-committees

Sub-committees responsible for risk management	: Risk Management Committee
Sub-committees responsible for nomination	: Nomination and Remuneration Committee
Sub-committees responsible for remuneration	: Nomination and Remuneration Committee
Sub-committees responsible for corporate governance	: None
Sub-committees responsible for corporate sustainability development	: None

Executives (7.4)

List and positions of the executive (7.4.1)

The four highest-ranking executives

General information	Position	Date position was assumed	Experience and expertise
1. Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS Gender: Female Age: 56 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Business Administration	CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER	27 Mar 2021	Property Development
2. Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS Gender: Female Age: 80 years old Highest level of education: Below a bachelor's degree Major: -	CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE	12 May 2022	Property Development
3. Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Doctoral degree Major: Economics	MANAGING DIRECTOR	1 Sep 2006	Property Development
4. Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN [1] Gender: Female Age: 53 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Economics	Deputy Chief Executive Officer / Chief Financial Officer	12 May 2022	Finance, Property Development, Economics

[1] Highest responsibility in accounting and finance

[2] Directly responsible for financial account supervision

Remuneration policy for executives (7.4.2 – 7.4.3)

Remuneration policy for executives

Remuneration policy for executives : No

Remuneration

	2020	2021	2022
Total executive remuneration (baht)	151,863,920.58	183,836,074.74	110,666,564.70

Other forms of remuneration

Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) : No

Employee Joint Investment Program (EJIP) : No

Employees (7.5)

Information about company employees

Employees

Number of male employees (persons) : 287

Number of female employees (persons) : 324

Total (persons) : 611

Employee Remuneration

Total employee remuneration : 434,359,354.00

Provident fund

Total number of employees (persons) : 611

Number of employees contributing to the PVD (persons) : 243

Percentage of employees who are members (%) : 39.77

Performance Report on Corporate Governance

Performance Report on Corporate Governance

Summary of Director Performance (8.1)

Selection, development, and evaluation of duty performance of the Board of Directors (8.1.1)

List of new directors appointed in the past year

• List of newly appointed director to replace the ex-director

General information	Position	Date position was assumed	Experience and expertise
1. Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA Gender: Male Age: 47 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Law Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Non-executive, Independent director) Director type: Newly appointed director to replace ex-director	Date position was assumed: 12 May 2022	Law, Negotiation, Corporate Management, Leadership, Strategic Management, Governance/ Compliance
2. Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN Gender: Female Age: 53 years old Highest level of education: Master's degree Major: Economics Thai nationality: Yes Residing in Thailand: Yes	Director (Executive) Director type: Newly appointed director to replace ex-director	Date position was assumed: 12 May 2022	Finance, Property Development, Economics

Development of directors over the past year

List of directors	Position	Participated in director development program
Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS	Chairman of the board	Non-participating
Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS	Director	Non-participating
Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS	Director	Non-participating

Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG	Director	Non-participating
Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH	Director	Non-participating
Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA	Director	Non-participating
Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN	Director	Non-participating
Mr. CHUMROEN POOLVORALAKS	Chairman of the board	Non-participating
Mr. SANGUANKIAT LEWMANOMONT	Director	Non-participating

Directors' performance assessment

Method used to evaluate directors' performance : Whole-board-of-directors assessment, Individual-director assessment (self-assessment)

Meeting attendance and remuneration to each Board member (8.1.2)

Meeting attendance of the board of directors

Number of board meetings (times) : 6
Date of AGM meeting : 27 Apr 2022
EGM meeting : No

List of directors	Termination date	Number of Board Meeting	AGM meetings	EGM meetings
1. Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS (Chairman of the board)	-	0/6	Non-participating	Did not hold the meeting
2. Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS (Director)	-	6/6	Participating	Did not hold the meeting
3. Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS (Director)	-	6/6	Participating	Did not hold the meeting
4. Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG (Director)	-	6/6	Participating	Did not hold the meeting
5. Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH (Director)	-	6/6	Participating	Did not hold the meeting

6.	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA (Director)	-	3/5	Non-participating	Did not hold the meeting
7.	Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN (Director)	-	4/5	Non-participating	Did not hold the meeting
8.	Mr. CHUMROEN POOLVORALAKS (Chairman of the board)	5 May 2022	0/1	Non-participating	Did not hold the meeting
9.	Mr. SANGUANKIAT LEWMANOMONT (Director)	1 Mar 2022	1/1	Non-participating	Did not hold the meeting

Remuneration for company directors

	List of directors	Termination date	Meeting allowance (baht)	Other monetary remuneration (baht)	Other non- monetary
1.	Mrs. PRATHIN POOLVORALAKS (Chairman of the board)	-	0.00	218,220.00	No
2.	Ms. PETRADA POOLVORALAKS (Director)	-	0.00	180,000.00	No
3.	Mr. SURIYA POOLVORALAKS (Director)	-	0.00	180,000.00	No
4.	Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG (Director)	-	120,000.00	240,000.00	No
5.	Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH (Director)	-	120,000.00	180,000.00	No
6.	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA (Director)	-	70,000.00	114,680.00	No
7.	Ms. NATHA KITTIKSORN (Director)	-	0.00	114,680.00	No
8.	Mr. CHUMROEN POOLVORALAKS (Chairman of the board)	5 May 2022	0.00	60,000.00	No
9.	Mr. SANGUANKIAT LEWMANOMONT (Director)	1 Mar 2022	20,000.00	45,000.00	No

Report on the Audit Committee's Performance for the Past Year (8.2)

Report on the audit committee's performance for the past year

Meeting attendance of audit committee

Number of Audit committee meetings (times) : 5

	List of directors	Termination date	Number of the audit committee meeting
1.	Mr. CHANIN ROONGSANG (Chairman of the audit committee)	-	5/5
2.	Mrs. SUPARANAN TANVIRUCH (Audit committee)	-	5/5
3.	Mr. ITTINANT SUWANJUTHA (Audit committee)	-	3/3
4.	Mr. SANGUANKIAT LEWMANOMONT (Audit committee)	1 Mar 2022	1/1